

# THE NAPANEE

Vol. XL] No. 20—JNO. POLLARD, Editor and Publisher.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—1

## How is it in Business?

Does the half hearted merchant or store get along—the store that stops at difficulties? Or the store that does whatever it starts out to do?

But the "doing things" requires co-operation. Store-keeping is like a battle: the general makes his people carry them out. Whatever measure of success has come to this store is due very largely to the co-operation of our employees.

We are generals and yet privates. We give orders and we receive them—both must be obeyed. Even Grant with all his power said: "No theory of my own shall ever stand in the way of my executing in faith any order I may receive from those in authority over me."

It's the secret of life: plan carefully; then let nothing stop you from carrying those plans to the very end.

### Spring and Summer Fabric Gloves. Two Snaps in Wash Dress Goods.

It is so easy to get of what you want now while the stock is at its best.  
Black and Tan Lisle, all sizes, 10c. pair.  
Black, Tan and White Taffeta, 25c. pair.  
Black, Tan, White Kid finished Lisle, 2 Dome Fasteners, 45c. pair.  
Black, Grey, White, Tan, Blue, all Silk, at 25c., 35c., and 50c. a pair.  
Sporting Gloves, driving, bicycling, etc., canvas backs and Lisle face, Fawn shades, 25c. pair.

We had several broken lines of Ginghams, Ducks, Sateen, Zephyrs selling at 12½, 15 and 25 cts. We have placed them out on a clear at 10c. a yard.

Another bargain we were able to get for you is a line of A Percales one yard wide, worth 12½c. for 8½c. a yard.

### Kid Gloves.

Fownes celebrated make is the glove that has sustained our reputation for keeping the best Kid Gloves. We guarantee every pair of this make.

ANDREY is the glove that we selected from fifty or more makes as being the pick of the lot for us to sell at \$1.00 a pair, Black and Colors.

ROUQUAINE is the glove that we selected from an equally large assortment for us to sell at \$1.25 a pair, Black and Colors.

### On Our Under Priced Table—

We have placed about one hundred ends of Bleached Sheetings. Most of them are 2 and 2½ yds. wide. They are worth on an average 25 cts. yd. You may have your choice at 15 cts. a yard. First choice the best.

### Novelties for the Summer Girl.

At the Haberdashery Counter you will find lots of new arrivals. We mention a few.

#### THE PAN AMERICAN CHATELAIN BAGS

Black leather with clamp to fasten on belt, 25c. and 50c. Tan and Grey leather, Oxidized chain and clamp to fasten on belt 90 cts.

#### MARIE ANTOINETTE BUCKLES,

That produce the new "Dip" effect. Gold at 15c., 20c., 25c., 50c., each. Silver at 20c. each.

#### LORRAINE GOLD LOOP,

One of the handiest attachments for making ribbon belts, can be used with any width ribbon 25c. each.

#### BLACK PATENT LEATHER BELTS,

### Special for the Millinery Department.

On Saturday morning and the following week we will have four lines of Trimmed hats on sale. They are well made and show the latest in Millinery and the exclusive designs of our own artists.

This is a splendid chance to secure a pretty Summer Hat at a low price.

Four special prices—\$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00 and \$4.00. Come and see.

### Men's Furnishings.

Men's Fine Elastic Web Suspenders, mohair ends, snap buckle latest patterns at 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c. and 50c. per pair.

Men's Fine All Wool Black and Heather Mixed Bicycle Hose Roll tops, spliced heel and toe special per pair, 50c.

Men's Extra Fine Brown Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, fine Sateen finish, pearl buttons, 50c. a garment or \$1.00 per suit.

Men's Brown Tweed Bicycle Suits, cut sacque style, well finished \$3.50 for suit.

Men's and Boys' Bicycle Pants, checked tweed and Shepherd's patterns \$1.00, \$1.75, and \$4.00 per pair.

### Men's Smocks and Overalls.

Men's Navy Blue Overalls, well made, with or without bib, per pair.  
Men's Navy Blue Denim Smocks, full sized, made to button tight neck, 50c.

mention a few.

### THE PAN AMERICAN CHATELAINE BAGS

Black leather with clamp to fasten on belt, 25c. and 50c. Tan and Grey leather, Oxidized chain and clamp to fasten on belt 90 cts.

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### LORRAINE GOLD LOOP,

One of the handiest attachments for making ribbon belts, can be used with any width ribbon 25c. each.

### BLACK PATENT LEATHER BELTS,

Cut in the new way 20c., 25c., and 40c.

### BLACK JET BELTS

Made on stout elastic very bright at 50c.

### UNDRESSED LEATHER BELTS,

In the new "Dip" styles, Black, Tan, Greys, 50 cts.

### CHENILLE TIES,

The latest idea in Black, Purple, Pink, White, Chenille with Silver Spikes, 50c.

## THE PROGRESSIVE DRY GOODS STORE.

# THE ROBINSON COMPANY

The Always Busy St

## CLEARING SALE of Groceries, Crockery and Glassware.

AT ACTUAL COST AND UNDER. Any line in my store. I only ask you to inspect my stock, and you will be surprised at the bargains I am offering you. 24 lbs canary yellow sugar for \$1.00, 20 lbs extra granulated sugar for \$1.00, 12 lbs rolled oat for 25c, 10 lbs rolled wheat for 25c, two packages swiss food for 25c, three packages banner cats for 25c, three lbs silver gloss starch for 21c, six lb tin silver gloss starch for 42c, St. Lawrence white starch at 5c, four packages silver dust washing powder for 25c, 5c package gold dust washing powder for 4c, 25c package baking powder for 13c, 3 boxes matches for 25c, 20c Japan tea for 10c 25c Japan tea for 15c 35c Japan tea for 20c, or 6 lbs for \$1.00. Try my Ceylon and basket fired blend at 30c, good value at 40c. Come early and have the first selection. Terms strictly cash.

## WM. COXALL,

### FARMERS ATTENTION

Bring your FUR COATS to

### M. B. MILLS

and have the ribs sewed up, the linings renewed, and bare spots in the fur replaced. It will improve your looks—your comfort, and keep the coat from going to rack before it should be half worn out.

All other fur work made new or repaired

### A NUMBER OF COON SKINS WANTED.

OFFICE on Centre Street, across from Carscallen Bros.

## SEEDS

### FIELD and GARDEN SEEDS.

in endless variety, and at the lowest possible prices, at

## SYMINGTON'S

Pictou will celebrate Victoria Day, May 24th. Horse races will be the chief attraction.

**WANTED**  
**DEKINS** Hides,  
Wool,  
Furs, etc  
**JOHN MCKAY,** Market Square,  
Kingston, Napanee.

### IN THE MATTER OF THE ADDING- TON HORSE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED. IN LIQUIDATION.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 222, R. S. O., 1897, Section 10, that all persons having claims against the Addington Horse Association Limited, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to Hiram Keech, Tamworth Post Office, Ontario, Liquidator of said Association, on or before the 1st day of June A. D., 1901, their names addresses and descriptions with full particulars of their claims duly verified and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.

And further take notice that after the said first day of June next the said liquidator will proceed to distribute the assets of said Association among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said liquidator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to be distributed to any person or persons of whose claim or claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

**HIRAM KEECH,**  
Liquidator.

Dated April 2th 1901.

The valuable entire horse "KARON" will be sold by public auction at Tamworth, on Tuesday, April 30th, at 2:30 p.m. All accounts due The Addington Horse Association must be paid forthwith.

**HIRAM KEECH,**  
Liquidator.

Mr. Herb. Daly has purchased a fine team of black horses, to be used in the tea business.

Men's Extra Fine Brown Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, f Sateen finish, pearl buttons, 50c. a garment or \$1.00 per suit.

Men's Brown Tweed Bicycle Suits, cut sacque style, well finished \$3.50 for suit.

Men's and Boys' Bicycle Pants, checked tweed and Shepherd patterns \$1.00, \$1.75, and \$4.00 per pair.

## Men's Smocks and Overalls.

Men's Navy Blue Overalls, well made, with or without bib, per  
Men's Navy Blue Denim Smocks, full sized, made to button tight neck, 50c.

Men's Slate Overalls, with or without bibs, extra heavy quilt pair, 75c.

Men's Slate Smocks each 75c.

Men's Oxford Grey Overalls of an extra good quality of J special value, per pair 75c.

Men's 8 oz. Blue Denim Overalls, with or without bibs, the best of material, per pair 90c.

Men's Gold Back Blue Denim Smocks, 90c.

Men's Mole Skin Twsed Pants all sizes, made well throughout pockets, an extra good seller, per pair, \$1.00.

### THE RAINBOW.

An envious cloud, 'puffed up with pride,  
Saw the sun's face and thought to hide

His beaming smile from sight;  
Millions of miles below would stand,  
Hinder his rays from falling, and  
Transform day into night.

The sun moved on majestic, slow,  
Smiled as before, nor seemed to know  
The irate cloud was there;  
She darkly frowned, impassioned wept,  
A storm of grief her bosom swept,  
Of anger, and despair.

Then glancing 'round, despite her woe,  
Sees the resplendent, gorgeous bow,  
'(Twixt heaven and earth a sign)  
Offspring of smile and glittering tear,  
A token for each coming year,  
And placed by hand divine.

—E. E. M.

### LAPUM'S WEST.

We are very sorry to have to chronicle the death of one of our most respected residents in the person of Mr. Titus B. Ham, who died last Sunday morning at the age of seventy-four years. Deceased had been in failing health for about two years, but had only been confined to the house for the last few weeks. He leaves a wife and three sons to mourn his loss. The funeral took place from his late residence here on Wednesday morning at ten o'clock, after which the remains were interred in Wilton Methodist cemetery. The service was conducted by the Rev. D. C. Day, of Wilton.

**TO THE DEAF.**—A rich lady, cured of her Deafness and Noises in the Head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, has sent \$1,000 to his Institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the Ear Drums may have them free. Apply to Department A. W. G. The Institute, 780, Eight Avenue New York, U. S. A. 24-1-y.

### MARLBANK.

Mr. Geo. Dale opened up his meat market on Saturday fast in the shop opposite Adams' grocery. We wish him success.

On Wednesday evening last the sidewalk spanning the canal at the west side of the bridge mysteriously gave way and fell into the canal. We were unable to ascertain whether its collapse was caused by a pedestrian jam or a jam by a pedestrian. Never-

theless the fall came and on the following day the Queen street s with an assistant, rebuilt it in that it will be more safe for traffic.

Some stories have been afloat the visit of one of our neighboring village in reference supposed love entanglement with daughter of that place. However people here shudder at the bare such a rumor, but not even the curious would dare to question gentleman himself as to the truth of the reports.

The remains of the late Mr. well Marlin were removed from vault at Tamworth on Tuesday week and interred in the Buncl cemetery.

A. N. Allan is cleaning up the in front of one of his tenement an example which should be followed by a number of others.

Lafountain—In Marlbank, on day, April 28, 1901, to Mr. Alfred Zed Lafountain, a daughter.

One of the prettiest bits of animal we have seen portrayed for a long time in Mr. Wm. Davenport Hulbert's "The Deer," in McClure's Magazine. It is a fawn which is depicted "To see the baby promenading down the shore, with his mother on, was one of the prettiest and pleasant sights in all the wilderness. The color of his coat was a bright bay or what like the summer dress which wore, but deeper and richer and somer, and with pure white spots in irregular rows all along his back and sides. He was so splendidly polished that he fairly glistened in shine, like a well-groomed horse; dark eyes were brighter than a girl's first ball; and his ears were almost as a mule's, and a million times as But best and most beautiful of all marvelous life and grace and spirit pose and motion. When he was slender head and neck were thrust at every step with the daintiest imaginable, and his tiny points touched the ground so lightly, away again so quickly, that you knew what they had done. If startled he would stamp his forefeet on the hard sand, and toss his head with an expression that was not of alertness, and even defiance. A he leaped and ran—but there's no trying to describe that."



# THE NEE EXPRESS.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

CANADA—FRIDAY, MAY 3rd, 1901.

3?

t difficulties? Or is it  
eneral makes his plans,  
y largely to the faithful  
both must be obeyed.  
of my executing in good  
e plans to the very end.

Dress Goods.  
inghams, Ducks, Sateens, and  
ave placed them out on tables to  
for you is a line of American  
yard.

tery  
g week we will have four special  
made and show the latest ideas  
wn artists.  
retty Summer Hat at about half  
and \$4.00. Come and see them.

chair ends, snap buckle, all the  
per pair.  
er Mixed Bicycle Hose, Fancy  
50c.  
Shirts and Drawers, fine twill  
\$1.00 per suit.  
cut sacque style, well cut and  
d tweed and Shepherd's Plaid

Overalls.  
with or without bib, per pair 50c.  
red, made to button tight around

## BILL OF THE PLAY.

James A. Herne will take "Shore Acres" to London next summer.

A West African gold mine has yielded \$75,000 for Mrs. James Brown Potter.

Frank Bangs is shortly to celebrate his fiftieth year of stage life by a family reunion.

Eugene Presbrey has disposed of a play of rural life, called "New England Folks," for next season.

The Earl of Yarmouth is to star in "The Councilor's Wife," a play that has been used by Henry Miller.

Mme. Bernhardt is the only actress speaking a foreign language who ever made money for her managers in this country.

Eleanora Duse, the great Italian tragedienne, is having Mrs. Fiske's version of "Tess of the d'Urbervilles" translated into Italian.

Joseph Jefferson's fortune has mainly been accumulated from a version of "Rip Van Winkle" for which he paid \$500 to Dion Boucicault.

It is said that Sothorn has denounced as ungentlemanly the conduct of a Chicago professor of literature who spoke of his Hamlet as resembling the work of a "vaudeville contortionist."

W. H. West takes credit for giving the first minstrel performance of the twentieth century. The performance took place shortly after 12 o'clock on Jan. 1 at the Auditorium in Philadelphia.

Gerhart Hauptmann's latest play, "Michael Kramer," was produced recently at the Deutsches theater, Berlin. It was a failure. It is a somber story, and the great feature is a funeral oration.

Eleanor Robson, who has scored a hit in "Arizona," and who is to be put into support of Mrs. Le Moyne in the latter's forthcoming tour in a repertory of Browning plays, is the daughter of Midge Carr Cook.

## GLEANINGS.

France has 22 organ manufactories.

Thet is larger than France, Germany and Spain combined and has a population of 6,000,000.

In Bohemia 63 nobles own the bulk of the country. None of their estates are less than 12,000 acres.

According to recent statistics, there is one man in about 500 in the United States who receives a college training.

The Nile is noted for the variety of its fish. An expedition sent by the British museum brought home 2,200 specimens.

Eighteen states and one territory now have valued policy laws—that is, laws requiring fire insurance companies to pay the face of the policy, no matter what may be the actual value of the property burned.

The lowest bidder for the contract of furnishing seeds for congressional distribution during the fiscal year 1902 received by the agricultural department was the New York Market Garden association at \$160,155.

A man charged at a London police court the other day with being drunk and disorderly pleaded in his defense that his real intention when he bought the whisky was to poison himself in the pleasantest possible manner.

The daily population of the Equitable

## BEFORE YOU BUY YOUR

Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Etc.,  
Call and see our stock. Also dealers in Coal, Salt, Land Plaster  
Portland Cement, Mill Wood, Cordwood, etc.

## THE RATHBUN COMPANY.

We DO NOT measure the tongue on our matched lumber or siding.

## ROSS HIGH GRADE CEYLON TEA.

We have made arrangements to serve this delicious  
beverage FREE at our store during the week beginning

MAY 6th, 1901

Come and see the Oriental Exhibit.

J. F. SMITH.

## PERSONALS.

Mr. Douglas McIntyre made a trip to Kingston on Wednesday.

Rev. H. I. Allen and Mrs. Allen and son left on Tuesday for Ottawa, where they will reside.

Rev. G. W. Swayne, of Selby, has been promoted to the parish of Kittley, in the County of Leeds, after five years of successful work in the parish of Selby.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Collier, of Newburgh, spent Sunday last in town.

Mrs. G. W. Shibley and son Morley, of Picton, were in town a few days this week.

Misses Rosa and Rhoda Jackson left on Sunday to join their parents in Buffalo.

Mrs. J. A. Fralick returned last week from spending the winter in Massachusetts.

Mrs. N. Charade and family left on Saturday last to join her husband in Montreal.

Mr. John G. Daly left on Tuesday for Brandon, Man.

Miss Grace Harrison left on Wednesday with her brother Allan, for Norwood, where she will reside.

Mr. J. Rud Perry and daughter spent Sunday with Mrs. Alfred Rendell, Gosport.

W. S. Herrington, K. C., was attending the assizes at Perth on Monday.

Mr. J. J. Kerr and family will leave shortly for Niagara Falls, where he will conduct a dry goods store.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Wales, of Newburgh, N. Y., were spending a few days in town this week renewing acquaintances.

Mr. Elliott Vanalstine, who has been spending the winter in Chicago, attending the Dental College, is home for the summer.

Mr. Joseph Sproule, of Odessa, was in town on Wednesday and gave us a call.

Mr. J. M. Smith, of Tamworth, license inspector for Addington, was in town on Wednesday.

Mr. Manly Jones, Richmond, has pur-

## BY BABY'S GRAVE.

(Suggested by an extract from a Sermon.)

A grey old church, a gurgling rill,  
A grassy slope, a hawthorn tree!  
A sunny grave, on hillock green,  
Holds all of earth most dear to me:  
Speak not of reason holding sway,  
Let but the wild heart have its way.

Thither I hasten oft and feel,  
In sweet delirium of love,  
That patting the soft grass conveys  
A message to my sleeping dove:  
A dew-drop to the sun was borne—  
My heart's the ground whence tree was torn.

Such power as thy unconscious self,  
Child of my heart! no poet hath;  
Would I could feel thy loving kiss,  
See thy bright eyes light up my path!  
Here, nevermore—but from above  
Cometh the whisper, "God is love."  
—E. E. M.

## SPRING ASSIZES.

Lanphier vs. Stafford—Mrs. John Lanphier, near Empey Hill, 4th concession of Richmond, laid an action against Miles Stafford, who owns a farm on the next concession, for digging a drain from his swamp and draining the water on her land, thus tending to flood and injure it. Defendant claims that he went according to the instructions of W. R. Aylsworth, C. E., who was appointed to investigate the matter by the municipality. Plaintiff claims that the award was illegal. Judge reserved his decision. Deroche & Madden for plff., assisted by A. B. Aylsworth, K. C.; J. English for def., assisted by B. M. Britton, K. C., M. P.; of Kingston.

Asselstine vs. Frink—action on mortgage and collateral agreements to recover on an alleged default by defendant. Plaintiff is a resident of Ernestown, as also is defendant. Judgment reserved. A. B. Aylsworth, K. C. and H. M. Deroche, K. C. for plff.; W. S. Herrington, K. C.

Shirts and Drawers, fine twill \$1.00 per suit.  
cut sacque style, well cut and  
d tweed and Shepherd's Plaid

Overalls.

with or without bib, per pair 50c.  
zed, made to button tight around  
t bibs, extra heavy quality per  
tra good quality of Jean, very  
or without bibs, the best quality  
De.  
, made well throughout, strong

he Always Busy Store.

s the fall came and on the follow-  
y the Queen street surveyor,  
an assistant, rebuilt it in a way  
will be more safe for travel.  
e stories have been afloat since  
isit of on; of our gentry to a  
poring village in reference to a  
sed love entanglement with a fair  
ter of that place. However, the  
here shudder at the bare idea of  
umor, but not even the most s  
would dare to question the  
man himself as to the truth of  
ports.  
remains of the late Mrs. Max-  
Marlin were removed from the  
at Tamworth on Tuesday of last  
and interred in the Bunker Hill  
rv.  
T. Allan is cleaning up the street  
nt of one of his tenement houses,  
uple which should be followed  
number of others.  
ountain—In Marlbank, on Sun-  
April 28, 1901, to Mr. and Mrs.  
afountain, a daughter.

of the prettiest bits of animal life  
een seen portrayed for a long time is  
Wm. Davenport Hulbert's article,  
Deer," in McClure's Magazine for  
It is a fawn which he is describing:  
ee the baby promenading up and  
the shore, with his mother looking  
s one of the prettiest and pleasantest  
in all the wilderness. The ground  
f his coat was a bright bay red some-  
like the summer dress which the doe  
but deeper and richer and hand-  
and with pure white spots arranged  
egular rows all along his neck and  
and sides. He was so sleek and  
ed that he fairly glistened in the sun-  
like a well-groomed horse; his great  
yes were brighter than a girl's at her  
all; and his ears were almost as big  
rule's, and a million times as pretty.  
est and most beautiful of all was the  
lous life and grace and spirit of every  
nd motion. When he walked, his  
r head and neck were thrust forward  
ery step with the daintiest gesture  
noble, and his tiny pointed hoofs  
ed the ground so lightly, and were  
again so quickly, that you hardly  
what they had done. If he was  
ed he would stamp his fore foot on  
ard sand, and toss his head in the air  
an expression that was not fear, but  
ees, and even defiance. And when  
ped and ran—but there's no use in  
g to describe that."

have valued laws—laws that is, laws re-  
quiring fire insurance companies to pay  
the face of the policy, no matter what  
may be the actual value of the property  
burned.  
The lowest bidder for the contract of  
furnishing seeds for congressional dis-  
tribution during the fiscal year 1902 re-  
ceived by the agricultural department  
was the New York Market Garden asso-  
ciation at \$160,155.  
A man charged at a London police  
court the other day with being drunk  
and disorderly pleaded in his defense  
that his real intention when he bought  
the whisky was to poison himself in the  
pleasantest possible manner.  
The daily population of the Equitable  
building in New York is 3,100, and the  
mail averages about 18,000 pieces a day.  
Every 45 minutes mail wagons run over  
from the postoffice and carry back with  
them 75 pounds of outgoing mail.

A Disillusion.

He was a youth of callow age;  
His love for ladies of the stage  
Had this to savor it:  
His heart sang to a happy rhyme,  
That with an actress for a time  
He'd been a favorite.

Though she was thirty years or more,  
And he'd but rounded out a score,  
His introspection  
Decided him that he had won  
A place he could depend upon  
In her affection.

Alas, said she, in artless way:  
"I've a boy's part in the new play;  
And, since I knew you,  
I've carefully been watching you  
And studying all you say and do.  
You don't mind, do you?"

—Exchange.

HONOR ROLL FOR APRIL.

WEST WARD.

Entrance (A)—K Cowan, M Briggs, K  
Bartlett, R Jennings, R Guess, W Kenny,  
M Leonard, C Vandervoort, G McLean, A  
Rockwell, L Vanaalstine, M Smith, C Ford,  
L Hall.  
Entrance (B)—M Hall, B Madden, H  
Preston, H Ruttan, R Joy, W Stark, H  
Parks, A Gibson, E Vanaalstine.  
Jr. IV—W Bennett, I Woodcock, F Fos-  
ter, H Benson, G Smith, B Lindsay, H  
Pruyn, R Daly, C McIntyre, I McKim, M  
Vanaalstine, K Vine, L Savage, P Meeks, S  
Brown, E Bartlett, M Norris.  
Sr. III—H Goode, K Johnston, V Vande-  
voort, E Anderson, A Paul, F Briggs, L  
Morden, L Plumley, H Baker, A Walsh, P  
Vanaalstine, B Wager, F Freeman, R Davis,  
O Smith, H Herrington, G O'Beirne, W  
Templeton, E Hinch.  
Jr. III—J Loucks, M Vrooman, H Glee-  
son, P Spencer, W Buchanan, M Wilson,  
D Tobey, H Steacy, L McConkey, M Mil-  
ler, N Smith, M Johnson, H Gibbard, H  
Howard, S Bartlett, A Preston, A Holmes,  
F Freeman, W Tobey, G Aney.  
Sr. II—A Storms, S Peterson, A Kim-  
merly, F Bartlett, I Briggs, H Storms, H  
Leonard, W Hearn, G Moore, M Foster, O  
Madden, C Moore, S McGuinness, H Howell,  
A McKim, O Shannon, L Herrington, E  
Charade.  
Jr. II (A)—N Gibson, C Hearn, M  
Powell, N Johnston, J Gibson, V Vanaal-  
stine, E Douglas, A Walker, E Johnston, J  
Murphy, W Stark.  
Jr. II (B)—M Tramley, J Websdale, F  
Mills, J McConkey, C Wilson.  
Sr. Pt. II—H Hearn, F Savage, N  
Powell, H Wilson, D Gibson.  
Jr. Pt. II—M Nolan, A Brown, L Scott,  
A Moore.  
Sr. I—B Bennett, F Brown, E Davis, M  
Gibson, R Johnston, J Wilson.

EAST WARD.

Jr. III—W Craig, L Root, O McMillan,  
F Bland, H Williams, M Bell, M Paul, L  
Kinkley, P Bland, W Sampson, A Walker,  
C Keely, W Wilson, O Keely, C Loucks.  
Jr. II—V McLaughlin, M Armstrong, L  
Sheppard, R Conger, W Meagher, R  
Craig, J Vine.  
Sr. Pt. II—G. Vandewaters, G Dryden,  
B Conger, M Trumppor, E Vine, L Gra-  
ham, G Oliver, A Switzer, E. Loucks, P  
Laidley.  
Jr. Pt. II—G Keely, A Cowan, G Ward,  
E Vanvalkenburgh, D Morden, M Hurst,  
M Paul, M Loucks, G Dickinson, P Giroux.

the seizures at Perth on Monday.  
Mr. J. J. Kerr and family will leave  
shortly for Niagara Falls, where he will  
conduct a dry goods store.  
Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Wales, of New-  
burgh, N. Y., were spending a few days  
in town this week renewing acquaintances.  
Mr. Elliott Vanaalstine, who has been  
spending the winter in Chicago, attending  
the Dental College, is home for the sum-  
mer.  
Mr. Joseph Sproule, of Odessa, was in  
town on Wednesday and gave us a call.  
Mr. J. M. Smith, of Tamworth, license  
inspector for Addington, was in town on  
Wednesday.  
Mr. Manly Jones, Richmond, has pur-  
chased Mr. Milton Jackson's residence,  
Centre street.  
Mrs. Adelia Empey, of Ottawa, was in  
town on Saturday attending the funeral of  
her mother, the late Mrs. Roba Harris.  
Miss Ethel Scott, of Prescott, who has  
been spending a few days in town the  
guest of Miss Annie Rankin, returned  
home on Monday.  
Mrs. Wm. Butland, of Cleveland, O., is  
visiting her daughter, Mrs. Frank H.  
Stevens, Thomas street.

Since the removal of the family to Mon-  
treal, Helen the youngest daughter of Mr.  
and Mrs. Charade, has been suffering from  
a severe attack of scarlet fever.  
Dr. O'Scar Daly, of Kingston, was in  
town on Sunday.  
Mrs. Wm. Mace and Miss Mace, of  
Tamworth, were calling on friends in  
town on Friday.  
Mr. Hiram Walker, of Wilton, was in  
town on Saturday.  
Mr. Lewis Clement, of Moscow, spent  
Saturday in Napanee.  
Mrs. C. H. Finkle, of Newburgh, was in  
town on Saturday.  
Mr. B. S. O'Loughlin, of Yarker, was in  
town on Saturday.  
Warner Eakins, of Toronto, is spending  
a few days in Napanee visiting friends.  
Mr. C. B. Loyst, of Marlbank, was in  
town on Tuesday.  
Warner Eakins and Douglas McIntyre  
made a trip to Selby on Monday.  
Mr. M. T. Vanslyck has purchased Chas.  
James' property on East street.  
Mr. Hazzard is moving into the brick  
house on East street, opposite Mr. Miller's.  
C. D. Wagar, Esq., of Enterprise, was in  
town on Thursday.  
John Taylor, Esq., of Belleville, was in  
town on Wednesday and Thursday.  
Mr. Thomas Fairfield and Miss Maria  
Fairfield, of Mill Haven, were calling on  
friends in Napanee on Tuesday.  
Stewart Birrell, son of Mr. Jas. Birrell  
still continues in a very low condition.  
Mr. Frank McCoy left on Wednesday,  
for Montreal.  
D. H. Preston, K.C., has been confined  
to the house for the past week with an  
attack of appendicitis.  
Mr. F. W. Vandusen was in Kingston on  
Thursday.

Mrs. Twining spent a few days in  
Picton this week the guest of her sister,  
Mrs. G. W. Morden.  
Mr. John T. Hill is the guest of Mrs.  
Chas. Bartlett.  
Mrs. John R. Scott, visiting her mother  
for a few days this week, received news on  
Monday last that their cosy home near  
Niagara-on-the-Lake, was burned to the  
ground on Sunday night with all the con-  
tents. The fire occurred while the family  
were at church.

A. S. Kimmerly is selling immense  
quantities choice Timothy, Clover, Alfalfa,  
Alsike, Vetches and all kinds of garden  
seeds. Bran and Shorts always in stock.  
25 lbs. Sugar \$1. 5 packages Corn Starch  
25c. 5 lbs. Laundry Starch 25c. Patent  
medicines cheaper again—Ozone 85c bottle,  
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills 3 boxes \$1,  
Paine's Celery Compound 85c.

Children Cry for  
CASTORIA.

cession, for digging a drain from his swamp  
and draining the water on her land, thus  
tending to flood and injure it. Defendant  
claims that he went according to the in-  
structions of W. R. Aylsworth, C. E.,  
who was appointed to investigate the  
matter by the municipality. Plaintiff  
claims that the award was illegal. Judge  
reserved his decision. Deroche & Madden  
for pltt., assisted by A. B. Aylsworth,  
K. C. J. English for def., assisted by  
B. M. Britton, K. C., M. P.; of Kingston.

Asselstine vs. Frink—action on mortgage  
and collateral agreements to recover on  
an alleged default by defendant. Plaintiff  
is a resident of Ernestown, as also is  
defendant. Judgment reserved. A. B.  
Aylsworth, K. C. and H. M. Deroche, K.  
C., for plff.; W. S. Herrington, K. C.,  
and W. G. Wilson for def.

Magee vs. Magee—A South Fredericks-  
burgh case. The plaintiff, Robt Magee,  
made a division of his property to his sons.  
He now desires a change of former arrange-  
ment with his son Joseph, and entered an  
action for that purpose. Settled without  
trial. Agreed that defendant shall pay  
plaintiff \$200, and each pay his own costs.  
John English and B. M. Britton, M. P.,  
for plff.; Deroche & Madden and A. B.  
Aylsworth, for def.

Grange vs. Toronto General Trust Cor-  
poration—Mr. Hugh Grange, plaintiff,  
claims the rendering of an account in  
regard to the management of the Grange  
estate at Napanee, in which he has an  
interest. Judgment reserved. W. S.  
Herrington, K. C., for plff.; A. B. Ayls-  
worth, K. C., for def. Court adjourned.

BIRTHS.

LAFOUNTAIN—At Marlbank, on Sunday,  
April 28, 1901, to Mr. and Mrs. Zed  
Lafountain, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

CLARK—SHANNON—At Napanee, on Fri-  
day, April 26, 1901, Mrs. David Shannon,  
of Piety Hill, to Mr. Damon Clark, of  
Dakota.

PENNEY—MCNEILL—At the Presbyterian  
Manse, Napanee, by the Rev. W. W. Peck,  
on Wednesday, May 1st, Wm. Penney,  
Camden Township, to Mrs. Rosetta Mc-  
Neill, of Carleton Place.

OSBORNE—GURNEY—At the residence of  
the bride's sister, Mrs. Moore, on Wednes-  
day, April 24, 1901, by the Rev. S. T.  
Bartlett, William Osborne to Eliza Maud  
Gurney, both of Napanee.

DEATHS.

HAY—At his late residence, near Wilton,  
on Sunday, April 28, 1901, Titus B. Hay,  
aged 73 years, 7 months and 23 days.

HARRIS—At Napanee, on Thursday,  
April 25, 1901, Mrs. Roba Harris, aged 71  
years.

WADDELL—At Richmond, on Sunday,  
April 28, 1901, Sarah E. Waddell, aged 69  
years.

PETERSON—At Adolphustown, on Satur-  
day, April 27, 1901, Cynthia M. Peterson,  
aged 65 years.

Removal

Having removed my stock of  
Hardware, Paints,  
Oils, etc., - - -  
to the Mills Block, next door  
to the Robinson Co., I wish to  
thank my patrons for their  
liberal support in the past  
and shall be pleased to see  
them all at my new place of  
business and as many new  
customers as shall favor me  
with a call.

J. G. Fennell.



# SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

**Newspapers About Ourselves and Our Neighbors—Something of Interest From Every Quarter of the Globe.**

## CANADA.

Guelph's rate is 21 3/4 mills.  
Halifax now has an anti-prohibition Council.

Brockville is to have a pork-packing establishment.

Hull City Council has cut off three liquor licenses.

The Kingston School of Mining will erect two new buildings.

London has sold \$115,000 worth of debentures at from 31-2 to 4 per cent.

Hamilton claims that the census returns will give it a population of 54,000.

Wm. J. Archer, 97 Brunswick avenue, was fatally burned in his home on Saturday night.

An American syndicate is willing to establish smelters at Ottawa if it is given a big bonus and a free site.

Hull, Que., will pay its corporation labourers 15 cents an hour for twelve hours a day. It is now ten at 14 cents.

Louis G. Evans, of the 90th Battalion, was fined at the Winnipeg Police Court for neglecting to attend drills.

Over 400 tons of binder twine have been manufactured at the penitentiary at Kingston for the coming season.

The Calgary Board of Trade is moving to have all members of the Dominion House visit the west when the House rises.

Contractor Jamieson, of Montreal, will build a \$300,000 grain elevator at Port Arthur for the Canadian Northern Railway.

The smallpox epidemic at MacLeod, Lethbridge, Maple Creek and other places in the North-West Territories is under control.

The Ottawa Electric Light Company threatens to raise the rates if new companies are given a franchise to operate in the city.

Veterans of '66 are applying for land grants the Dominion Government hasn't ordered. Ontario's grants to the South African boys has misled them.

The option on the salt wells of Ontario, granted to the syndicate which are seeking incorporation from Parliament, has been extended from April 30th until May 31st.

Thomas Brown is suing Hamilton City for \$19,000 for the loss of an eye; the result of an injury from fireworks used in the Laurier demonstration there last November.

At White-mouth Station, Man., C. W. Blank, a German farmer, shot and killed another German named A. Radke. They had a row over cattle. Blank gave himself up at Winnipeg.

Up to the present time census schedules have been received at Ottawa from some 317 enumerators, whereas for the whole month of April in the last census only 52 were received at headquarters.

The Militia Department at Ottawa desires every man who has fought in South Africa and who has changed his address since coming home to notify the Department of his present address so that he may receive the Imperial gratuity of \$25.

## GREAT BRITAIN.

The British War Office will buy Barton's aerial machine.

Five thousand pounds have been raised for the Cork Industrial Ex-

not employ 40 per cent. of their capital in business in New York State on the capital stock so employed.

Frank Fuller and Thomas Smith, Americans, have been sentenced to six months each at Kingston, Jamaica, for making false contracts with Jamaican labourers to work in Cuba.

Diamond jewellery worth \$10,000 was stolen from the home of H. P. Crouse at Utica, N.Y., by two "workmen" who had, of course, been sent by an electric light company to remedy a defect in the wiring.

Neale McPeck, a New York broker, has entered suit against Randolph Surbridge, a Boston lawyer, and Isaac Irwin, a mining operator, of San Diego, Cal., for \$25,000 for conspiracy over the "Fortuna" mine in California, in which shareholders are said to have sunk \$6,000,000.

## GENERAL.

There is a strike of doctors in Leipzig.

At Madrid the street railway employees are out on strike.

All the metal works in South Russia are forming a trust.

A violent dust storm has just visited Mandalay, Burmah.

Japan claims indemnities from China amounting to £4,750,000 sterling.

Four hundred factories in Russia are closed on account of commercial depression.

Augusto Serero, a member of the Brazilian Chamber of Deputies, has invented a steerable balloon.

A despatch from Amsterdam announces that Mr. Kruger will leave for the United States early in June.

The Czar and Czarina will privately visit England and London during the coming season and will attend the Glasgow Exhibition.

Holland and Germany will construct a system of cables to the Far East, rendering them independent of the British lines.

China's average annual revenue has been 88,000,000 taels, while the average annual expenditure has been 101,000,000 taels.

The City Council of Amsterdam has voted \$2,412,000 for an electric plant which is to furnish power for street cars, lighting, etc.

Considerable excitement exists among the population of Teheran because of the heavy taxes recently imposed upon meat and other food-stuffs.

At Bromberg, Prussian Poland, nine persons have just been fined by the local court for singing a Polish song without having previously informed the police of their intention.

## CAPTURE BOER COMMANDO.

**Gen. Schroeder's Force of 51, a Maxim and Much Ammunition.**

A despatch from London says:—Gen. Kitchener reports to the War Office that since his last despatch 16 Boers have been killed, 20 wounded, 227 captured, and 52 surrendered. Three thousand cattle, 6,000 sheep, and many waggons have been taken.

In addition to the foregoing, Lieut. Reid and twenty Imperial Bushmen captured on Thursday near Commissie drift, Olifant's river, Commandant Schroeder and 41 men of his command, a Maxim gun, a number of horses, mules, and waggons, and considerable ammunition.

Reid's men crept up and surrounded the men before dawn, and opened fire, the Boers immediately surrendering.

In a later message, forwarding advice from General Kitchener, his brother, the commander-in-chief, says:—

# DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

**Notes of the Proceedings in the Canadian House of Commons.**

## BELLE ISLE TELEGRAPH.

Mr. Tarte, in answer to Mr. Ganong said the telegraph line to Belle Isle would be completed by 1st August next.

## EMPLOYEES DISMISSED.

Dr. Sproule enquired about the dismissal of 70 employees of the department. Mr. Tarte replied that some men had been dismissed. There must be dismissals when there is no work to be done. Dropping into a reminiscent mood, the Minister continued: "When I took office I found there was a secret stair leading from the department. I had it closed up, but I am sorry for it now. I cannot go out of the office without being followed by an army of men looking for work. I repent for having got rid of the stair." (Laughter.)

## PRESENTED IMPERIAL MESSAGE.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier presented the message received by his Excellency from the Colonial Office in answer to the resolution passed by Parliament on the occasion of the death of Queen Victoria.

## MECHANICAL MANAGER.

Mr. Borden was informed by Mr. Blair that E. G. Russell was engaged on Feb. 15th last to take charge of the mechanical department on the Intercolonial railway for a period of five years, at \$7,000 a year. He has been absent since March 15th, from serious illness, and is not drawing his salary while away, but his engagement continues.

## "C" BATTERY PAY.

Mr. Clarke asked whether the Government had ascertained whether the pay of the men of "C" Battery, Royal Canadian Artillery, during the time that they served as part of the Rhodesian Field force, came out of the Imperial or the Rhodesian treasury.

Dr. Borden replied that the Government had no doubt that the money came from the Imperial treasury. About fifty of the men received pay from the Canadian Government prior to the time the Imperial pay commenced. The rest have thus far received Imperial pay only. The department is awaiting returns as to what the men drew from the Imperial Government, and as soon as this is known their pay will be issued to them.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA FISHERIES.

Mr. Morrison was told by Sir Louis Davies that the Government is not advised that the Provincial Government of British Columbia contemplates exercising jurisdiction over the fisheries in that province. The Dominion Government has not relinquished any of that jurisdiction, unless it may be with respect to oyster beds and other fisheries below low-water mark.

## C. P. R. TAXATION.

Mr. Richardson, of Lisgar, was told by Mr. Sifton that in submitting a case regarding taxation of C. P. R. lands in the North-West, the Government would endeavour to establish the view most favourable to the interest of the settlers in the North-West, and would be guided by its legal advisers in attaining that object.

## ORIENTAL IMMIGRATION.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, replying to Mr. Morrison, said that the Government did not expect that the report of the commission now taking evidence in British Columbia touching Oriental

Cape Henrietta Marie, and will a track survey of the Opazotik er. Mr. A. P. Low will visit the coast of Hudson's bay, and the side chain of islands in the east part of the bay. Prof. Bailey continue his work in the west portion of New Brunswick. Hugh Fletcher, with Mr. M. and Mr. A. McKinnon, will be engaged in Annapolis, King's, Cumberland counties, N. S., I. Matthews will collect fossils at d'Or, while Mr. E. R. Fairbairn survey in Halifax, Lunenburg King's counties.

## \$1,000,000 FOR RIFLES.

In the debate on the militia mates, Dr. Borden stated that a lion dollars had already been in purchasing 40,000 rifles for militia, and as much more would have to be spent for the same pose. Under such circumstances he thought that care should be in distributing the rifles. The tion of the Government was when rifle associations were for ten rifles should be distributed each association. It was that this would be enough to all needs.

## BRITISH VICTORIES.

**Kitchener Reports Hauls by Generals.**

A despatch from London to Lord Kitchener reports to the office from Pretoria under date of 28, as follows:—

Kitchener's fighting scouts, Grenfell, have, surprised and captured Van Rensburg's laager, at Kili north of Pietersburg. Seven were killed and thirty-seven prisoners. Eight thousand four ammunition and all the waggons, carts, oxen, horses, and mules captured.

"Our only casualty was one wounded."

"The other column reports killed, 58 taken prisoners, 57 surrendered, and one quick-firer captured."

Another despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, April 29, says: "General Blood has discovered Rossenskal, South African Republic Government documents and a number of bank notes."

"Byng had a fight with Boer at the Basutoland border, south of Kili, and killed five."

"Grenfell, in addition to the figures reported, got 38,500 rounds small arms ammunition."

"At Lydenburg, twenty Boers surrendered."

## GEN. LIU'S FORCES ROUTE

**The Germans Defeat the Chinese Heavy Loss.**

A despatch from Berlin to Count von Waldersee reports, Pekin date, as follows:

"Colonel Hoffmeister, commander the 4th Infantry and two companies of mountain artillery, attacked enemy April 23 by the Great Wall, kilometres south of Hai-Shan-I and forced them to retire with losses into Shansi. We lost wounded and captured four flag four old-fashioned guns."

"General Voyron, intimates that intends to evacuate the neighborhood of Shang-Ting and return to Pootung-Fu. His extreme outpost main at Sin-Lei. I am keeping force at An-sung pass."

The field marshal also reports marauding has increased near Wu and Ma-Tu, and that junks as transports between these have been attacked. Lieut.-Colonel stadt has been sent from Tien-Tai the disturbed district in command.



Up to the present time census schedules have been received at Ottawa from some 317 enumerators, whereas for the whole month of April in the last census only 52 were received at headquarters.

The Militia Department at Ottawa desires every man who has fought in South Africa and who has changed his address since coming home to notify the Department of his present address so that he may receive the Imperial gratuity of \$25.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

The British War Office will buy Barton's aerial machine.

Five thousand pounds have been raised for the Cork Industrial Exhibition.

At London, Robert Gunter and Wyndham S. Portal have been made baronets.

A youth aged sixteen died at Ardagh, near Longford, who was 7 feet 4 in. in height.

Louis Godard will make an attempt in a short time to cross the Atlantic in a balloon, starting from London.

At London the annual return of recruiting for 1900 shows a total enlistment of 98,361, against 42,700 in 1899.

British coal exports during 1900 were 14,089,197 tons, an increase of 2,908,897 tons, as compared with the preceding year.

The London County Council proposes to put forty steamers on the Thames for traffic between Hammer-smith and Woolwich.

The census returns so far published of the British Isles show that the movement of population from the country to the cities continues unchecked.

The British patent office has granted a resident of Germany a patent for making glucose by heating sawdust with sulphuric acid, compressing and then boiling it.

Although no official announcement has yet been made, it seems probable that the portion of the Imperial war loan offered to the public has been covered about seven times.

#### UNITED STATES.

New York has nine new cases of smallpox.

Every house flooded in Pittsburg will be disinfected to prevent disease or a plague.

Burglars at Anaconda, Montana, stole a 300-pound safe containing \$10,000 in gold.

Adelbert Hay, son of the U. S. Secretary of State, has resigned as Consul-General at Pretoria.

The Illinois Legislature has passed a bill prohibiting the sale of cigarettes in the State.

A discovery of ore near Shelbyville, Ill., that assays \$200 a ton, causes much excitement there.

Negotiations have been completed in Chicago for the formation of the largest beet sugar concern in the world.

George S. Dobbins, blind for 18 years, has graduated with honors from the Chicago Homeopathic Medical College.

W. J. Bryan has announced that he has no intention of seeking a third nomination for the Presidency of the United States.

Lieut. William Patterson, of the Coast Artillery, formerly a Philadelphia lawyer, is to be tried by court martial at Manila for misappropriating funds.

A rogue's gallery of card sharps is to be hung in the card room of each of the big trans-Atlantic liners running out of New York. New York police will provide it.

Besides the heavy loss by flood in the manufacturing and wholesale districts of Ohio many laborers are idle and about 1,000 people have been rendered homeless.

Governor Odell has signed the bill taxing foreign corporations which do

and many others have been taken. In addition to the foregoing, Lieut. Reid and twenty Imperial Bushmen captured on Thursday near Commis-sie drift, Olifant's river, Com-mandant Schroeder and 41 men of his command, a Maxim gun, a num-ber of horses, mules, and waggons, and considerable ammunition.

Reid's men crept up and surround-ed the men before dawn, and opened fire, the Boers immediately surren-dering.

In a later message, forwarding ad-vice from General Kitchener, his brother, the commander-in-chief, says:—

"General Kitchener reports from Paardeplaat four Boers killed, 180 taken prisoners, and 3,000 cattle, 6,000 sheep, and many waggons cap-tured."

The total results during the past three days is, therefore:—

|                              |        |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Prisoners taken.....         | 562    |
| Surrenders.....              | 62     |
| Boers killed.....            | 27     |
| Boers wounded.....           | 39     |
| Horses.....                  | 280    |
| Krupp guns.....              | 1      |
| Maxims.....                  | 1      |
| Rounds small ammunition..... | 33,000 |

#### WRECK A PRINTING OFFICE.

Australian Soldiers Get Even With Editor Cartwright.

A despatch from Cape Town says:—The pro-Boer South African News, whose editor, Mr. Cartwright, was sentenced a few days ago to a year's imprisonment for libelling Gen. Kitchener, often professed contempt for the Australian troops, once de-scribing them as the scum of the the earth. As the Australia-ns were on the eve of embarking for home the other night they at-tacked the News office. They smash-ed the windows and unhinged a door, which they used as a battering ram to smash the tables and other furni-ture. They scattered the fyles and destroyed the type machines. The editor escaped through a window. The next day the military authorities sent an official to pay for the damage done.

#### LEFT DYNAMITE ON CAR SEAT.

Absent-Minded Passenger Endangered Safety of Whole Train.

A despatch from Williamsport, Pa., says:—An absent-minded passenger on the Philadelphia and Reading train that came into this city on Thursday jeopardized the lives of 100 people. A Shenandoah man got on the train with a cigar-box full of dynamite and small bottles of powder. When he got off he forgot the box, and it was carried through to Newberry.

When the man bethought himself of the explosive, and realized what a fall or a sudden jolt to the box might mean to the train, he tele-graphed ahead to have the box re-scued. A brakeman found it on the cushioned seat, and the company sent an employee to deliver it to the owner in person.

#### NEW HEATING GAS.

Can Be Produced at Twopence Per 1,000 Cubic Feet.

A despatch from London says:—A committee of the House of Commons considering a bill promoted by the Mond Gas Company, which is seeking rights to supply an area of the Mid-lands with a gas invented by Ludwig Mond for heating and manufacturing, not lighting purposes. It is claimed that the gas can be profitably suppli-ed at twopence per thousand cubic feet. It is produced by forcing ordi-nary coal gas through incandescent burning coal.

#### C. P. R. TAXATION.

Mr. Richardson, of Lisgar, was told by Mr. Sifton that in submitting a case regarding taxation of C. P. R. lands in the North-West, the Gov-ernment would endeavour to es-tablish the view most favourable to the interest of the settlers in the North-West, and would be guided by its legal advisers in attaining that object.

#### ORIENTAL IMMIGRATION.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, replying to Mr. Morrison, said that the Government did not expect that the report of the commission now taking evidence in British Columbia touching Oriental immigration would be received be-fore the close of this session of Parlia-ment. As soon as the report is re-ceived it will be printed and distri-buted.

#### BUBONIC PLAGUE.

Mr. Morrison was told by Mr. Fish-er that the Government has not re-ceived any official report of the ex-istence of bubonic plague in Australia, but had heard of it through vessel captains. By way of precau-tion, as are also their effects. Articles Asiatics arriving here are disinfec-tible to carry contagion are disin-fected unless accompanied by a satis-factory certificate from the port of shipment. In addition a bacteri-ological laboratory has been establi-ished, with a trained bacteriologist in charge. All quarantine officers on the Pacific coast have been instruc-ted to keep in view the possibility of this disease reaching Canada, and to take necessary precautions.

#### CLERGUE CONTRACT.

In Supply Mr. Blair's estimates were taken up, and some further dis-cussion ensued with reference to the Clergue contract. The item of \$500,000 for steel rails for the intercol-onial railway this year was finally al-lowed to pass with the understand-ing that the whole subject may be re-opened if desired when the other railway estimates come up for con-sideration.

#### GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

In Committee of Supply Mr. Sifton told Mr. LaRiviere that the pro-gramme of the geological survey this season would be as follows:—

In the Yukon, territory, Mr. R. G. McConnell, with Mr. Joseph Keele, will survey the gold district of 60 miles, Thistle creek, and South Forks of Big Salmon river; also possibly the coast west of White Pass railway, and south of White Horse.

In British Columbia Mr. R. W. Brock, with W. W. Leach as assistant, will be in the Boundary district. Mr. James McEvoy, and Mr. T. Denis, as assistant, in the Crow's Nest Pass coal fields. Mr. Lawrence Lambe will collect croceaceous fossils in the Red Deer country, N.W.T.

In Ontario Dr. A. E. Barlow will make lithological investigations in the Sudbury district. Prof. John Macdonald will collect botanical specimens along the north shore of Lake Erie and the east shore of Lake Huron to Cape Hurd; he will also explore Temagami lake park. Dr. Ellis, with two assis-tants, will finish the Kingston district. Mr. Robert Chalmers will go to the St. Lawrence valley, and westward to Lake Huron, to investigate wells and borings, for water, gas, and petro-leum. It is also intended to explore the region between Lake Nepigon and Lake St. Joe, the north shore of Lake Superior, north of Jackfish Bay, and Muskoka district. Mr. W. J. Wil-son will go to the Valley of Abitibi river, and Mr. Frank Johnson, will go round Lake Abitibi and north-ward and eastward in conjunction with Mr. Wilson. Dr. Ami in the valley of the St. Lawrence west of Lake St. Francis, and the Ottawa valley west of Mattawa.

#### WILL VISIT HUDSON'S BAY.

Mr. D. B. Dowling and Mr. James Macoun, will visit the district of Kee-wacoon, in the region south-west of

and forced them to retire with 1 losses into Shansi. We lost wounded and captured four flag; four old-fashioned guns.

"General Voyron, intimates, th intends to evacuate the neigh hood, of Shang-Ting and retu Poating-Fu. His extreme outposi main at Su-Lei. I am keepi force at Ansuling pass."

The field marshal also reports marauding has increased near E Wu and Ma-Tu, and that junks as transports between these have been attacked. Lieut.-Col. stadt has been sent from Tien-Ti the disturbed district in comma a composite column.

#### NOVEL SPECTACLE.

People Attended in London West End ( in Evening Dress.

A despatch from London says: novel spectacle was presented he Sunday evening, men and wome tending a West end church in ing dress. Dr. Gray, the incur of St. George's, in Albemarle s has instituted special late servie fashionable people, who profess dinner engagements prevent going to church evenings. Man, men attended in decolete dress, theatre wraps. Dr. Gray fou necessary to explain that it wa as supposed, an evening dress se but still there was no reason people should not attend in ev dress if it was convenient for to do so. It is possible that il novation will become fashionabl pecially while it is a novelty.

St. George's is the chapel Thackeray immortalized the Rev Honeyman in the "Newcombes."

#### WILL BENEFIT CANADA.

Expert's Opinion on British Export on Coal.

A despatch from Montreal s B. F. Pearson, of the Dominion Company, was in Montreal on day, on his way to Toronto. asked as to the probable effec on the Cape Breton coal indust the export tax placed by the B Government on Welsh coal. Mr. son said the tendency of the would be in the direction of be ting the Canadian coal industr the present rate of production, ever, the output was pretty wel en up. In time, however, Mr. son said, the Cape Breton ind would derive undoubted benefi the export tax imposed by the B Government.

#### WILL GET \$10,000 DAMAGE

Mrs. Bigger, Injured in Disaster at Vi B.C., Gets Verdict.

A despatch from Vancouver, says:—Mrs. Mary Jane Bigger, was among the passengers re from a watery grave in the Ellice bridge street car disast Victoria in 1896, was on Sat awarded \$10,000 damages for sho her nervous system. Her hu and four children were on th with her, two of the children drowned. Her husband is suin \$10,000 damages and \$10,00 fo loss of each child.

#### FINANCIAL PANIC PREVAIL

More Than Twenty Japanese Banks Suspended.

A despatch from Yokohama —More than 20 banks have susp payment at Osaka, and in the s ern and central provinces. The of Japan has assisted them, bu ther trouble is apprehended. ancial panic prevails.

lenrietta Marie, and will make a survey of the Opazotika river. A. P. Low will visit the east of Hudson's bay, and the out-ain of islands in the eastern f the bay. Prof. Bailey will ue his work in the south-ortion of New Brunswick. Dr. Fletcher, with Mr. McLeod Mr. A. McKinnon, will be d in Annapolis, King's, and rland counties, N. S. Dr. G. aws will collect fossils at Bras while Mr. E. R. Fairbault will in Halifax, Lunenburg, and ountries.

#### \$1,000,000 FOR RIFLES.

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#### BRITISH VICTORIES.

er Reports Hauls by Several Generals.

spatch from London says:—itchener reports to the war Of-Of Pretoria under date of April follows:—bener's fighting scouts, under ll, have, surprised and captured ensburg's laager, at Klipdam, of Pietersburg. Seven Boers killed and thirty-seven taken rs. Eight thousand pounds of nition and all the waggons, oxen, horses, and mules were ed. Only casualty was one wound-

other column reports three 58 taken prisoners, 57 surren-and one quick-firer captured." ber despatch from Lord Kitch-lated Pretoria, April 29, says:—eral Blood has discovered at ikal, South African Republic ment documents and a large r of bank notes. g had a fight with Boers on utoland border, south of Wep-and killed five. nfeld, in addition to the cap-reported, got 38,500 rounds of rms ammunition. Lydenburg, twenty Boers have dered."

#### N. LIU'S FORCES ROUTED.

rmans Defeat the Chinese With Heavy Loss.

spatch from Berlin says:—von Waldersee reports, under date, as follows:—nel Hoffmeister, commanding 1 Infantry and two companies ntain artillery, attacked the April 23 by the Great Wall, ten tres south of Hai-Shan-Kwan, reed them to retire with heavy into Shansi. We lost four ed and captured four flags and d-fashioned guns. leral Voyron, intimates that es to evacuate the neighbour- of Shang-Ting and return to g-Fu. His extreme outposts ret-t Sin-Lei. I am keeping a t Anslung pass." field marshal also reports that ling has increased near Ho-Sid Ma-Tu, and that junks used sports between these places en attacked. Lieut.-Col. Arn-as been sent from Tien-Tsin to turbed district in command of

## THE LEADING MARKETS.

### The Ruling Prices in Breadstuffs and Live Stock.

Toronto, April 30.—Wheat—There was a good market here to-day. Ex-orters bought red and white Ont-arios readily at 68c; low freights to New York. Quotations are as follows —Red wheat, 68c; white wheat, 68c; No. 1 goose wheat, 67c, low freights to New York; Manitoba, No. 1 hard, old, g.i.t., 95c; No. 2, 91c; No. 1 hard, North Bay, 94c; and No. 2 hard, 90c.

Millfeed—Tone easy. Ton lots, at the mill door, Western Ontario points sell as follows:—Bran, \$14; and shorts, \$15.

Corn — Strong. American No. 2 yellow, on track here, 50c; No. 3, 49c. Peas—In good demand, and higher; No. 2 middle freights, at 65 1-2c; and east at 66 1-2c.

Barley—A boom to-day. Cargoes of No. 2, at lake Ontario ports, would be taken at 49c. This is equal to 46 to 46 1-2c, east.

Rye—Steady. Car lots, 49c, west, and 50c east.

Buckwheat—Firm and scarce. Car lots, west, are quoted at 52c; and east at 54c.

Oats—Higher. No. 1 white oats, on the Midland, 31c; No. 1 white, west, are quoted at 30 1-2c.

Flour—Firm. Holders of 90 per cent. patents, buyers' bags, middle freights, ask \$2.65 per bbl. Export-ers were bidding \$2.60.

Oatmeal—Firm. Car lots of rolled oats, in bags, on track, are quoted at \$3.35 per bbl; and in wood at \$3.45.

#### PRODUCE.

Toronto, April 30.—Eggs. Situation unchanged. Demand is active, sup-plies large, and prices easy. Fresh con-tinues to sell at 11c.

Poultry—Receipts light. Bright stock is quoted as follows:—Turkeys, 11 to 12c; geese at 8 to 8 1-2c; chickens, at 40 to 60c; and ducks, at 60 to 80c.

Potatoes—Easy at 27c for car lots, on track. Sales out of store are made at 35c.

Field produce, etc.—Turnips, out of store, 25c per bag; onions, \$1 to \$1.10 per bag; carrots, 35c per bag; pars-nips, per bag, 35c; apples, per bbl; \$1 to \$2; sweet potatoes, per bbl, \$2.60. Dried apples—Dull. Dried apples are easy at 31-2c; evaporated at 5c.

Maple syrup—New run maple syrup firm. Receipts light. Five-gal-lon tins are quoted at \$1 per imperial gallon; and gallon tins at \$1.10 to \$1.15.

Honey—Stocks light. Dealers quote from 10 to 10 1-2c for 5, 10, or 60-lb. tins, according to size of order; comb honey sells at \$2 to \$2.25 for dark, and at \$2.50 to \$2.75 for choice clover, per dozen sections.

Hops—Quiet. Choice 1900 growth are quoted at 14 to 16c; and yearlings at 8 to 10c.

Beans—Quiet. Tone of prices easy. Ordinary white beans bring \$1.55 to \$1.60; choice hand-picked beans are quoted at \$1.65 to \$1.70.

Baled hay—Choice timothy, on track here, \$10.75; two-ton lots, de-livered, \$11.50.

Straw—Car lots of straw, on track here, \$5.50 to \$6.

#### DRESSED HOGS AND PROVISIONS.

Dressed hogs on the street are firm at \$8.25 to \$8.75. Car lots are quoted nominally at \$8 to \$8.25, on track here. Provisions are firm and in good demand. Dry salted shoulders are firmer. Lard is also firmer. The quotations are as follows:—Dry salted shoulders, 8 1-4c; long clear bacon, loose, in car lots, 10c; and in case lots, 10 1-4 to 10 1-2c; short cut

the close were 2 1-2 to 7 1-2c improv-ed.

Buffalo, April 30.—Flour—Quiet but firm. Wheat—Spring, nothing done; spot in small lots held higher; No. 1 Northern, old, carloads, 84 3-4c; do., c.i.f., in store, 82 5-8c. Winter wheat—Offerings light, better enquiry; spot mixed wheat, 78c asked, on track; No. 2 red quoted at 79c. Corn—Dull; No. 2 yellow, 48 to 48 1-4c; No. 3 do., 47 3-4 to 48c; No. 2 corn, 47 3-4 to 48c; No. 3 do., 47 3-4c, through billed. Oats —Strong; No. 2 white clipped, 32c; No. 3 white, 31 3-4 to 32c; No. 2, mixed, 30c asked; No. 3 do., 29c, through billed. Barley—Dull; car good West-ern, on track, sold at 58c; to arrive lake, quoted at 68 to 69c. Rye—No. 2, on track, sold at 58c; No. 1 quoted at 60c.

#### KILLED BY AN ELEPHANT.

The Trainer Hurlled into a River and Held Under Water.

A despatch from Peru, Ind., says:—Henry Huffman, a well-known ani-mal trainer with the Wallace Shows, met a horrible death here on Thurs-day, being killed by big Charley, a monster elephant, while the animal was bathing in the Mississinewa river. Big Charley wound his trunk about Keeper Huffman and hurled him far into the stream. The man was uninjured and when he return-ed he said: "Why, Charley, I did not think that of you; aren't you asham-ed of yourself?"

The next instant Huffman was grabbed by the big elephant and thrown to the bottom of the river, and held there by the forefeet of the animal. Then, with a great roar, the elephant ran away. Several showmen shot at him with no effect. He broke down fences and roamed about in a big field, keeping everybody at a dis-tance. Apples loaded with strychnine were thrown near him, and he ate one. An hour later he laid down and was in terrible agony. A rifle shot settled him.

Big Charley weighed over three tons and was valued at \$10,000, and in his lifetime had killed four men. Keeper Huffman at different times was ani-mal trainer in Fairmount park, Phila-delphia and Central park, New York, city. His home was at Columbus, Ohio.

#### GLASS PAVING.

The Solidity of Granite With Smoothness of Asphalt.

A despatch from Paris says:—The municipality is experimenting with glass paving material. A section of Rue du Havre has been laid with it as a test. It is pure glass, subject-ed to a process called devitrification. The result is a hard, smooth, opaque, non-porous substance, which does not retain damp or odours. It possesses remarkable resistance. The inven-tors claim that it combines the solid-ity of granite with the smoothness of asphalt. It is not affected by heat or cold. It, however, is expensive, costing from nine to twelve francs per square metre. Another draw-back is its extreme resonance.

#### MRS. CARRIE NATION WINS.

It is Believed the Charges Against Her Will Be Dropped.

A despatch from Wichita, Kans., says:—It is said the cases in this county against Mrs. Carrie Nation, for the alleged destruction of saloon property, will be dropped. She was permitted to leave gaol here on Sun-day, on her own recognizance, to at-tend the funeral of her brother at Louisburg, Kansas, after having

## ABOUT OUR OWN COUNTRY

### NEWS FROM THE DIFFERENT PROVINCES OF THE DOMINION.

The Events That Interest the Canadian People Chroni-cled Briefly—What is Going on From the Atlantic to the Pacific.

St. Catharines is annoyed by a "Peeping Tom."

The Canadian patriotic fund now amounts to \$338,000.

A court house is to be erected this summer at Edmonton.

The Union Bank of Halifax has opened a branch at Digby.

The daily mail at Kingston is heavier than it ever was.

The Dundas Choral Society will pro-duce a cantata next month.

The Strathcona, Alberta, Board of Trade has been incorporated.

New bath-houses are to be built at the Chatham mineral springs.

New schools are badly needed to ac-commodate Winnipeg children.

Mr. D. Ballock, high sheriff of Carleton county, N. B., is dead.

An addition is being built to St. Joseph's Hospital at Chatham.

This spring \$200,000 will be spent on new buildings in Wallaceburg.

Stratford is erecting a building for manual training and domestic sci-ence.

The population of the island of Anti-costi is to be enumerated at this cen-sus.

The visiting at Victoria hospital London, is to be curtailed, especially on Sundays.

The population of the Yukon dis-trict is 16,463, including 16,107 whites and 356 Indians.

The season's lumber cut on the St. John and its tributaries is estimated at 140,000,000 feet.

Sergt. John Dooley, many years a member of the Guelph police force, is dead in Ireland.

The promoters of the Kingston smelter will be offered a bonus of \$75,000 and a free site.

Sealing schooners report the catch this year off the coast of Labrador the best for many years.

John J. Jessop, provincial immigra-tion agent, Victoria, B.C., one of the early pioneers of the coast, is dead.

The better class of Welsh immi-grants will be assisted by capitalists to settle on Canadian western lands.

Brookville water commissioners have closed a contract for the pur-chase of a four-million-gallon pump-ing engine.

Tenders are being called for exten-sive improvements to the Bank of Hamilton, Winnipeg, which will cost \$80,000.

It is estimated that the population of the united city of Rat Portage and Keewatin will within a few years be 200,000.

There is sufficient good farming land within twenty miles of Rat Portage to provide a population of 200,000 with eatables.

Halifax newspapers are importing paper from England. It is even said that the paper is made from pulp sent from Canada.

At Medicine Hat water-works a well was being bored, but at 620 feet a flow of gas was struck with a pres-sure of 130 pounds.

The C. P. R., has made a reduction of 25 per cent. on its live stock tariff to all points on the line between Ed-monton and McLeod.

A court martial was held in Winni-peg on Pte. Myers, who deserted from the dragons to Ottawa.

The immigration hall in Strathcona, Alberta, has been furnished and will be open for the reception of incom-ing settlers this week.



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### NOVEL SPECTACLE.

ttended in London West End Church in Evening Dress.

spatch from London says:—A pectacle was presented here on evening, men and women at a West end church in even-ss. Dr. Gray, the incumbent George's, in Albemarle street, tituted special late services for able people, who profess that engagements prevent their church evenings. Many wotended in decolete dress, with wraps. Dr. Gray found it ry to explain that it was not osed, an evening dress service. If there was no reason why should not attend in evening f it was convenient for them o. It is possible that the in- n will become fashionable, es- while it is a novelty. George's is the chapel where ray immortalized the Rev. Mr. nan in the "Newcombes."

### VILL BENEFIT CANADA.

Opinion on British Export Duty on Coal.

spatch from Montreal says:— Pearson, of the Dominion Coal y, was in Montreal on Mon- his way to Toronto. When as to the probable effect up- Cape Breton coal industry of port tax placed by the British ment on Welsh coal. Mr. Pear- id the tendency of the duty be in the direction of benefit- Canadian coal industry. At sent rate of production, how- re output was pretty well tak- In time, however, Mr. Pear- id, the Cape Breton industry derive undoubted benefit from port tax imposed by the British ment.

### L GET \$10,000 DAMAGES.

ger, Injured in Disaster at Victoria. B.C., Gets Verdict.

spatch from Vancouver, B. C., Mrs. Mary Jane Bigger, who ings the passengers rescued watery grave in the Point bridge street car disaster in a in 1896, was on Saturday d \$10,000 damages for shock to vious system. Her husband r children were on the car er, two of the children being d. Her husband is suing for damages and \$10,000 for the each child.

### ANCIAL PANIC PREVAILS.

ag Twenty Japanese Banks Have Suspended.

spatch from Yokohama says:— than 20 banks have suspended it at Osaka, and in the south- d central provinces. The Bank an has assisted them, but fur- ouble is apprehended. A fin- panic prevails.

beans are quoted at \$1.70.

Paled hay—Choice timothy, on track here, \$10.75; two-ton lots. delivered, \$11.50.

Straw—Car lots of straw, on track here, \$5.50 to \$6.

### DRESSED HOGS AND PROVISIONS.

Dressed hogs on the street are firm at \$8.25 to \$8.75. Car lots are quoted nominally at \$8 to \$8.25, on track here. Provisions are firm and in good demand. Dry salted shoulders are firmer. Lard is also firmer. The quotations are as follows:—Dry salted shoulders, 81-4c; long clear bacon, loose, in car lots, 10c; and in case lots, 101-4 to 101-2c; short cut pork, \$20 to \$20.50; heavy mess pork, \$19 to \$19.50.

Smoked meats—Hams, heavy, 12c; medium, 13c; light, 131-2c.

Lard—Pails, 103-4c; tubs, 101-2c; in tierces, 101-4c.

### LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, April 30.—At the western cattle yards this morning only 35 car-loads of live stock came in, comprising 300 cattle, 600 hogs, 100 sheep and lambs 70 calves, and a few milch cows.

A light run and a brisk demand kept prices steady. The market was a good one.

Export cattle sold well at unchanged prices. Good to choice fetched from 4 3-4 to 5 1-4c per lb; and light stuff from 4 1-4 to 4 5-8c per lb. All here sold.

In butcher cattle prices were firm, especially for the best stuff, which sold quickly at from 3 3-4 to 4 1-4c per lb; medium to good sold at from 3 1-2 to 3 3-4c per lb; and the remainder at from 2 1-2 to 3 1-4c per lb.

There was a fair demand for stock-ers, at from 2 7-8 to 3 3-8c per lb.

Export bulls were a slow sale to-day at from 3 1-2 to 4 1-4c per lb.

A few good calves are in demand.

Very few cows came in, and they were of poor quality. A few good milch cows will sell.

Small stuffs, being in unusually small supply, prices were steady, and sales brisk.

Export ewes are worth from 31-2 to 4c per lb.

Spring lambs are worth from \$2 to \$5 each.

Butcher sheep are worth from \$2 to \$4.50 each.

"Barnyarders" are worth from 4 to 41-2c per lb.

Good grain-fed lambs fetch from 4 1-2 to 51-2c per lb.

Bucks are worth from 3 to 31-2c per lb.

There was no change in hogs.

"Singers" sell at 63-4c per pound; thick fat and light hogs, at 61-4c per pound.

Hogs to fetch the top price must be of prime quality, and scale not below 160 nor above 200 pounds.

Following is the range of quotations:

| Cattle.                |         |         |  |
|------------------------|---------|---------|--|
| Shippers, per cwt.     | \$4.25  | \$5.25  |  |
| Butcher, choice, do.   | 3.75    | 4.25    |  |
| Butcher, ord. to good  | 3.50    | 3.75    |  |
| Butcher, inferior      | 2.75    | 3.25    |  |
| Stockers, per cwt.     | 2.871-2 | 3.371-2 |  |
| Export bulls, per cwt. | 3.75    | 4.25    |  |
| Sheep and Lambs.       |         |         |  |
| Export ewes, per cwt.  | 3.50    | 4.00    |  |
| Butcher sheep, each    | 2.00    | 4.50    |  |
| Lambs, g.f., per cwt.  | 4.50    | 5.50    |  |
| Do., b.y., per cwt.    | 4.00    | 4.50    |  |
| Do., spring, each      | 2.00    | 5.00    |  |
| Bucks, per cwt.        | 3.00    | 3.50    |  |

| Milkers and Cows. |       |       |  |
|-------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Cows, each        | 20.00 | 45.00 |  |
| Calves, each      | 1.00  | 8.00  |  |

| Hogs.                 |      |      |  |
|-----------------------|------|------|--|
| Choice hogs, per cwt. | 6.60 | 6.75 |  |
| Light hogs, per cwt.  | 6.15 | 6.25 |  |
| Heavy hogs, per cwt.  | 0.00 | 6.25 |  |
| Sows, per cwt.        | 3.75 | 4.00 |  |
| Stags, per cwt.       | 0.00 | 0.00 |  |

Chicago, April 30.—May corn scored another record advance to-day, closing 15-8c higher. Wheat closed 3-4c, and oats, 5-8c higher. Provisions at

back is its extreme resonance.

### MRS. CARRIE NATION WINS.

It is Believed the Charges Against Her Will Be Dropped.

A despatch from Wichita, Kans., says:—It is said the cases in this county against Mrs. Carrie Nation, for the alleged destruction of saloon property, will be dropped. She was permitted to leave gaol here on Sunday, on her own recognizance, to attend the funeral of her brother at Louisburg, Kansas, after having spent a week in gaol, with three other women, awaiting trial which was to have come up next week. Now it is generally believed the cases will be dropped.

### PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Lord Kitchener Said to Have Kept Them Alive.

A despatch from London, Tuesday, says:—The Daily News says there is reason to believe that General Kitchener has kept alive the peace negotiations with Commandant-General Botha, and that they will possibly take a more active form, but that two obstacles to an understanding—Sir Alfred Milner and the treatment of the Cape rebels—have not been removed.

### 400 FACTORIES CLOSED.

Commercial Outlook in Russia of the Blackest Description.

A despatch from Cologne says:—The Breslau Generale Anzeiger says the commercial crisis in Russia is assuming more serious proportions. The young and artificially-created industries threaten to collapse entirely. Four hundred factories have closed and the outlook is of the blackest character.

### BOER INVADERS REAPPEAR.

Fight at Honeynest Kloof in Which Burghers Are Defeated.

A despatch from Cape Town says:—The Boer invaders have appeared again in the Richmond district of Cape Colony. Among the prisoners captured in a fight at Honeynest Kloof, which resulted in a complete defeat for the Boers, was a cousin of Mr. Sauer, the former Commissioner of Public Works.

### CANADIAN TRADE WITH NATAL

The Commissioner Is Impressed With Its Possibilities.

A despatch from London says:—Mr. Cummings, who is visiting Durban on behalf of the Canadian Government, is favorably impressed with the trading possibilities between Canada and Natal.

### FRENCH TO RETURN.

He Will Take a Sea Voyage to Regain His Health.

A despatch from London says:—A despatch to the Times from Vrededorf Road says that Gen. French will take a sea voyage to recuperate his health.

### BRESCHI IS INSANE.

Assassin Driven Mad by Treatment of His Gaolers.

A despatch to the Paris Rappel from Rome says that Breschi, the assassin of King Humbert, has become mad, in consequence of the ill-treatment by his gaolers.

that the paper is made from pulp sent from Canada.

At Medicine Hat water-works a well was being bored, but at 620 feet a flow of gas was struck with a pressure of 130 pounds.

The C. P. R., has made a reduction of 25 per cent. on its live stock tariff to all points on the line between Edmonton and McLeod.

A court martial was held in Winnipeg on Pte. Myers, who deserted from the dragoons to Ottawa.

The immigration hall in Strathecona, Alberta, has been furnished and will be open for the reception of incoming settlers this week.

Amos Rowe, collector of customs at Calgary, has been superannuated, and Alex. Allan, of the same town, appointed in his place.

Michael Traves, of Nelson, B. C., a man of over 80 years of age, has taken up a pre-emption record of 320 acres of land at Fire Valley, Eagle Creek.

The catch of salmon in Canadian waters last year was valued at \$3,159,306, a decrease of \$2,520,868 when compared with the returns of the previous year.

Following are C. P. R. land sales in Manitoba for March, 1901, as compared with the same period a year ago:—March, 1901, 3,954,614 acres, for \$122,362.47; March, 1900, 3,118,301 acres, for \$97,777.79.

At the Queen's university a scholarship in medicine has been established in honour of the services of the venerable Dr. Fowler, late Dean of the medical faculty.

At Digby, N. S., 25 acres of ground are being devoted to golf links, and an artificial bathing pond is being constructed, affording about 30,000 square feet of swimming surface.

### NAPHTHA REFINERY BURNED.

Enormous Loss at Regina, Russia, Nine Villages Being Ruined.

A despatch from Riga says:—Oelrich's naphtha refinery, one of the great industries of this Baltic seaport, has been destroyed by fire. Nine villages that were connected with the works were burned, the blazing oil from 6,850 barrels creating a fire of astonishing dimensions. The loss is enormous.

### SMALLPOX IN THE EAST

Epidemic Breaks Out in Parnham Ore.—Eighteen Cases Reported.

A despatch from Farnham, Eastern Township, Quebec, states that eighteen cases of smallpox have broken out in that city. The disease, it is believed, was brought into the place by a family recently returned from the New England States.

The health authorities of Farnham are taking stringent measures to stay the progress of infection.

### SIX KILLED, 16 INJURED.

Natives in a Railway Accident in Cape Colony.

A despatch from Cape Town says:—Six natives were killed and 16 injured in a railway accident near Caledon on Monday.

### A HEARTLESS MAN.

Jester: "Old Squeezit has agreed that after his death his body shall be turned over to the university in the interests of science.

Jimson: Interests of science? Jester: Yes, all Squeezit's relatives have insisted that he had no heart; the doctors are going to find out.



# SIGNALS OF DISTRESS.

## Rev. Dr. Talmage Speaks to Professors of Religion.

(A despatch from Washington says: Rev. Dr. Talmage preached from the following text:—"So the carpenter encouraged the goldsmith, and he that smootheneth with the hammer him that smote the anvil,"—Isaiah xli. 7. There had been war made upon idolatry, and its friends gathered to the scene. The carpenter went to work and cut out idols to take the place of those that had been destroyed, and the blacksmith fashioned parts of the idol on the anvil and the goldsmith adorned what the other two mechanics had made. "The carpenter encouraged the goldsmith and he that smootheneth with the hammer him that smote the anvil." When I read that passage I wondered why it was that in the kingdom of God we could not be just as well banded together—why, since there is work for every Christian man to do, we could not all be encouraging each other. I encourage you by the way I do my work, and you me by the way in which you do your work, and so, in a spiritual and Christian sense, "the carpenter encouraging the goldsmith, and he that smootheneth with the hammer him that smote the anvil."

I propose in the first place to address myself to those who profess the faith of Christ, and in the next place to address myself to those who profess not to be Christians, for my dear friends, you all profess one thing or the other in regard to the religion of Jesus Christ. I want, before I get through, to point all these Christian men and women to some style of work. I don't believe that a man can be a child of God and have no anxiety about the redemption of the people. Many of you have sworn before high heaven that you will be the Lord's; and before I get through speaking to-night, the Holy Spirit will tell you something you ought to do, and it will be at the infinite peril of your immortal soul if you refuse to do it. In the first place here are the

### ELDERS OF THE CHURCH.

It is very plain what their work is. It is your work to help me in watching this great flock. Sickness will come to one of these church members; be there and pray for him. Death will come into some of the households of this congregation; before they have time to put crape on the door bell, I want you to be there to talk of Jesus, who is "the resurrection and the life." Here is a young man who wants to become a Christian, but he does not know how to start. His father cannot tell him. Take him by the arm, walk with him down the street, and before you leave him be sure his feet are on the road to heaven. You are not called to be a king over a nation; you are not called to be general in an army; but God has given you the highest honour—he has put into your hands the keys of the kingdom. Be thou faithful unto death and Christ will give thee a crown.

Here are the deacons of the church. They ought to be familiar with the dark lanes and rotten stairs and the damp cellars of these cities. There are hundreds of suffering, stretching out

broken fortunes and broken hearts? work of the Lord—that so many of these people are coming up to the work of the Lord—that so many are enlisted, hundreds more this year than last year, and yet I shall not be satisfied until I see every man and woman belonging to this church thoroughly enlisted for the Lord. Come, my friends, do what you can. In the name of the Lord Jesus Christ and knowing that in judgment you and I must give an account before God, I charge you to gather up all your energies of body and mind and soul and unite them in one direction in behalf of Christ's kingdom. Oh, it is a great service. I want you to understand, you Christians who are drones in the hive, doing nothing, that you are missing your chief satisfaction. Look at the life of a man who serves God and of one who serves the world. Some of you will be dead before this year is ended. "What thy hand findeth to do, do it with all thy might, for there is no knowledge nor wisdom nor device in the grave whither we are all hastening."

But now the rest of my remarks are to those who profess not to be Christians. I do not want to sweep the gospel net through this audience to-night and catch two or three souls, but to catch a thousand. I want to ask you why it is that you have not become Christians? There is a man who says: "Because I am waiting for a revival before I come to Christ." What do you call this? During the past few years we have had

### A PERPETUAL REVIVAL.

The constant cry among the people has been: "Which is the way to heaven?" Why is it that the silence in our assemblages makes it seem as if the audience were listening for the footstep of Christ on the church aisle? Oh, if you have been waiting for a revival, it has come, not by earthquake, or storm, but by a still small voice, and a deep surging to and fro of heart-felt emotion. The tide sets in toward the beach, and all you have to do is to let yourselves float in on the billow. God, to-night, shakes at the door of your soul. Whether you listen to me or not, whatever may have been the motive that brought you here to-night, whether you like my preaching or not—the Lord God Almighty this moment rattles at the door of your soul.

There are some of you who say you are kept back by your worldly engagements. You say: "I have so much to do." O my dear brethren, will you let your store, your office, your shop, stand between you and heaven? O my God! show that man the folly of letting anything stand between him and heaven! There is somebody in the audience who says: "I am afraid some one will laugh at me if I become a Christian." Would you want to let anybody know you wept over sin? Wouldn't it be infinite mortification if anybody should find you on your knees? Will you allow your soul to be caught in such a thin trap as human scorn? Can these people who laugh at your seriousness insure you for the future? Can they bridge the chasm between this world and the next, and open for you the gate into the skies? If so, let this religion of Christ go down under a volley of merriment. But they can't help you, and

### YOU KNOW THEY CAN'T.

### AN EMBLEM OF LOVE.

The ring is oftentimes used as an emblem of friendship or love; and that feeling is so entirely different from vanity that we may consider the jewel an appropriate reminder. In earlier days this rule was more rigidly observed than at present. A subject's life, perchance, depended upon the circlet placed upon his finger by his queen, or a traveler might pass unmolested through robber bands with the same signal. Some of older times were of such curious workmanship and devices, that we may look upon them as rare specimens of ancient feelings and ideas. One of French invention was composed of double hoops joined like the links of a chain, thus making two separate rings united, but the sides so shaped and grooved that, bringing the hoops together, they formed one separate ring—emblematic of two souls joined, two lives in union.

An English ring wrought of silver is yet preserved in the collection of ancient curiosities, although 500 years have passed since it graced a fair finger. It opens horizontally, and upon each inner half is inscribed a Latin motto. One half is set with a diamond upon the outside, the other with a ruby, while upon the inside, directly opposite, are two minute figures.

The Roman marriage ring was fashioned of iron, copper, or brass. It consisted of a plain band, with a key placed at right angles, to illustrate the fact that the wife had taken possession of her husband's keys. Bronze rings delighted the Romans, and their workmanship was very fine and intricate.

### NATURE'S TIMEKEEPERS.

Writing to a contemporary, a correspondent, gives an interesting list of flowers that tell the observant peasant the time of day in rural England. The scarlet pimpernel opens its petals at a few minutes past seven in the morning, and closes them again a little after two in the afternoon. In bad weather, however, like many a clock, the scarlet pimpernel refuses 'to go.' The star of Jerusalem, known also as "Jack-go-to-bed-at-noon," never varies in opening at three in the morning, and a believer in early closing, goes to bed at midday. The dandelion unfolds its glory to the sun at four in the morning; at five out comes the hawk's beard, and somewhere near six o'clock, for nature is not particular to a minute or two, the viper's grass blossoms. At seven the lettuce "spreads its petals;" eight is marked by the opening of Venus-looking glass; nine by the bloom of the creeping hawkweed; at ten the purple juniper bares its corolla to the sun; at eleven the star of Bethlehem "strikes," and, as we have seen, Jack-go-to-bed by his sleepiness tells the hour of noon. At one the succory opens; at two the squill expands; at three the marigold betrays her beauty to the sun; four o'clock is told, of course, by the four-o'clock's flower, and five belongs to one of the hawkweed family, the flower of the wall, and at six, when the laborer turns again home, the exquisite evening primrose shakes off the day's long sleep and welcomes him on the road. Nature's clocks go on "striking" after this, at any rate until 9 o'clock, but as every good countryman turns in soon after that hour, we need not pursue our subject further.

### SUNSHINE AND FRESH AIR.

If you want to be made better, physically, mentally and morally keep in the open air as much as possible—certainly in the summer. During the winter we necessarily live a more or less unnatural life. We breathe the air vitiated by

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

### INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MATTHEW 26.

"Jesus and Peter"—John 21. 15-22, & Text, John 21. 17.

### PRACTICAL NOTES.

Verse 15. When they had When their breakfast was over, saith to Simon Peter, Simon, son of Jonas, lovest thou me, more these? Are you still confident you love me more than the other disciples love me? The question was asked to arouse in Peter's mind, the minds of his fellows any co-ison or jealousy. But Peter had aroused these by his confessions, Matt. 26.33; Mark, and, so far as we know, these words are the only spoken rebuke ever received from our Lord his three denials. In reply Peter longer compares himself with others, but, as Dr. Churton beautifully "speaks as one that knows how to love most, because to him has been forgiven." It is noted that the evangelist refers to friend as "Simon Peter," but Jesus call him, "Simon, son of J This becomes pathetic when we member that "Peter" was a surname conferred by our Lord on this enthusiastic man because of the like steadfastness he foresaw in but Simon had forfeited the surname and had acted in a manner, to Dr. Watkins, "true to his name, but not true to his app name." Yes, Lord; thou knowest that I love thee. Profound feeling manifested in these words. Enrassing as the question was, must have felt some comfort in being it asked, for Jesus had lost faith in him he never would asked it. He at once makes his tions with the Lord a confident matter—"Thou knowest," He said to him, Feed my lambs. While Lord cares for all his flock, he cially cares for the weak and the tie—helps most those who need All who are to-day engaged in ing little children to the Lord b rites, by "providing diligently their instruction in the doctrin discipline of holiness," all pr class teachers, junior teachers, mediate teachers, workers among "juniors," of the Epworth Leagu similar societies, all faithful pa all people who at once love ch and love God, and are seekers to these two lovers together, are ing this holy injunction. See Act 1 Cor. 7.14; Eph. 6.4; 1 Pet. The end of this verse may be per place to pause to consider what we call mental associatio grouping of memories, must thrilled Peter's soul at this m Our Lord's question concerni love, and our Lord's commissio work, each uttered three times shall presently see, might we mind him of another trio—his three denials of the Lord; and of these denials had been made to a fire of coals. It was by th of this very lake, amid almost tical surroundings, that Jes first called him to be a fisher o Peter's inevitable memory of things will account for the deej tion he manifested.

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to become a Christian, but he does not know how to start. His father cannot tell him. Take him by the arm, walk with him down the street, and before you leave him be sure his feet are in the road to heaven. You are not called to be a king over a nation; you are not called to be general in an army; but God has given you the highest honour—he has put into your hands the keys of the kingdom. Behold faithful unto death and Christ will give thee a crown.

Here are the deacons of the church. They ought to be familiar with the ark lanes and rotten stairs and the amp cellars of these cities. There are hundreds of suffering, stretching out their hands for bread. Give it to them. Do you hear the cry of that freezing woman? Go, give speed to your feet while you buy her coal and pay her and tell her of that land where they never freeze and never starve, what a beautiful work that is. Oh, the reward of those who are faithful to the outcast and the suffering and the poor!

Then, here are the trustees of the church. Let them look after the church finances as well as they look after their own business. Let them know that God backs them up in their work, and that what they do for the church they do for God. In the name of him who will judge the quick and the dead I bid you rouse up to that work, the importance of which you will not appreciate until the last day comes.

#### AND THE BOOKS ARE OPEN.

Then, there is the Sunday school field. It is an immense congregation in itself. Oh, the work it is doing, it is waiting for some of you to help. I hear in the tramping of those little feet the marching of coming generations, and in the hosanna that this afternoon rang in the temple, I hear another psalm in the hallelujahs of heaven. Oh, when you close your eyes in the last sleep, to you not want your influence felt in the church and state. The lambs in the cold mountains are waiting for you to shepherd them. Do you say they are nothing but little children and of no great account? Does it seem a stooping for you to go there? That child has covered up in the ashes of his body a spark of immortality which will blaze on with untold splendor long after the sun has died of old age and all the countless worlds that glitter at night shall be swept off by the Almighty's breath as the small dust of the threshing floor. That soul at death will speed quicker than the eagle, swifter than lightning, swifter than thought forever and forever upward until lost in God, or plunge down into endless night. You are deciding whether it shall go upward or downward.

Then, there is the praying circle. Every Friday night you can go there and pluck clusters of life for your own soul and the souls of others. Has any one ever heard you pray? Is it because you are ashamed of your poor grammar or ashamed of Jesus that you have not been heard there? Is it because illiterate men sometimes take part and your taste is offended? Oh, when the long roll of Judgment thunders shall wake the dead and empires of the departed shall rise from the dust, and "Come, ye blessed," and "Depart ye cursed" shall rend the air, do you think such an excuse as that will stand? Oh, have you been living all these years in this world of trouble, and has no one ever heard you pray? I hear coming up through all the streets of the city a cry of bereavement uncomfited; of drunkenness unpitied; of uncleanness that knows no way of reformation. Behold, the gambling hells!

#### BEHOLD, THE GROGSHOPS!

Behold the brothels! O Lord Jesus, didst thou weep over the city, and shall we stand stolidly looking at all this wreck of broken families and

in the audience who says; "I am afraid some one will laugh at me if I become a Christian." Would you want to let anybody know you wept over sin? Wouldn't it be infinite mortification if anybody should find you on your knees? Will you allow your soul to be caught in such a thin trap as human scorn? Can these people who laugh at your seriousness insure you for the future? Can they bridge the chasm between this world and the next, and open for you the gate into the skies? If so, let this religion of Christ go down under a volley of merriment. But they can't help you, and

#### YOU KNOW THEY CAN'T.

When the earth crackles in the last fire, and the mountains crash into ruin, and the throne of judgment shall be set, white, flaming, omnipotent, what will be all this laughing and jeering of your associates!

I hear Jesus saying to that young man "Son, give me thy heart," and I hear him call to some young woman as to the maiden in the Scripture: "Damsel, I say unto thee, arise." Oh, that it might be like the crowning of a May queen, as the garlands of God come down upon the brows of these dear young people.

I hear some say, "I am too old." Alas, how old art thou? Seventy? Eighty? That is not too old. If thou canst not do any more than tremble towards the cross, if thou art too weak to-night to hold thy staff, if all thy soul seems to be bound down with sorrow, just stumble thy way and put thy withered arms around that cross, and life and joy and pardon and peace, and salvation will come to you. Though your sins are as scarlet they shall be as snow; though they be red like crimson, they shall be as wool. No, you are not too old.

I hear some one say: "Give me more time to think of this! What is time? We wrote compositions upon it in school, but what is time? It is a very swift wheel, and it goes around sixty times in a minute and every time it turns it hurls souls into eternity. Oh, what an uncertain thing life is! O ye who are voyaging on in life, dreaming of heaven, of the fruits of the tree of life, of heavenly supplies will you ever get them? Or will any of you wake up at last as from a dream to find nothing but darkness and hunger and thirst and woe? I wish I could batter down to-night the last obstacle in the way of your coming to God. "As I live," saith the Lord; "I have no pleasure in the death of him that dieth." Turn ye! why will ye die? You read in this Bible that the Israelites were all surrounded; there was the Red Sea before them and mountains on either side, and Pharaoh's host right after them. You are as thoroughly surrounded—eternity before you, eternity behind you, eternity on the right hand and eternity on the left hand, eternity above you, eternity beneath you. Oh, eternity! What glory and despair. What hallelujahs and wailing. What glittering of crowns and rattling of chains! Eternity! Where will we spend it? Who will be our companions? What will be our occupation? Eternity! Eternity! Oh, shoreless sea, oh, interminable procession! oh, unending years! Eternity! who can count thy joys! who can tell thy tears:

#### LADY DOCTORS.

In last year's report of the London School of Medicine for women it is stated that 254 women were trained during the year, some of whom have gone to the farthest ends of the world to become medical missionaries and to serve in hospitals. Almost every important town in India possesses a qualified lady doctor. In China there are many, Persia has one, and several are practising throughout South Africa.

Australia has 6,400 churches, 210 for every 10,000 of her population.

and at six, when the laborer turns again home, the exquisite evening primrose shakes off the day's long sleep and welcomes him on the road. Nature's clocks go on "striking" after this, at any rate until 9 o'clock, but as every good countryman turns in soon after that hour, we need not pursue our subject further.

#### SUNSHINE AND FRESH AIR.

If you want to be made better, physically, mentally and morally keep in the open air as much as possible—certainly in the summer. During the winter we necessarily live a more or less unnatural life. We breathe the air vitiated by coal heat, with all the vital qualities baked out of it, and hence during the winter we subject ourselves to a gradual process of slow poisoning. The antidote for this poisoning is fresh air. So this universal instinct to get out of doors during the spring of the year is a natural instinct, which, like all natural instincts, has a cause based on the internal condition of things. It is nature's effort to expel the stored-up poison accumulated during the winter. Man is naturally an open-air animal. Climatic conditions, however, render open-air life sometimes impossible. As soon as these conditions are removed, the old primal instinct asserts itself and this instinct to get out beneath the sky asserts itself, and this instinct cannot be disregarded, except at the peril of health. Get out in the open air every day, and stay there as long as you can.

Sunshine is the best general disinfectant, or, in the words of the Italian proverb, "Where the sun does not enter, the doctor will." And that, obviously, is one reason the more why all big towns should guard themselves against the close building which keeps out the sun, and the smoke and fog which turn it to darkness. The antiseptic influence of the sun is not warmth, but merely light. Great heat, great cold, no doubt, kills, and boiling or baking is still the best artificial disinfectant. But for prevention and general sanitary well-being, sunlight is undoubtedly the thing.

#### GIVING HER AGE.

It is not an ordinary man who can overcome a woman's reluctance to tell her age. Here is a record of one of the many failures in that line of effort:—

"And what is your age, madame?" was the attorney's question.

"My own," she answered promptly.

"I understand that, madame, but how old are you?"

"I am not old, sir," with indignation.

"I beg your pardon, madame. I mean, how many years have you passed?"

"None: the years have passed me."

"How many of them have passed you?"

"All. I never heard of them stopping."

"Madame, you must answer my question. I want to know your age."

"I don't know that the acquaintance is desired by the other side."

"I don't see why you insist upon refusing to answer me my question," said the attorney, coaxingly. "I am sure I would tell how old I was if I were asked."

"But nobody would ask you, for everybody knows you are old enough to know better than to be asking a woman her age, so there."

And the attorney passed to the next question.

#### FARMING BY ELECTRICITY.

Electricity has been applied by some enterprising Bavarian agriculturists to the operation of farming implements. A plant which supplies them with power for heating and lighting their homes furnishes the power. This is generated by steam and water, and the current is distributed from a central station. At given points on each farm a sub-station supplies the power for the operation of the farm implements. The only old-fashioned method in use is in the milking of cows. The plough, the harrow, the mower, the reaper, the heavy farm waggon, everything is operated by electricity and all on a paying basis.

work, each uttered three times a shall presently see, might well mind him of another trio—his three denials of the Lord; and of these denials had been made to a fire of coals. It was by the of this very lake, amid almost tical surroundings, that Jesus first called him to be a fisher of Peter's inevitable memory of things will account for the deep tion he manifested.

16. The second question simply cerns the apostle's love, omitting comparisons. Peter's answer before. The second commission lies a little from the first. "I shepherd of my sheep" would be more liberal: translation, with strong reasons to read, "my sheep." Thus far our Lord's for "love" is different from the used by Peter, with a difference cannot be represented by any words in English. It represents higher, more intellectual love—a of choice, of strong determination. Peter's reply has an almost self-precating effect, as if he said, "I not boast as once I did; but knowest."

17. The third time. Here the changes to Peter's word, and this haps, is part of the cause of Peter's grief; for the change may have pressed him as almost an expression of doubt, and he exclaims, Lord, knowest all things; thou knowest I love thee. The "circumstantial evidence" is all against Peter, he cannot doubt the genuineness of his own love, though he cannot put it; and surely Jesus himself, who repeatedly shown a prophet's power to read the human heart, must have known it. Feed my sheep. "My sheep." Dr. Watkins well expresses the gradation of the threefold mission thus: "1. Feed my lambs. Be a shepherd to the weak of the flock; 2. Feed these weak. The fundamental thought is 'Live I have lived for others.'" Peter sadly stumbled, but our Lord saved him; now he is to spend his in efforts to save other men. member that this commission is on to us as truly as it was to the apostle.

18, 19. Verily, verily, I say thee. A phrase of emphasis used repeatedly by John, and by no other evangelist. The rest of the needs little explanation. It is up of pairs of sentences. Peter was young he helped him when he became old he would be dependent upon others. When he young his will power had free when he becomes old he is to be by others against his will. The an ancient traditional explanation the phrase, Thou shalt stretch thy hands, and another shall thee, which refers it to a time Peter was to be bound to a cross chains. This explanation doubt was caused by the first words of 19: This spake he, signifying by death he should glorify God. I refers to this, 2 Pet. 1.14. It is ter to receive the word as a prophecy of martyrdom than a detailed description of the method. When he had spoken he said unto him, Follow me. There are three possible meanings of phrase. The one first to suggest itself to most minds is the same it had when Jesus first uttered to those selected as apostles; as now said, "Recommit your fortune. Start again as a disciple. Some commentators have held Jesus simply withdrew from the of the group and invited Peter to with him. But the true meaning evident when we recall the word Jesus as recorded by John in the tenth and fourteenth chapters his gospel. When before his Jesus repeated what he had said to the Jews, "Whither I go, ye cannot come," and added to the apostles now I say unto you." Peter a "Lord, whither goest thou?" and replied, "Whither I go, thou not follow me now; but thou



# SUNDAY SCHOOL.

NATIONAL LESSON, MAY 5.

and Peter" John 21. 15-22, Golden Text, John 21. 17.

## PRACTICAL NOTES.

15. When they had dined, their breakfast was over. Jesus to Simon Peter, Simon, son of lovest thou me, more than I? Are you still confident that I love thee more than the other disciples? The question was not to arouse in Peter's mind, or in the minds of his fellows any comparison of jealousy. But Peter himself roused these by his confident assertions, Matt. 26:33; Mark, 14. 29; so far as we know, these gentle are the only spoken rebuke Peter received from our Lord for three denials. In reply Peter no longer compares himself with others, as Dr. Churton beautifully says, "as one that knows he ought to be most, because to him most forgiveness." It is noticeable the evangelist refers to him as "Simon Peter," but makes call him, "Simon, son of Jonas." becomes pathetic when we remember that "Peter" was a surname given by our Lord to this earnest man because of the rocksteadfastness he foresaw in him; Simon had forfeited the surname, but acted in a manner, to quote Watkins, "true to his natural but not true to his apostolic." Yes, Lord; thou knowest I love thee. Profound feeling is expressed in these words. Embarrassed as the question was, Peter have felt some comfort in having asked, for Jesus had quite faith in him he never would have it. He at once makes his relationship with the Lord a confidential one—"Thou knowest." He saith unto me, Feed my lambs. While our cares for all his flock, he especially cares for the weak and the littlest children to the Lord by holy by "providing diligently for instruction in the doctrine and line of holiness," all primary teachers, junior teachers, intermediate teachers, workers among the young men, of the Epworth League and R societies, all faithful parents, people who at once love children and God, and are seekers to bring two lovers together, are fulfilling a holy injunction. See Acts 2. 29; 1. 7. 14; Eph. 6. 4; 1 Pet. 5. 2.

end of this verse may be a preface to pause to consider how we call mental association, the living of memories, must have reached Peter's soul at this moment. Our Lord's question concerning his and our Lord's commission to each uttered three times as we presently see, might well remind him of another trio—his own denials of the Lord; and each of these denials had been made close to the fire of coals. It was by the side of the very lake, amid almost identical surroundings, that Jesus had called him to be a fisher of men. The inevitable memory of these three will account for the deep emotion manifested.

The second question simply confirms the apostle's love, omitting all previous denials. Peter's answer is as follows. The second commission varies little from the first. "Be a shepherd of my sheep" would be a

follow me afterward." In view of the recent death of our Lord, and of the prophecy just spoken of Peter's death, these words certainly have a close bearing on this passage.

20; 21. Then Peter, turning about. We are to think of him as at once following, and possibly walking side by side with the Master, but, turning around, he sees John also coming. The rest of verse 20 simply identifies John as the disciple who followed. Lord, and what shall this man do? Probably Peter's motives in asking this question were many. He was on the border of a realm of mystery, and curiosity could not but be active. He deeply loved both Jesus and John. His question may mean, "What shall this man suffer?" He may merely mean to call our Lord's attention to John's following unbidden, but the tone of the narrative suggests more than this.

22. If I will that he tarry till I come, what is that to thee? follow thou me. There are commentators that explain that John was coming unbidden, and that Peter, desiring him to come, but fearing that his presence would be an intrusion, called our Lord's attention to it, and that these words simply tell John to stay where he is until Jesus returned to the group. Such an explanation loses entirely the spirit and feeling of the story. There is ever a strange mingling of act and thought, of symbol and fulfillment, in the communications of Jesus and his disciples, and though we are inclined to believe that there was at this time a physical following of Jesus—that Peter actually arose and walked with the Master, and that John also may have done so, at a little distance, and unbidden—there is also a very emphatic spiritual significance; no less emphatic, though we may not be able to explain every phrase of it. That John himself did not feel free to explain these words, and possibly did not understand them fully, is shown in the next verse, in which he points out that they were misunderstood by some of the brethren. The gist of the spiritual lesson is that we are to learn that our one great duty is unquestioningly to follow Jesus.

## IN COMPANY WITH LIONS.

A Hunter's Experience With the King of Beasts in Africa.

Some people must hold life cheaply or an adventure like that recounted by the author of "Sports in East Central Africa," would hardly be risked. The author, ill with fever, was in a little settlement of blacks. Hearing that lions were in the neighborhood, he insisted upon having the carcass of a boar placed as bait not far from his hut, and although his legs were too weak to carry him a dozen yards, he had himself propped against the door-jamb, took his double-barreled rifle across his knees, and prepared to watch. It was nearly one o'clock when the lions gave notice of their arrival.

I heard the heavy grunting sighs of three or four of them as they moved about in the scrub two hundred yards away. Then followed a series of rushes, as they leaped from the bank of the creek and lapped the water noisily. Next came a terrified voice, from a neighbouring hut, "White man, we are going!" and the boys rushed pell-mell from their shelter, some passing in front of me and others behind, making for a grove of trees.

Scarcely had the first of them got well outside the huts when it seemed as if a lion were right among them. It dashed past my hut, with deep, savage grunts, bounding through the scrub in close pursuit. A yell rang

# WORK OF RAND RIFLES.

A CORRESPONDENT SAYS WAR IS A GREAT DEMOCRATIZER.

Rand Englishmen Must Be Ready to Fight or Starve—A Motley Force—To Embrace Every British Subject in the District.

A former member of Remington's Scouts in South Africa writes to the London Graphic from Johannesburg as follows:

After eight months of British occupation and military government, we do not appear to be much "forwarder" as far as the resumption of our ordinary everyday duties and business is concerned. The streets still keep their bare and deserted appearance; the Reef is still silent; and we still wait and hope. News of any description is a minus quantity; yarns and rumours furnish some subjects for conversation, but as the home papers are our only authoritative sources of information, and as we only get them three weeks after publication, the news is somewhat stale.

Were it not for the "Rand Rifles" we should be altogether without something to talk about. The English population of the Rand are armed men at last. In place of the aforetime "Johannesburg Vrywilligers" and "Zarps," we now have this appropriately named corps. It affords food for reflection in more ways than one. Time was when almost every one but an Englishman could swagger down Commissioner street

## WITH RIFLE AND BANDOLIER.

now no one but an Englishman has the chance of doing so. It is nominally a force of volunteers. That is, if you don't like to join it you cannot be forced to do so, you are simply provided with a pass to some seaport or you are unable to get the wherewithal to keep yourself alive. The motto which appears to be applied is the old one paraphrased: "If an Englishman won't help to guard his own skin, neither shall he eat." The principle is all right, and it is to be hoped that it will be applied on a larger scale. One of the things to be admired among the Boers is their carrying out of this principle. We do not see them leaving the fighting part of the business, with its consequent danger, to one class or portion of their people, and arrogating to the other the sole right to govern, because, forsooth, they get out of the risk of their hides by paying the bill. I have come to the conclusion that war is a great democratizer. A man, whatever his position, who reckoned himself too good for a common soldier out here at this present moment, would have

## A ROUGH JOURNEY.

He must help to guard his own skin, and not run away with the idea that he is a superior person, whose life is valuable to anyone but himself. Needless to say, some "tried it on," and considered themselves hardly treated when it did not work. There is no gainsaying the fact that the body of John Jones, Esq., financier and capitalist, will stop a bullet quite as effectively as the body of Bill Smith, who is employed by J. J. in his stable. It is also very probable that Bill is by far the better man, with his rifle.

Appropos of the foregoing, there is a well known bank manager here who thought that acting the "Tommy"

# THE POULTRY INDUSTRY.

MR. PERCY M. BUTTON GIVES HINTS TO THE BEGINNER.

Fowls That Are Most in Demand—How to Build a Poultry House—Number of Birds in a Penn—The Best Winter Layers.

The poultry industry has passed from a mere pastime, as it was to many a few years ago, to a solid, matter-of-fact business undertaking, and it requires just as much hard thinking, close figuring and good management to succeed in this business as in any other, if not more. The beginner must have an object in view and must decide from the start whether it shall be for fancy, or utility, or a combination of both, that he intends to follow. Whatever the desire is, every poultryman should invest in a "Standard of Perfection," as it is only from that he can get a knowledge of what his birds should be, thus enabling him to breed intelligently to standard requirements. An important consideration is "what does your market call for?" Having decided this, you are then in a better position to choose the variety or varieties of fowl that will answer your purpose best in this respect. For general purposes birds of the American class are mostly used; if eggs alone are desired, the Mediterranean class take precedence.

Invest in the very best stock you can see your way clear to do, and, remember it takes many a hard day's work before you can sit down and figure up the profits, and many a one who reads this and is now profiting by his early experiences, can doubtless look back and wonder how they pulled through the first year of bitter disappointments. They were going to come out with such brilliant prospects (on paper), but the end of the year found them older and wiser.

What about the poultry house? This need not be expensive, but must be substantial, storm-proof and convenient. The building should be no higher than necessary, windows as large and near to the floor as practicable. Roosts flat and on the level with drop boards, that can be easily cleaned every day. Feed troughs on the wall, not more than six inches wide. Water fountains should be used that can be easily cleaned inside as well as out. Nests should be made comfortable and darkened. Everything in the house should be in a position to be easily moved and cleaned. A liberal supply of good scratching material must be provided. You can hardly give too much. A little slacked lime sprinkled in the pens when cleaned keeps them fresh, and will partially help to keep down lice. These pests, that often cause more loss and harm than anything else, especially to young chicks, must be combated with the year round. Each bird should be thoroughly examined and dusted with some reliable insect powder, or treated with some other effective remedy that will keep "biddy" clean and free from lice, allowing her to devote all her time and energy to the performance of her duties. For lice in the house and on the roosts take about a quart of kerosene, into which put a teaspoonful of carbolic acid, and spray thoroughly. This is sure death to the troublesome mites. This should be done at short intervals through the summer, not waiting until the house gets again infested.

A dust bath should also be provided, into which the hens can plunge and dust at their leisure, which they will do on every sunny day. Sifted coal ashes and road dust combined answers very well. The dust box should be about two feet square and six inches deep.

A great mistake, often made, is putting too many birds in a pen together. Sometimes this has to be done. Of course it makes less work, but it has been proved over and over again that the small flocks pay best. The larger the flock, the more birds there will be that will not get their full share of feed and that seem to have to take a "back seat" all the time, consequently they do the least in filling the egg basket, not only that, but what eggs are produced from such birds are apt to be infertile or contain weak germs. Where it is practicable, trap nests should be used,



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The second commission var- little from the first. "Be a rd of my sheep" would be a liberal translation, with some reasons to read, "my little

Thus far our Lord's word ve" is different from the word y Peter, with a difference that be represented by any two in English. It represents a more intellectual love—a love ce, of strong determination. reply has an almost self-de- ing effect, as if he said, "I dare ast as once I did; but thou

The third time. Here the Lord s to Peter's word, and this, per- s part of the cause of Peter's for the change may have im- him as almost an expression t, and he exclaims, Lord, thou t all things; thou knowest that thee. The "circumstantial e" is all against Peter, but not doubt the genuineness of a love, though he cannot prove surely Jesus himself, who has dly shown a prophet's power l the human heart, must know Feed my sheep. "My little

Dr. Watkins well expresses adation of the threefold com- thus; "1. Feed my lambs; 2. hepherd to the weak ones of ck; 3. Feed these weak ones."

fundamental thought is "Live, as lived for others." Peter had stumbled, but our Lord had him; now he is to spend his life rts to save other men. Rer that this commission is giv- is as truly as it was to the

9. Verily, verily, I say unto A phrase of emphasis used re- ly by John, and by no other list. The rest of the verse little explanation. It is made pairs of sentences. When was young he helped himself; e became old he would be de- t upon others. When he was his will power had free play; e becomes old he is to be taken ers against his will. There is ient traditional explanation of rase, Thou shalt stretch forth nds, and another shall gird hich refers it to a time when was to be bound to a cross by

This explanation doubtless used by the first words of verse s spake he, signifying by what he should glorify God. Peter to this, 2 Pet. 1. 14. It is be- receive the word as a general cy of martyrdom than as a d description of the method of

When he had spoken this, i unto him, Follow me. There re possible meanings of this . The one first to suggest to most minds is the same that when Jesus first uttered it e selected as apostles; as if he id, "Recommit your fortunes to Start again as a disciple."

commentators have held that simply withdrew from the rest group and invited Peter to go im. But the true meaning is t when we recall the words of s recorded by John in the thir- and fourteenth chapters of spel. When before his death repeated what he had said to ws, "Whither I go, ye cannot and added to the apostles, "So say unto you," Peter asked, whither goest thou? and Jesus , "Whither I go, thou canst llow me now; but thou shalt

three or four of them as they moved about in the scrub two hundred yards away. Then followed a series of rushes, as they leaped from the bank of the creek and lapped the water noisily. Next came a terrified voice, from a neighbouring hut, "White man, we are going!" and the boys rushed pell-mell from their shelter, some passing in front of me and others behind, making for a grove of trees.

Scarcely had the first of them got well outside the huts when it seemed as if a lion were right among them. It dashed past my hut, with deep, savage grunts, bounding through the scrub in close pursuit. A yell rang out from the darkness, and I was convinced that one of the blacks was being devoured; but, I was too weak to stand, and could not go to his assistance.

After some further noise and confusion I heard a lion treading over the dead leaves near by. Then came a prolonged and muffled sound, half-roar, half-moan. The beast walked to the back of my hut, and thrusting his nose among the thatched grass, sniffed loudly. I could see the light stalks, stirring with his breath, and hear the rustling when he endeavored to insert a paw between the interstices of the wattles.

Each instant I expected the structure to collapse. Luckily this did not happen. The lions had destroyed one hut, and partly ruined two more, not to speak of smashing the one next mine, which contained all my stores.

I could hear them making a terrific noise, snuffing, grunting and snarling, breaking sticks and clanking metal. Every now and then one would leap down the bank into the water, and then come tearing back breathing heavily and growling low. Yet not a whisker did one of them show in the firelight in front of me.

The excitement did me good. The next morning I was up and about. Not one of the boys had been injured, although one had had a marvelous escape. The lions were close upon him as he reached a tree. He sprang at a branch, and in his terror seized the leg of another black who had clambered up before him.

Terrified lest he should fall into the lion's maw, the other fellow kicked his leg clear, so that the unfortunate black fell to the ground, uttering the yell I had heard. The boy explained that the nearest lion only growled as he scrambled to his feet and climbed another tree as fast as his legs would shoo.

#### BRIDGET'S GRIEVANCE.

The wife of a clever detective is said to have powers nearly equal to those possessed by her husband. Not long ago she began to notice that sixpences and shillings were daily disappearing as if by magic from the "change purse" in which she kept silver for small purchases. She was inclined to suspect one of her two maids, a sullen Irish girl, but was unwilling to accuse her. After some thought she wrote on a slip of paper, "Neither Bridget nor Celia must take any money from this purse." This slip she put into the purse with some silver and awaited developments.

Two days later Bridget came to her and gave "warning."

What is the matter? asked her mistress, innocently.

I'll be going to another place, said Bridget, vindictively, and it's yourself that knows the reason. I'll not stay in a house where I'm accused of stealing money out of a little ould purse that's niver had more than half a suvran in it since I took service here!

Jones—"Dear me! You say you often lay down the law to your wife. How do you go about it?" Bones—"Why, all you need is firmness. I usually go into my study, lock the door, and do it through the keyhole."

He must help to guard his own skin, and not run away with the idea that he is a superior person, whose life is valuable to anyone but himself. Needless to say, some "tried it on," and considered themselves hardly treated when it did not work. There is no gainsaying the fact that the body of John Jones, Esq., financier and capitalist, will stop a bullet quite as effectively as the body of Bill Smith, who is employed by J. J. in his stable. It is also very probable that Bill is by far the better man, with his rifle.

Appropos of the foregoing, there is a well known bank manager here who thought that acting the "Tommy" was rather infra dig. He made a mistake in his drill one morning and the sergeant pulled him up. Recounting this afterwards to some chums, in a very disconsolate tone of voice he remarked: "I wouldn't have minded a bit, but there was a cabby next to me, and he even had his badge on." Drill starts at 7 a.m., and at that time you can see all sorts and conditions of men rolling up dressed in flannels and sweaters. They are not allowed to wear uniforms unless called out for duty. It has been a problem with many

#### HOW TO GET INTO THEIR KHAKI.

It is alleged that one gallant R. R., whose girth is above the standard of the Ordnance Department, but who has a very buxom cook, handed his unmentionables over to her to "break in" for him. Another was compelled to cut a V, and to take up the slack with a small rope. Whether there will ever be any great demand for the services of this force remains to be seen. Riflemen are not made in a hurry, and before they will be much use considerable practice at the butts and elsewhere will be essential. Johannesburgers must always have their jokes, even at their own expense. The yarn goes that when a squad went to the targets the other day to have their capabilities as marksmen tested the first range of 500 yards was negotiated without any damage being done to the target; at 400 yards, the same; at 200, ditto. At last the n.c.o. in charge gave the order "Fix bayonets and let's hit the thing somehow."

In case of an alarm, the signal is given by blowing a succession of triple toots on the mine whistles or tooters, when every Rand rifleman is supposed to make straight to his allotted post, and all foreigners and civilians are

#### ORDERED TO GET INDOORS.

wherever they may be, and stop there till permission to leave is given, on the pain of being shot by the troops. This creates a certain problem. If A. B. is a mile from home when the alarm is sounded he must slip into the first convenient house and stop there till he gets leave to get out. This may give rise to some very amusing Gilbertian situations, which I needn't enlarge upon. Some facetious youths are already "prospect- ing" for convenient refuges. Patrols and pickets of the R. R. have already taken up the duties of some of the regulars, thus liberating men for more active service, and this alone is sufficient to justify the creation of the corps. There are three classes or sections: Mounted, bicyclists and foot-sloggers, and, as every British subject who gets back to the Rand is compelled, under the before mentioned disabilities, to join, there is every probability that the R. R. will some day number many thousand men.

Servant—"Please, sir, don't you think I had better go for the doctor?"

Master Johnny says he feels so bad." The Governor—"Oh, that's nothing; he's felt bad before this, hasn't he, and got over it?" Servant—"Yes, sir; but not on a half holiday!"

dust at their leisure, which they will do on every sunny day. Sifted coal ashes and road dust combined answers very well. The dust box should be about two feet square and six inches deep.

A great mistake, often made, is putting too many birds in a pen together. Sometimes this has to be done. Of course it makes less work, but it has been proved over and over again that the small flocks pay best. The larger the flock, the more birds there will be that will not get their full share of feed and that seem to have to take a "back seat" all the time, consequently they do the least in filling the egg basket, not only that, but what eggs are produced from such birds are apt to be infertile or contain weak germs. Where it is practicable, trap nests should be used, every bird numbered and an accurate account kept for each hen. Not only should be kept of every item of expenditure and receipts in connection with the business. Accounts must be kept of everything, not only in dollars and cents, but an account should be kept of the amount fed daily, if possible, for each pen. Account should be kept of the number of eggs laid by each pen of birds, and, in fancy breeding, a strict account of each individual bird. In fact, nothing should be done but what is accounted for somewhere. These accounts not only show profit and loss, but by careful comparison between the feed and the egg account, conclusions can be drawn that should enable the breeder to feed more profitably in the future and give especial attention to points wherein he sees a chance of improving.

At this time of the year, when the fine sunny days remind one that spring is at hand, great care must be taken in handling the birds that have been confined to their pens all winter. If they are allowed to run out before the sun is well up in the heavens, or allowed to remain out until the sun has sunk below the horizon, they will get chilled, and a marked decrease will be seen in the egg supply, not only this, it renders them infertile and makes the hen more liable to disease. An hour's outing in the middle of the day is plenty to start with.

Perhaps the most important feature of our work at the present, and to which we must give most of our attention for the next few weeks, is "Incubation." Whether we employ the hen or the incubator, it requires careful consideration and forethought. Chicks hatched from the middle of April to the end of May, make the best winter layers. We will first consider the setting hen. A box should be provided that is from 6 to 8 inches deep, into this should be placed at least two inches of moist earth or a sod cut the size of the box and slightly hollowed in the centre. On this place a comfortable nest material, soft straw, chaff or cut hay. Into this sprinkle some insect powder. Place the box where you desire to set your bird, which must be in a quiet spot where she will be undisturbed and where no other hens can use the nest. After dark, get your hen and put her on the nest with two or three nest-eggs for the first night. In all probability she will remain on the nest, if so, it will be safe to place the eggs for setting under her the next night. Do not try and change or set the bird in the day-time. The eggs selected should be of uniform size and color, as eggs from different varieties set together will not hatch as well as if they were all taken from one breed of birds. This is even more particular in the incubator. Feed no soft food whatever, but have pure water, grain and grit before her all the time, and all being well she will hatch from 90 to 100 per cent. of the eggs set. If any eggs happen to be broken, at once change the nest material and clean any eggs that may be soiled. Above all, don't forget to dust the hen, when you place her on the nest, and again about two days before the chicks are due. Never set a hen that is at all uneasy, and always have two or three hens setting at the same time, if possible, as when the chicks arrive, one or two hens can care for three or four broods, allowing the other mothers to return to the flock and become money-makers again by laying.

—Toronto Ladies' Journal.

Benson—Look here, that boy of yours threw a stone at me just now, and barely missed me. Proud Father—You say he missed you? Benson, angrily—You heard what I said, didn't you? Proud Father—Then it couldn't have been my boy.

# LANGUID



Many a school-girl is said to be lazy and shiftless when she doesn't deserve the least bit of it. She can't study, easily falls asleep, is nervous and tired all the time. And what can you expect? Her brain is being fed with impure blood and her whole system is suffering from poisoning. Such girls are wonderfully helped and greatly changed, by taking

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Hundreds of thousands of schoolgirls have taken it during the past 50 years. Many of these girls now have homes of their own. They remember what cured them, and now they give the same medicine to their own children. You can afford to trust a Sarsaparilla that has been tested for half a century.

\$1.09 a bottle. All druggists.

If your bowels are constipated take Ayer's Pills. You can't have good health unless you have daily action of the bowels. 25 cts. a box.

"One box of Ayer's Pills cured my dyspepsia." L. D. CARBELL, Jan. 12, 1890. Bath, N. Y.

### Write the Doctor.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly receive, write the doctor freely. You will receive a prompt reply without cost. Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

## The Napanee Express

### THE CENSUS.

Up to Tuesday returns had been received from 875 census enumerators, or about one-tenth of the total number engaged in counting the population. This is a remarkable showing, as compared with the census of 1891, when only 53 returns for the month of April reached headquarters. Of the 875 for April, 479 came from Ontario, 359 from Quebec, 20 from Manitoba, 13 from New Brunswick and 6 from Nova Scotia. An examination of the schedules which have come in indicates that the enumerators have performed their duties with greater intelligence and fidelity than at previous censuses.

The enumeration of Lennox county is practically complete, and the books have been forwarded to the proper authorities. Only one recalcitrant person troubled any enumerator, and a kindly worded invitation from the

ability to think well and clearly, and, generally, the man who can speak most forcibly is the man who can act with most decision. The thought lies behind the word and the deed in front of it. This explains why the Cabinet of any Government usually comprises its best speakers. It is important that the acts of a Government shall be clearly translated to the public. The Ontario Cabinet is pretty well equipped with eloquence. By many Premier Ross is considered the most effective English orator in Canada. He is not only a political speaker, but he is in great request at banquets and functions of all sorts for his easy humor and wide outlook. Nothing of human interest seems to be foreign to the Premier's mind, and on all subjects that he covers he speaks with the authority of a knowledge culled at first hand. He has a Scotchman's predilection for facts and an orator's dexterity in adorning them, making them palatable, and yet not sacrificing their good effect. It may be a matter of disposition or training; it may be that the practical questions which the Ontario Government has to deal with—at any rate the most eager seeker for information has never gone away hungry from a speech by Premier Ross. He always seasons his words with a sprinkling of statistics that are well worth digesting, but which may be taken away without marring the speech as a whole. This is one reason why the Premier's addresses are so acceptable to all classes. In this respect he is something of a contrast to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, another great orator, who doesn't always condescend to figures. Premier Ross remembers that Ontario is a very practical province, and his whole public career seems to be an avoidance of Hamlet's criticism, "words, mere words." The Premier's skill in condensation and precise expression may be put down to his early experiences as a newspaper editor. It was then he learned to "boil down," to think closely, and to do neat literary joinery. It is probably for this reason that his speeches never slop over, never show any perivind rhetoric or extemporaneous padding. Such speeches always read well without editorial pruning. This is a rare quality in a political speech. The intention of the Government to do a little spell-binding this summer is a wise one. Many people in Ontario have been entertained by the Premier's eloquence in the cause of temperance, moral reform, Canadian history, and the political issues of the day. Still there are many who have never heard him. Consequently it is a good idea to send the Premier into some of the fighting constituencies. It is a foregone conclusion that the Ross Government will gain many new friends by the Premier's clever exposition of the questions of the day.

Mr. Harcourt, the Minister of Education, is the head of a department which calls for high activities of mind and speech. The subject of education is as wide as the civilized world, and a comprehension of it is, of necessity, an enlarging influence. To manage the educational system of Ontario effectively Mr. Harcourt must have not only a thorough knowledge of Ontario, but also a comparative knowledge of systems and methods used in other countries. It is not too much to say that Mr. Harcourt is a competent Minister of Education, and that he has fully apprehended his duties and the

## What is

# CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Dro and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

### Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

### Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any other medicine known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D. Brooklyn

## THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*

## APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

surprise many people by his fluency. Just give him a subject, and he can coin phrases and scatter adjectives with the best of them.

Mr. Stratton, the Provincial Secretary, will be a strong card in the tour. It will not take Ontario audiences long to understand his good comradeship, his heartiness, and his breezy candor. The Provincial Secretary is, above all things, a man of affairs—the more affairs he can tackle the better he likes it—and he has the reputation of being one of the hardest workers that ever had an office in Queen's Park.

Mr. Latchford, Minister of Public Works, has an easy, genial manner, and, being a lawyer, he can present a case clearly and succinctly. Mr. Gibson, the Attorney-General, makes no claim to eloquence. As one critic has said, he suffers from an embarrassment of riches, and sometimes he hesitates as he chooses the right word for the right place. Mr. Gibson's matter will always be found worth consideration for its hard sense and practical tendency. As a chairman of committee, to get through an amazing amount of work, the Attorney-General is without a peer. Mr. Davis, the Minister of Crown Lands, has always been known as a fluent speaker, with a business-like force and trenchancy.

### HIS NEW SILK HAT.

### A Joke That Made the Spo Hot and Cold by Turn

The young man who prides upon his swell and dapper air had just bought a new silk hat had been sent to the office from store. It arrived while he was con, and one of the boys received and after the messenger was got out the prize for general inspection was certainly a beauty, but a man cannot afford to wear a silk hat can see any sense in any other wearing one. Therefore the young man up a little plot to have joy sporty purchaser.

The new hat was stowed away in his clothes closet, and the office sent to the county Democracy letters to borrow the worst old hat could be found in the rooms, had been through all the par years and had been kicked from post. The boy got it all right was carefully stowed in the hat placed on the swell youth's head came bustling in soon after jumped toward the package.

"Oh, my new hat came, did asked, beginning to unwrap the. "Well, say, you fellows can 'ki hat all you want, but here's o a—"

He got that far before he opened box and took out the ancient hat looked like a vain regret. Then some remarks which are unfit for publication.

"I'll show 'em!" he shouted, and



from Quebec, 20 from Manitoba, 13 from New Brunswick and 6 from Nova Scotia. An examination of the schedules which have come in indicates that the enumerators have performed their duties with greater intelligence and fidelity than at previous censuses.

The enumeration of Lennox county is practically complete, and the books have been forwarded to the proper authorities. Only one recalcitrant person troubled any enumerator, and a kindly worded invitation from the commissioner induced the party to give the information sought.

#### THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

It has been decided, we learn on good authority, to erect a suitable building for this important institution. The president and directors have been steadily working to this end, and success is about to crown their efforts. The munificence of the citizens of the town, (notably that of Harvey Warner, Esq., who presented the library with the premises adjoining the Brisco House, and of Messrs. Uriah and John Wilson, who make a gift of the land), has enabled the library board to decide on the erection of a two thousand dollar building. The site given is on the corner of Robert and Dundas streets, a fine situation, in the centre of the town. As the land is a gift, the directors had not much choice as to location, but it is doubtful if they could have got a much better site. W. S. Herrington, Esq., is making a gift of the plan for the building, which will be on view shortly. Some public spirited citizen may wish to add to the beauty of the building by the gift of a memorial window to the Canadians who fell in South Africa, or some liberally disposed gentleman may wish to show his loyalty by a gift commemorating the reign of Victoria the Good, and any such gift will be thankfully received by the directors.

Although politics are a practical affair, a politician would be in a bad way if he could not present his case skillfully. The people of Ontario will presently have a chance to judge what the Cabinet Ministers can do in the way of talking, and they will have no reason to be disappointed. Talk is cheap, to be sure, but in legislative assemblies it is the surface index of

speech. The subject of education is as wide as the civilized world, and a comprehension of it is, of necessity, an enlarging influence. To manage the educational system of Ontario effectively Mr. Harcourt must have not only a thorough knowledge of Ontario, but also a comparative knowledge of systems and methods used in other countries. It is not too much to say that Mr. Harcourt is a competent Minister of Education, and that he has fully apprehended his duties and the workings of his department. His intimate acquaintance with detail was shown several times during the last session of the Legislature, when the department was under some stress from the Opposition. The educational system of Ontario is a very concinnate machine, and explanations of it might easily become tedious if they were not well couched. Mr. Harcourt succeeded not only in keeping the outline distinct, but also in making the details interesting. He expounded the general principle that the educational system is contrived to confer the greatest good on the greatest number, and that in these days the greatest number are interested in having a practical education that will fit them for earning a livelihood with the greatest economy of time. Mr. Harcourt will doubtless have something to say to the public about the Department of Education. He will explain the system, and will prove that a great deal of the criticism is irresponsible, either coming from people who know little about it, or who are more apt at tearing down than at practical suggestions for building up. Mr. Harcourt will tell the public these things in crisp, lucid English, which will clear away many misunderstandings.

\* \* \*

As Minister of Agriculture, Mr. Dryden is pretty well known to the brawn and sinew of Ontario, the farming community. He is eloquent in dairy schools, agricultural colleges, farmers' institutes, and other things which have helped to develop agriculture in this province. People will remember that his last speech in the Legislature was in support of a generous grant to the beet sugar industry—a grant which had in mind not only the manufacturer, but also the farmer who does the growing. Mr. Dryden's is a department which hardly demands impassioned oratory, but it does demand a wise head and a practical bent. However, when the Cabinet goes on the stump Mr. Dryden will

of riches, and sometimes he hesitates as he chooses the right word for the right place. Mr. Gibson's matter will always be found worth consideration for its hard sense and practical tendency. As a chairman of committee, to get through an amazing amount of work, the Attorney-General is without a peer. Mr. Davis, the Minister of Crown Lands, has always been known as a fluent speaker, with a business-like force and trenchancy.

Mr. Halliday's election in North Bruce has been protested.

A monument of our late Queen is to be erected in Winnipeg at a cost of \$20,000.

A despatch from Amsterdam announces that Kruger will leave for the United States early in June.

A drug trust is talked of. Where other trusts are looked on as robberies this would indicate a sort of pillage.

It will soon be time for the big fish stories, which usually prevail at this season of the year, to be trotted out.

Now is a good time to begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the medicine that cleanses the blood and clears the complexion.

Down in Prince Edward Island they fine boys under 16 years of age, who are found smoking cigarettes. That is a better way to deal with this evil than continue to allow them to be used, and formulating an agitation against their use.

The big dandelion farm near Pottsville, Pa., is paying large dividends. There are a good many dandelion farms producing well in Lennox County, but we have yet to learn that the owners regard the weed as anything else than a nuisance. Perhaps they are cultivating something akin to a goldmine and don't know it.

A commission will likely be appointed to investigate the trust that keeps the price of printing paper up to the present abnormally high price. The price exacted by the monopolists and combines in the printing paper and pulpwood industries, is regarded with disfavor by publishers, and the matter should be investigated.

**Stomach "Scowls."**—Ever notice the seams and furrows that steal into the face of the sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia and chronic stomach ailments? Watch the sunshine break in and the lines vanish when Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are given a chance to show their power. One lady, in writing of their efficacy in her case, calls them "A heaven-born healer." 35 cts. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—120

Nearly everybody has heard of the C. P. R. time and how carefully it is kept, and also for the provision made to see that all trainmen have it exact. First of all the reckoning is made in the observatory at McGill University, Montreal, every day. A telegraph operator takes his place in the head commercial office of the C. P. R. at Montreal every morning at 11.54, and for two minutes he has complete control of every telegraph line controlled by the C. P. R. No matter who wants it, no matter what the urgency, nobody can get a word over the C. P. R. telegraph line from 11.54 till 11.56 every morning. The operator stands within view of the big pendulum at McGill, and at 11.54 the chief electrician of the C. P. R. switches all the wires on the key under the operator's hand and precisely at that minute he begins to beat the time to the whole C. P. R. system from Halifax to Vancouver. He beats in unison with the swing of the big pendulum for 50 seconds and then he stops for 10 seconds. Then he begins again with a double beat and keeps this up for 50 seconds more. Then he leaves the circuit open for 10 seconds, when he gives a quick double beat and closes the circuit. The double beat indicates that it is precisely 11.56 o'clock.

Convinced by Printed Testimony of the hundreds of the cured, Mrs. Benz, of 418 E. 5th street, New York, who was for years a great sufferer from Catarrh, procured two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and it effected an absolute cure in a very short while. One puff through the blower will clear the head and stop headache. 50 cents. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—113

post. The boy got it all right, was carefully stowed in the hat placed on the swell youth's desk came bustling in soon afterwards jumped toward the package.

"Oh, my new hat came, did I asked, beginning to unwrap the package. "Well, say, you fellows can 'kid' hat all you want, but here's one a"

He got that far before he opened box and took out the ancient plug looked like a vain regret. Then he some remarks which are unfit for cation.

"I'll show 'em!" he shouted, with crowd kept up the roar of laughter decent limits. "I'll let 'em know they're playing jokes on!" And I med the old hat back into the preparatory to going back to the store with it. It was time to me switch again, and one of the boys him into the private office a moment something very imperative, while I shifted the hats and put the new back in the box.

Returning from the momentary enee, the indignant young man took the hatbox and stamped away hat store.

"What do you mean," he demanded, slamming the box down and not pulling at the string, "by sending old wreck of a hat like this?" I pulled out the shining new one I bought a few hours before.

What the salesman said and what the young man said realized are not necessary to the story ought to end right there.

#### A Social Blunder.

They said that he was comme il faut, The proper caper and the cheese, Because he always dressed just so, His trousers fitted him at the knee He never could get quite at ease If he'd not done the proper dress He feared the censor of the squeeze And suffered deep and dire distress It would have thrown him in a swoon If he had been compelled to wear A morning coat for afternoon; For fitness he was always there. He'd suits that suited everything, For shooting, tennis, golf and boati For winter, summer, fall and spring, Ashore or in his yacht a-floating. But still his feteen was not clean; His Scotchbon he an ugly stain. One certain morning he was seen Out walking in a driving rain.

# Are You Well

Unusual question!

If your digestion needs rest—whatever else may be true—you can get it. SCOTT'S EMULSION of Liver Oil.

Whatever else it may be it is a vacation for stomach partly for bowels.

It feeds you a little wit any work at all by the stone. That little may be enough set your whole body going again; for it helps you more than it feeds you.

If you have not tried it send for free sample agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists Toronto, 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists

# ROBERT LIGHT

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Lumber, Doors, Sash, Blinds and Mouldings.

Bee Hives and Sections

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Orders Solicited.

Richard St., Napanee.



## Lasts a Lifetime.

That is just what they say of Vapo-Cresolene. The vaporizer is practically indestructible, and the Cresolene is certainly not expensive. This way of treating affections of the throat is most economical, and is also most effective. Our little picture illustrates how it's used. You put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light lamp beneath, and then breathe in the soothing, healing vapor. For whooping-cough and croup it's a perfect specific.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by druggists everywhere. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit, including the Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a life-time, and a bottle of Cresolene, complete, \$1.50; extra supplies of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Illustrated booklet containing physicians' testimonials free upon request. VAPOR-CRESOLENE CO., 180 Fulton St., New York, U.S.A. Recommended and sold by A. W. Grange & Bro. Druggists, Napanee.



is  
**ORIAL**

ldren. Castoria is a  
Oil, Paregoric, Drops  
tains neither Opium,  
stance. It is Pleasant.  
use by Millions of  
s and allays Feverish-  
d Wind Colic. Castoria  
res Constipation and  
the Food, regulates  
ts and Children, giving  
oria is the Children's

**Castoria.**  
Castoria is so well adapted to children  
recommend it as superior to any pre-  
n known to me."  
H. A. ARCHER, M. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**SIGNATURE OF**  
  
**Y WRAPPER.**  
RECT, NEW YORK CITY.

**HIS NEW SILK HAT.**  
ke That Made the Sporty Man  
Hot and Cold by Turns.  
young man who prides himself  
his swell and dapper appearance  
ust bought a new silk hat, and it  
cen seat to the office from the hat  
It arrived while he was at lunch-  
nd one of the boys receipted for it  
fter the messenger was gone hauled  
ie prize for general inspection. It  
certainly a beauty, but a man who  
t afford to wear a silk hat never  
ee any sense in any other person  
ng one. Therefore the gang got  
little plot to have joy with the  
purchaser.  
new hat was stowed away in the  
s closet, and the office boy was  
o the county Democracy headquar-  
d borrow the worst old plug that  
be found in the rooms, one that  
een through all the parades for  
and had been kicked from pillar to  
The boy got it all right, and it  
arefully stowed in the hatbox and  
l on the swell youth's desk. He  
bustling in soon afterward and  
d toward the package.  
; my new hat came, did it?" he  
beginning to unwrap the package,  
say, you fellows can 'kid' a silk  
l you want, but here's one that's

got that far before he opened the  
ad took out the ancient plug, which  
like a vain regret. Then he made  
remarks which are unfit for publi-  
show 'em!" he shouted, while the

# MONEY SAVERS!

While every department in our store will be found to have the correct goods and the lowest prices—we offer for Saturday and next week

## Special Money Saving Bargains!

**3½c.** One thousand yards fast color printed Lawns at 3½c the yard.

**25c and 30c Wash Goods for 15 cents.**

At this price we are selling the newest English Dimity, Printed Organdie Lawns and silk finish Merlawns—not a piece worth less than 25c, and many worth 30c. Don't miss this chance.

### Half Price.

A great bargain in men's natty, up-to-date Neckwear. We secured the materials used in 50c ties and had it made up in the newest shapes and offer 50c Ties at **25c Each**, or five for one dollar. See window Saturday.

### Black Dress Goods.

We have added a number of new lots to our always extra large Black Dress Goods department. Popular prices 50c, 65c, 75c, 90c.

One hundred and sixty yards beautiful Art Silks such as used for Draperies and Cushions—Usual selling value is \$1.50. Our bargain price 65c the yard.

### Trimmed Sailors 25c.

A special good lot Ladies' Sailors, ready-to-wear, 25c each.

**TRIMMED MILLINERY**—A big lay out of ready trimmed Hats fresh from the work room this week. \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.00.

### Our \$1.00 White Underskirts

is the greatest skirt bargain ever shown here. Five rows tucking and wide embroidery flounce and dust flounce made of fine cotton, and full width. \$1.00 each.

White Skirts 65c, 75c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.  
Night Dresses 44c, 50c, 75c, 89c, \$1.00.

### 3½ Yards Long for 75c Pair.

A new lot White Lace Curtains placed in stock this week, 3½ yards long, 75c. Another lot extra value at \$1.00 the pair. This is the store for

**NOTICE—TUITION.**  
Mrs. Jarvis is prepared to take Pupils in Music and French. Terms on application.

**NOTICE—NURSING.**  
Miss Grasswell is prepared to undertake monthly nursing at shortest notice. Apply at MRS. STEVENS, over Dominion Bank. References, Dr. Vrooman and Dr. Leonard.

**TO RENT—THE CORNER STORE IN** the Leonard Block, in the town of Naparee, now occupied by J. J. Kerr as a Dry Goods establishment. Possession any time after March 1st, 1900. Apply to

ALFRED KNIGHT.


**D. DEROCHÉ & MADIEN**  
**Barristers,**  
Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Con-  
veyancers, Notaries Public, etc.  
Office—Grange block,  
Money to Loan at "lower than the lowest" rates  
H. M. DEROCHÉ, Q. C. 5.17 J. H. MADDEN

**A. S. ASHLEY,**  
**.....DENTIST.....**  
**40 YEARS EXPERIENCE** **12 YEARS IN NAPAREE**  
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods Store, Naparee.

**R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.**  
**Physician Surgeon, etc.**  
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General Hos 1 al.  
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between West and Robert Streets, Naparee. 5.17

**HERRINGTON & WARNER**  
**Barristers, etc.**  
**MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES**  
Office—Warner Block, East-st, Naparee. 57

**T. B. GERMAN,**  
**Barrister and Solicitor,**  
**MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.**  
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street, 21-6m Naparee.

  
**DENTISTS**  
**C. D. WARTMAN, L.D.S.**  
**C. H. WARTMAN, D.D.S.**  
Graduates of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, and graduate of Toronto University.  
**OFFICE—LEONARD BLOCK,**  
Visits made to Tamworth the first Monday in each month, remaining over Tuesday. Rooms at Wheeler's Hotel.  
All other Monday C. D. Wartman will be in Yarker  
Naparee office open every day.

**THE ROYAL HOTEL.**  
Dundas Street, Naparee.  
**H. HUNTER, Prop.**  
This commodious hotel is centrally situated Having every convenience for the travelling and business public. Large yard and sheds for farmers.  
Good table, best of wines liquors, and cigars.  
The comfort of guests is made a first consideration.

**THE - DOMINION - BANK**  
CAPITAL (Paid up) \$2,300,000  
RESERVE FUND \$2,300,000  
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS  
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT  
DEPOSITS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS RECEIVED.  
INTEREST CREDITED THEREON HALF-YEARLY.  
FARMERS SALE NOTES COLLECTED AND ADVANCES MADE THEREON.  
**T. S. HILL, Manager.**  
Naparee Branch.



Towne—Isn't it strange that a man of loose habits frequently gets tight.  
Browne—Yes, and that a man who is close seldom gets tight.



# SPRING CLOTHING.

WE HAVE A NICE STOCK OF SPRING CLOTHES.

Tweeds, Suitings, Worsteds and Overcoatings, to select from, and respectfully solicit a call from intending purchasers, as we will sell you the above at from 10 per cent to 20 per cent less than they can be bought elsewhere in town.

Orders for Suits or Overcoats promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

**T. G. DAVIS & CO.**

441y

## Bay of Quinte Railway and Navigation Company

GENERAL PASSENGER TIME TABLE,

Eastern Standard Time. No. 19 Taking effect July 2, 1900.

| Tweed and Tamworth to Napanee and Deseronto. |       |           |       |       |  |
|--|-------|-----------|-------|-------|--|
| Stations                                     | Miles | No. 2     | No. 4 | No. 6 |  |
| Lve Tweed                                    | 0     | A.M. P.M. | P.M.  |       |  |
| Stoco  | 3     | 6 30      | 3 05  |       |  |
| Larkins                                      | 7     | 6 50      | 3 30  |       |  |
| Marlbank                                     | 13    | 7 10      | 3 50  |       |  |
| Erinsville                                   | 17    | 7 25      | 4 05  |       |  |
| Tamworth                                     | 20    | 7 40      | 4 15  |       |  |
| Wilson*                                      | 24    |           |       |       |  |
| Enterprise                                   | 25    | 00        | 2 16  | 4 35  |  |
| Mudlake Bridge*                              | 28    |           |       |       |  |
| Moscow                                       | 31    | 8 13      | 2 30  | 4 47  |  |
| Galbraith*                                   | 33    |           |       |       |  |
| Yarker                                       | 35    | 8 25      | 2 42  | 5 00  |  |
| Lve Yarker                                   | 35    | 9 00      | 2 43  | 5 25  |  |
| Camden East                                  | 39    | 9 10      | 2 55  | 5 40  |  |
| Thomson's Mills*                             | 40    |           |       |       |  |
| Newburgh                                     | 43    | 9 25      | 3 05  | 5 50  |  |
| Napanee Mills*                               | 44    | 9 40      | 3 15  | 6 00  |  |
| Napanee                                      | 49    | 9 55      | 3 35  | 6 15  |  |
| Lve Napanee                                  | 49    |           |       |       |  |
| Deseronto Junction                           | 54    |           |       | 6 55  |  |
| Arr Deseronto                                | 58    |           |       | 7 10  |  |

| Kingston and Sydenham to Napanee and Deseronto. |       |           |       |       |  |
|---|-------|-----------|-------|-------|--|
| Stations  | Miles | No. 2     | No. 4 | No. 6 |  |
| Lve Kingston                                    | 0     | A.M. P.M. | P.M.  |       |  |
| G. T. R. Junction                               | 2     |           |       | 4 10  |  |
| Glenvale*                                       | 10    |           |       | 4 33  |  |
| Murvale*  | 14    |           |       | 4 45  |  |
| Arr Harrowsmith                                 | 19    |           |       | 5 00  |  |
| Lve Sydenham                                    | 23    | 00        |       |       |  |
| Harrowsmith                                     | 19    | 8 10      |       | 5 00  |  |
| Frontenac*                                      | 22    |           |       |       |  |
| Yarker  | 26    | 8 35      |       | 5 15  |  |
| Lve Yarker                                      | 26    | 9 00      | 2 43  | 5 35  |  |
| Camden East                                     | 39    | 9 10      | 2 55  | 5 40  |  |
| Thomson's Mills*                                | 40    |           |       |       |  |
| Newburgh  | 43    | 9 25      | 3 05  | 5 50  |  |
| Napanee Mills*                                  | 44    | 9 40      | 3 15  | 6 00  |  |
| Napanee   | 49    | 9 55      | 3 35  | 6 15  |  |
| Lve Napanee                                     | 49    |           |       |       |  |
| Napanee, West End                               | 40    |           |       |       |  |
| Deseronto Junction                              | 45    |           |       | 6 55  |  |
| Arr Deseronto                                   | 49    |           |       | 7 10  |  |

R. C. CARTER, J. F. CHAPMAN, H. B. SHERWOOD  
Gen. Manager Asst. Gen. Freight & Pass. Agent Superintendent

## ANOTHER VICTIM REJOICES.



IT is not an uncommon thing by any means for a sufferer from

Sciatic Rheumatism to become completely helpless from the disease, in fact more helpless than a child. And what havoc such pain creates in the entire system! The effects of a long siege of rheumatism is apt to be very severe on the constitution, so that the patient should be prompt in obtaining relief the moment the opportunity presents itself. The restoration to health of a rheumatic sufferer is like unto the freedom from a prison cell of an innocent man. In either case the bondage is unnatural and uncalled for. Mr. John Hunter, 321 Brock Street, Kingston, Ont., was laid up for six weeks with rheumatism. He was so helpless he could not leave his room or dress himself. A friend advised him to try Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure. After taking the contents of the first bottle he was able to move around the house. The second bottle cured him completely, and he was able to return to his work. Mr. Hunter says he would strongly recommend Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure to all who suffer with rheumatism.

Dr. Hall's Rheumatic Cure is put up in 50 cent bottles, containing ten days' treatment. For sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. The Dr. Hall Medicine Co., Kingston, Ont.

## HE WON HIS BET.

### The Scheme a Bright Son Worked on His Innocent Father.

"I wonder if everybody is crazy?" said a young insurance man to his father the other day as they sat looking out of a plate glass window on Lasalle street.

"Why?"  
"Oh, every second or third man you meet when you begin to talk to him pokes his hand up in the air and waves it around and around as if he was drawing circles."

"Nonsense. It isn't so."  
"Well, governor, I say it is so, and I'll make you a bet of a \$50 suit that a dozen men will do it right in front of this window in half an hour if I go out and stop a few for a minute's chat."

"You young rascal, you'll tell them to do it just to win that suit. You'll tell them we've got that bet."

"Honor bright, p-p, I won't mention the subject. Is it a go?"

"It's a go all right, my wise young man. I'll sit at the window here and see you fail."

The young man goes out. Man comes out of next office. Bows to old gentleman in the window. Stops to talk to young man. Old man smiles. Then stops. Then his eyes begin to pop. Next door man's right hand goes slowly up, revolves about an imaginary central axis and keeps upward and onward until the hand is about as high as the man can conveniently reach.

"Oh, you've got it. That's right," is what the old gentleman hears his son say as the man brushes hurriedly down the street.

Another young fellow comes along. He won't do it, the old man knows. He knows the newcomer is a crank on golf. Can't talk anything else. Hears him shout to young man, "Are you in the foursome today?" No. He hasn't got the wrist twist.

## NEWS FROM THE COUNTRY.

To Correspondents.—Persons sending items from the surrounding district sign their names to correspondents of the Napanee Express, not for publication. Any correspondence received with name attached will not be published.

### MORVEN.

Fall grain and meadows are a fine start, but the rain of late has somewhat retarded the seeding.

The bodies are being removed from the vault.

Mumps are quite prevalent in neighborhood.

School was closed owing to death of the teacher's mother, which occurred very suddenly in Nap Thursday of last week.

Quarterly service will be held at Lutheran church next Sabbath.

The Demon of All Diseases.—diseases are rightly so-called—the explainable, unaccountable and it is the function of the kidneys to get out all impurities. If they're South American Kidney Cure, them to rights and defy the ravages of a visitant as diabetes or other complications. It relieves in six days. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—11

### COLLINS BAY.

Mr. Leslie, Kingston, has nearly ready for the season's crop of Joseph Laste is slowly recovering from rheumatism, under the Dr. Wood, Kingston.

B. Clement has purchased pump. S. Fairfield has his new house finished. Joseph Purdy and wife, Mr. are visiting at his father's Purdy.

Schuyler Smith, wife and children were at W. Clement's on Sunday.

Fred Jackson and wife, K. visited at Mr. Dennis' last week.

Not a Quarter—But 10 cents, doses in a vial of Dr. Agnew's Little No pain, pleasure in every dose—11

awful good. Cure Sick Headache, stipation, Biliousness, Nausea, Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—11

### MILLHAVEN.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Kingston, have moved in Forward's house.

Miss Frances Smith, Parrot is spending a few days at H. Sandford Amey has moved to where he has bought a farm.

Mrs. Fleming and daughter returned home from Kingston week. Mrs. Fleming was very at her daughter's, Mrs. Loe's.

Mr. and Mrs. Hinton and daughter, Stella; Mr. and Mrs. I. daughter, Kingston, and H. M. visited at Mrs. Fleming's recent.

John Galloway, an old resident, of Parrott's Bay, Friday. The funeral, at church on Sunday, was very attended.

Mr. and Mrs. Sharp, Odessa Monday with their son here.

Albert Miller is in Kingston ing for his eyes.

Miss Emma Finigan visited at Fellows recently.

South American Nervine to nerves, stimulates digestion, all to perfect health. In no case potency been put to severer test than W. H. Sherman, of Morrisburg. He says: "I was completely run nerves all agog, stomach rebelled."

## COOPERS' GROCERIES

ALWAYS FRESH.

S. CASEY DENISON,

Telephone 101. Centre street.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of George Joyce, of the Township of Richmond, in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario 1897, Chapter 129 that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said George Joyce who died on or about the 24th day of February A. D. 1901, are requested on or before the

15th Day of May, A. D. 1901.

to send by post prepaid or deliver to John English, of the town of Napanee, Solicitor for the executors of the said estate of the said deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses, and descriptions and full particulars of all their claims and the nature of the security if any held by them duly verified.

And further take notice that after the last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.

JOHN ENGLISH,  
Solicitor for the executors,  
Dated at Napanee this 3rd day April A. D. 1901.

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,  
BELLEVILLE.  
Clinical assistant at the Central London Nose, Throat and Ear Hospital, and the Royal London Ophthalmic Hospital, Moorfield Eye Hospital, London, England, will be in Napanee at the Paisley House, in the afternoon and evening of the third Monday in each month for consultation in diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, 2-6 m

## TENDERS WANTED

For the erection of a School House in School Section No. 5, Richmond. Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to

Wednesday, May 8th, 1901,

for the erection of a brick school house. Plans and specifications may be seen at any time by applying to the undersigned.

D. MARTIN,  
19bp Sec'y-Treasurer.

## L. O. & B. of Q. Sbt. Co., Ltd.

BELLEVILLE-PICTON-KINGSTON.  
STR. HERO — Commencing April 17th, 1901, leaves Deseronto for Picton, Kingston and intermediate points at 7.35 a.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. For Belleville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8.45 p.m.

DESERONTO-ROCHESTER, N.Y.  
STR. NORTH KING — Commencing May 5, 1901, leaves Deseronto for Charlotte, N.Y. (Port of Rochester) at 10 p.m. on Sundays. Returning arrives at 5 a.m. Sundays. Steamer leaves for Kingston and Picton on Sundays at 5 a.m.  
Right reserved to change time with or without notice.

ed, their christian and surnames, addresses, and descriptions and full particulars of all their claims and the nature of the security if any held by them duly verified.

And further take notice that after the last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

JOHN ENGLISH,  
Solicitor for the executors.  
Dated at Napanee this 3rd day April A.D. 1901.  
16c

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Hamilton Ansley, late of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox and Addington, gentleman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1897, Chapter 129, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Henry Hamilton Ansley, who died on or about the 15th February, A.D. 1901, are requested on or before this

1st DAY OF JUNE, A.D. 1901, to send by post prepaid or deliver to B. S. O'Loughlin, of the Village of Yarker, the executor of the said estate of the said deceased, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of all their claims and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said executor will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

JOHN ENGLISH,  
Solicitor for the Executor.  
Dated at Napanee, this 21st day of March, A.D. 1901.  
11

## Don't Burn Your Money

Save it by removing the incrustation. Give a long life to your Steam Boiler, Valves, Steam Pipes, etc., which is sure to be done by the use of

## Sutton Boiler Compound



Every up-to-date steam user is alive to its many good qualities.

For everything in the mill supply line ask

Wm. Sutton Compound Co.,  
Of Toronto, Limited  
186 Queen St. East, Toronto, Ont 41tf

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

# PATENTS

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Mann & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

## Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year, four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York  
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D.C.

The recent rains have delayed farm work a week, but will be very beneficial as far as pasture is concerned.

## L. O. & B. of Q. Sbt. Co., Ltd.

### BELLEVILLE-PICTON-KINGSTON.

**STR. HERO**—Commencing April 17th, 1901, leaves Deseronto for Picton, Kingston and intermediate points at 7.35 a.m. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. For Belleville on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8.45 p.m.

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**STR. NORTH KING**—Commencing May 5, 1901, leaves Deseronto for Charlotte, N.Y. (Port of Rochester) at 10 p.m. on Sundays. Returning arrives at 5 a.m. Sundays. Steamer leaves for Kingston and Picton on Sundays at 5 a.m.

Right reserved to change time with or without notice.  
H. H. GULDERSLEEVE, J. L. BOYES,  
Gen. Manager, Agent,  
Kingston, Napanee.



## MAIL CONTRACT.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, 31st May, 1901, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, six times per week each way, between Newburgh and Kingston, from the 1st July next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Newburgh, Camden East and Odessa, and at this office.

H. MERRICK,  
Post Office Inspector.  
Post Office Inspector's Office,  
Kingston, 19th April, 1901.  
19c

## NOTICE.

An application has been presented for the transfer of the tavern license now held by John Conger, for the Brisco House, Napanee, to Milo & Mooney, of North Fredericksburgh.

A meeting of the License Commissioners will be held at the office of J. C. Huffman, Esq., Napanee, on

Saturday, May 4th, next,

at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of considering the above application.

W. A. ROSE,  
License Inspector.  
Napanee, April 22, 1901, 19b

## MORTGAGE SALE OF THE JONAS LOCKWOOD PROPERTY IN CAMDEN EAST, CONSISTING OF A DWELLING AND BLACKSMITH SHOP.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for sale by Public Auction at the Office of Herrington & Warner, Napanee, Ont., on

Saturday, May 11 A.D. 1901,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A.M.

All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Camden in the County of Lennox and Addington and Province of Ontario, containing by admeasurement three quarters of an acre be the same more or less, being composed of part of lot No. 25 in the first concession of the Township of Camden aforesaid, which said parcel of land is butted and bounded on the north by the road leading to Newburgh from Clarks Mills, on the South by the lands formerly owned by T. Williams, on the West by the lands formerly owned by the late Robert Sproule and by Samuel Lew the elder and on the east by William Calder, being the lands and premises conveyed by Samuel Lew the younger to Jonas Lockwood by a deed dated December 26th, A.D. 1864.

TERMS OF SALE: Twenty per cent of purchase money cash, balance in 30 days.

For further particulars apply to:  
HERRINGTON & WARNER,  
Vendor's Solicitors,  
Napanee, Ontario.

19c  
Dated April 25th, 1901.

Oliver Mann, Ottawa; Trooper Paddon, New Brunswick, and Sergt. Maj. Pardon, Montreal, all members of the South African constabulary, died on board the steamer Montfort, which reached Cape Verde on April 9th. Mann died of brain fever on Good Friday. Paddon died of pneumonia on Easter Sunday, and Pardon succumbed to brain fever on Easter Monday. This news came in letters received in Ottawa.

an imaginary central axis and keeps upward and onward until the hand is about as high as the man can conveniently reach.

"Oh, you're got it. That's right," is what the old gentleman hears his son say as the man brushes hurriedly down the street.

Another young fellow comes along. He won't do it, the old man knows. He knows the newcomer is a crank on golf. Can't talk anything else. Hears him shout to young man, "Are you in the foursome today?" No. He hasn't got the wrist twist.

Young man speaks to him. Suddenly the golfer's face grows grave and thoughtful. He doesn't speak for a minute or two. Up goes his hand, and that blamed fool revolving motion takes place. "Oh, that's it, is it?" says the son. "Yes; I'll be out to play in the foursome."

Another and another comes along, some smiling at first, some preoccupied, but all as soon as the young man who is winning a suit speaks to them push up a fist and revolve it or vary the movement by turning down the index finger and describing corkscrew curves in the air.

"Blanked if everybody isn't crazy or that boy is putting a spell on them," says the old man. "And he promised on his honor not to tell them to do it."

"Suppose we open the window a crack," puts in the bookkeeper, "and listen to his magic words." It was done as another victim made his appearance. This is what they hear:

"Morning, Tom."

"Morning, Harry."

"I've been standing here puzzling over a simple thing. What is a winding stair, anyway?"

"Why, don't you know that? Why, it's a—a—" Up goes the fist, slowly revolving, and— But try it on anybody who hasn't heard it before, and you'll see how it's done.

## JINGLES AND JESTS.

### The Setter Dog.

[A little rhyme for little people.]  
One day my pa brought home a dog,  
And he plays round with me,  
Because pa says it's good for boys  
To be with dogs, you see.

And when he's offle tickled, then  
It's pretty hard to say  
If he's the one that was his tail  
Or if it's waggin' Tray.

They say that he's a setter dog.  
I don't believe it, though,  
Because, instead of settin' round,  
He's always on the go.

And when you treat him kind he's sure  
To treat you that way then,  
Pa says that there's one thing, at least,  
Dogs didn't learn from men.

### Genuine Anxiety.

"Your wife's just met with a serious accident, Mr. Wilkens," said the excited messenger. "She ran over a dog while riding her wheel, and they've taken her to the hospital."

Wilkens (excitedly)—Was it a liver and white fox terrier with dark spots on his shoulders?—Puck.

### Evidence of Sagacity.

"Would you rather be wise or beautiful?" asked Fate of the coy young maiden.

"Beautiful," replied the damsel.  
"Ah, you are wise already," commented Fate as she tied up a package of cosmetics.

### Evidences of the Senses.

Girl With the Fur Jacket—Some people think it is all right to eat onions and others don't. It's only a matter of taste.

Girl With the Storm Cellar—No, it isn't. It's a matter of smell.

### A Practical Girl.

He—Your life shall be filled with sunshine.

She—Yes, but how about lamplight? Can you undertake to keep the oil can filled?

Mr. and Mrs. Sharp, Odessa. Monday with their son here.

Albert Miller is in Kingstoning for his eyes.

Miss Emma Finigan visited at Fellows recently.

### South American Nerveine

to nerves, stimulates digestion, all to perfect health. In no case potency been put to severest test of W. H. Sherman, of Morrisburg. He says: "I was completely run down all agog, stomach rebelled of food, constant distress and debilitated. Four bottles made a man." Sold by A. W. Grange & Co.

## STRATHCONA.

P. Chambers, Calgary, N.W. purchased three cars of young in this vicinity. About twenty car loads have been shipped since this spring for the west.

Wm. Gannon attended the at Napanee last week.

Aug. Ackerman, daughter of Ackerman, living north of this is dangerously ill of pneumonia.

P. Weese, Bath, visited his and his sister, Mrs. Martin, day.

Mrs. Lloyd, who has been improving.

Mrs. Denyes, Hastings, come been visiting her mother, Mrs. for two weeks.

W. Wild is building a new J. Howell, census enumerat completed his work.

A public reading room is to here.

Rev. J. E. Moore has begun services in the Methodist church.

Mr. Leech, of Dakota, is friends and relatives here.

### A Magical Life Saver is Dr. Cure for the Heart.

After years and agony with distressing Heart it gives relief in 30 minutes. "The of Aylmer, Que., writes: 'I had for five years with a severe form Disease. The slightest exertion fatigue. Dr. Agnew's Cure for it gave me instant relief, four bottles cured me.'" Sold by A. W. Grange, —115

## CENTREVILLE.

The recent rains were a great back to the farmers.

Some of our young men have to drive on the river.

The cheese factory opened 22nd April, with a fair supply James Lochhead has cor taking down his barn and preparatory to building them anew.

The marriage of P. Timmor cow, and Miss A. Moran, Ch took place at the R. C. church Monday.

The wedding of Thos. Scar Miss J. Evans, Moscow, has pronounced.

Mr. Burrows, I.P.S., paid a visit to the schools here on Tuesday last.

P. McGrath has been renewed acquaintances in the village absence of 20 years in northern gan.

Mrs. T. Kidd and daughter moved to Napanee.

Dr. T. A. Beeman, of Mall, paid a visit to friends here last.

Itching, Burning Skin Dis lieved in a day. Eczema, Salt Barber's Itch, and all eruptions quickly relieved and speedily cured Agnew's Ointment. It will give comfort in cases of Itching, Blind Piles, and will cure in from six nights. 35 cents, Sold by Grange & Bro.—119



S FROM THE COUNTRY.

*respondents.—Persons sending in from the surrounding district must let names to correspondence as a good faith, not for publication. Correspondence received without the attached will not be published.*

MORVEN.

grain and meadows are making start, but the rain of last week somewhat retarded the spring growth. Bodies are being removed from the pits. Pests are quite prevalent in this neighborhood. The school was closed owing to the death of the teacher's mother, which occurred very suddenly in Napanee on the day of last week. The quarterly service will be held in the rural church next Sabbath.

**Demon of All Disease.**—Kidney troubles are rightly so-called—they're insidious, unaccountable and insidious. A function of the kidneys to filter out impurities. If they're clogged American Kidney Cure will put them right and defy the ravages of so insidious as diabetes or other kidney diseases. It relieves in six hours. A. W. Grange & Bro.—118

COLLINS BAY.

Leslie, Kingston, has his boats ready for the season's operation. Eph Lasee is slowly recovering from rheumatism, under the care of Dr. Good, Kingston. Clement has purchased a new

airfield has his new house near-shed.

Eph Purdy and wife, Millhaven, visiting at his father's, John Purdy. Guyler Smith, wife and children, at W. Clement's on Sunday. Jackson and wife, Kingston, at Mr. Dennis' last week.

**a Quarter.**—But 10 cents, and 40¢ a vial of Dr. Agnew's Little Pills. n, pleasure in every dose—little, but good. Cure Sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Nausea, Sallowiness. A. W. Grange & Bro.—117

MILLHAVEN.

and Mrs. Frederick Snider, ton, have moved into Mr. Snider's house.

W. Miller is dangerously ill. Frances Smith, Parrott's Bay, died a few days at H. Amey's. Mr. Amey has moved to Morven, he has bought a farm.

Fleming and daughter, Ethel, returned home from Kingston last week. Mrs. Fleming was very ill there, her daughter's, Mrs. Lee's.

and Mrs. Hinton and daughter, Ella; Mr. and Mrs. Lee and daughter, Kingston, and H. Marshall, at Mrs. Fleming's recently.

W. Galloway, an old and respected man, of Parrott's Bay, died on Sunday. The funeral, at Beulah, on Sunday, was very largely attended.

and Mrs. Sharp, Odessa, spent a week with their son here. Bert Miller is in Kingston doctoring his eyes.

Emma Finigan visited friends in Odessa recently.

The American Nerveine tones the system, stimulates digestion, all essential for good health. In no case has its use been put to severer test than that of H. Sherman, of Morrisburg, Ont. He says: "I was completely run down, all ages, stomach rebelled at sight

BELL ROCK.

Mr. P. Martin has renewed his stock of spring goods and is doing a rushing business.

Mr. F. W. Valleur, of Moscow, was in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. Geo. Grant is very ill.

The work in the cheese factory started on Tuesday under the supervision of Mr. C. Gonyou, of Selby.

Mr. W. C. Shangraw, of Colebrook, took a trip through this part of the country on Monday.

Visitors:—Mr. George Perrault and family at John Timmons; Mrs. E. M. York and children at D. L. Amey's.

**Muscular Rheumatism**, produced by exposure, if neglected, develops into the chronic form with almost incredible rapidity. South American Rheumatic Cure is a quick-acting, safe, simple and harmless cure, acts directly on the system, not a liniment to temporarily deaden pain. An internal treatment that will absolutely cure most acute forms in from one to three days. Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—114

OVERTON.

We are having beautiful spring weather and farmers will soon be busily engaged putting in their seed. Mr. Geo. Richmond lost a valuable cow on Sunday last.

Mr. Herbert Armstrong has purchased a new seeder.

Mumps have made their appearance in this neighborhood.

A little girl has come to stay at Mr. Wellington Hicks'; also a little boy at Mr. James Sweet's.

Miss Ossie Storrington, who has been ill for a time, is some better.

Our Forest Mills milk wagon made its first trip on Wednesday.

Mr. Alf. McCutcheon passes through this neighborhood once a week buying eggs and hides.

Housecleaning is the order of the day.

Our pastor, Rev. H. S. Spence, B.A., B.D., preached an impressive sermon on Sunday last.

Our Sunday School has been re-organized for another year, with Mr. George Richmond as superintendent. We hope the parents and children will attend and make it encouraging for the workers.

Mr. John Richmond, sr., and his brother, Mr. James Richmond, Peterboro, spent Wednesday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones Sweet were the guests of Mr. G. H. Fox on Sunday.

Hon. J. R. Stratton, provincial secretary, is sending out a circular to license inspectors, referring to the charges more or less vague and indefinite made in the Legislature, and in the press, that political pressure is exerted in securing licenses and in evading prosecutions, and stating that it is the policy and intention of the government to firmly insist upon all license officials strictly complying with the spirit and letter of the law, and threatening investigation in case of neglect of duty.

**Humors** come to the surface in the spring as in no other season. It's a pity they don't run themselves all off that way; but in spite of pimples and other eruptions, they mostly remain in the system. That's bad. Hood's Sarsaparilla removes them and cures all the painful and disfiguring troubles they cause. Nothing else cleanses the system and clears the complexion like Hood's.

It is a very easy matter to raise a laugh at the expense of the country newspaper; but just transplant a city journalist to some small town and set him to work as editor-in-chief, proprietor, business manager, book-keeper, reporter, proof-reader, compositor, and devil, on the Slabtown Slasher, and see how soon the laugh will

BILL OF THE PLAY.

A daughter of Roland Reed, it is said, is to appear soon upon the stage.

Yvette Guilbert is so far recovered that her reappearance is announced.

Melbourne MacDowell is to lead a St. Louis stock company during a season of Sardou plays.

Ellen Terry denies once more the rumor that she is about to retire from the stage because of growing ill health.

In the days of their greatest prosperity Gilbert and Sullivan are said to have divided between them \$200,000 a year.

Mary E. Wilkins' novel, "Jerome, a Poor Man," is being dramatized and will be given an early presentation in New York.

Nance O'Neill, who continues a great favorite in Australia, is reported to be arranging for her early appearance there as Lady Macbeth.

"The Mormon Wife" is the name of a play which is to take advantage of the prominence which the sect of Utah has recently enjoyed and will shortly be produced.

William A. Brady has under consideration an offer for the right to translate "Way Down East" into French and German and adapt the play to the stages of those countries.

At the time of her death in Rome a few weeks ago Abby Sage Richardson, one of the adapters of "The Pride of Jennico," Mr. Hackett's play, was writing a play for Bertha Golland.

Jobyna Howland is perhaps the most photographed actress on the American stage. She was one of the most famous of the Gibson girls and posed for many of his notable works in recent years.

Julia Morrison, who shot Joseph Patterson, stage manager of the "Mr. Plaster of Paris" company about a year ago, filed papers for divorce from her husband, Fred James, in New York recently.

HIVE AND BEE.

All empty frames of combs should be well taken care of during the winter when not in use.

The worst enemy to empty combs in winter is mice; if allowed access to them they will destroy them.

If colonies are found short of provisions during the winter, they may be supplied with food in the shape of candy.

All work that is to be done with bees in the winter time must be done on warm days while the bees are flying. At no other time must they be disturbed.

Heat does not damage honey, but tends to ripen and improve it. Dampness and darkness do not agree with it. It should, therefore, be stored in a rather warm but dry place.

If there is too much drone comb in the hive, remove and replace it with worker comb. By doing this the supply of drones is easily regulated and the bees become more profitable than if left to their own devices.

Bees left to themselves are likely to build too much drone comb. This is not built for the purpose by the bees, as they build it to store honey in, but if not filled the queen will fill the cells with drone eggs, and the hive will be overstocked.

THE CYNIC.

The only use some people have for friends is to make servants of them.

Doors that refused to stay open last August are now refusing to stay shut.

You talk a great deal about the importance of truth. Do you know the truth about yourself?

In some families of girls it seems to be agreed that certain ones shall work while others play the lady.

When a visitor announces that he is only stopping over between trains, his host at once becomes more cordial.

"Strong" face applied to a man means the same as "strong" face applied to a woman.

The average girl thinks that getting a letter with a sealing wax stamp and an initial on it is next to getting a letter bearing a coat of arms.

We have noticed that kidnapers never carry off a married man. Probably they realize that no one would give a quarter to have a married man brought back.—*Atchison Globe.*

PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

The death is announced at the age of 83 of Mr. Herminfeld, the world famous historian of the reformation, his book on this subject having been translated into every civilized language.

The parents of Paul Laurence Dunbar, the negro poet, were both slaves in the antebellum days. The father escaped to Canada, and during the war of the rebellion he fought with the Fifty-fifth Massachusetts infantry.

Charles L. Hutchinson, the president of the Chicago Art Institute, was the first American to secure a Rossetti picture. This was the great preaphaelite's "Beata Beatrix," which Mr. Hutchinson has virtually given to the art institute.

Frank Simmons, the American sculptor, long resident in Rome, has returned to New York for a visit. He says that he doubts whether the American public is not well enough supplied with free libraries and adds that, therefore, we should give more thought to the establishment of free art galleries.

THE PEDAGOGUE.

Frederic Harrison, the English philosopher and critic, has accepted an invitation from President Gilman of Johns Hopkins university to deliver a lecture at that place during his coming visit to this country.

Professor Edward A. Ross, formerly of Stanford university, has been engaged by the Nebraska university. Professor Ross is to begin work in February at a salary of \$2,000 a year. This creates a new position for him, as the university already has a professor of political economy.

A new institution called the School of College of Esthetics and also the Academy of the Beautiful, has been founded in Paris by a young literary man, M. de Bonhelier. His object is to unite on a common ground poets, painters, sculptors, musicians and all who are interested in the beautiful in art.

THE BUDDING CENTURY.

Another thing the new century ought to bring out is a fireproof hay bale.—*Boston Herald.*

The new century has opened with terrific gales at sea, violent inland storms, severe earthquake shocks and 40 legislatures in session.—*St. Louis Globe-Democrat.*

The new century may mean all right, but it would have created a better impression if it had not upholstered its beginning so lavishly with smallpox and grip.

LAW POINTS.

A lawyer is not a necessity in making a will; witnesses are, however.

Where a principal ratifies an unauthorized act of his agent he can afterward avoid the effect of such ratification by showing that he was not acquainted with all the facts of the transaction where he was in possession of the means of learning them.

Hopeless Case.

Hoax—My wife is never happy unless she's in trouble.

Hoax—Can't you cure her?

Hoax—Not much. When she hasn't anything else to worry her, she'll get out

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Sold by A. W. Grange & Bro.—116

#### STRATHCONA.

hambers, Calgary, N.W.T., has  
sed three cars of young cattle  
vicinity. About twenty-three  
ds have been shipped from Na-  
his spring for the west.

Gannon attended the assizes at  
to last week.

Ackerman, daughter of Mr. J.  
nan, living north of this place,  
gerously ill of pneumonia.

cease, Bath, visited his father  
is sister, Mrs. Martin, on Sun-

Lloyd, who has been quite ill,  
roving.

Douglas, Hastings county, has  
visiting her mother, Mrs. Neely,  
o weeks.

Wild is building a new house.  
owell, census enumerator, has  
ted his work.

ublic reading room is to be built

J. E. Moore has begun revival  
s in the Methodist church here.  
Leech, of Dakota, is visiting  
and relatives here.

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relief in 30 minutes. 'Thos. Petry,  
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#### CENTREVILLE.

recent rains were a great draw-  
o the farmers.  
e of our young men have gone  
e on the river.

cheese factory opened on the  
April, with a fair supply of milk.  
es Lochhead has commenced  
down his barn and sheds, pre-  
ry to building them anew.

marriage of P. Timmons, Mos-  
and Miss A. Moran, Chippewa,  
place at the R. C. church on  
y.

wedding of Thos. Scanlin and  
E. Evans, Moscow, has been an-  
sd.

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McGrath has been renewing ac-  
ances in the village after an  
e of 20 years in northern Michi-

T. Kidd and daughter have re-  
to Napanee.

T. A. Beeman, of Mallorytown,  
visit to friends here last week.

ing, Burning Skin Diseases re-  
in a day. Eczema, Salt Rheum,  
's Itch, and all eruptions of the skin  
relieved and speedily cured by Dr.  
's Ointment. It will give instant  
t in cases of Itching, Bleeding or  
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& Bro.—119

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they mostly remain in the system. That's  
bad. Hood's Sarsaparilla removes them  
and cures all the painful and disfiguring  
troubles they cause. Nothing else cleanses  
the system and clears the complexion like  
Hood's.

It is a very easy matter to raise a laugh  
at the expense of the country-newspaper;  
but just transplant a city journalist to  
some small town and set him to work as  
editor-in-chief, proprietor, business man-  
ager, book-keeper, reporter, proof-reader,  
composer, and devil, on the Slabtown  
Slasher, and see how soon the laugh will  
be on the other side of the fence.

The only use some people have for  
friends is to make servants of them.

Doors that refused to stay open last  
August are now refusing to stay shut.

You talk a great deal about the impor-  
tance of truth. Do you know the truth  
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In some families of girls it seems to be  
agreed that certain ones shall work while  
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#### Hopeless Case.

Hoax—My wife is never happy unless  
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Joax—Can't you cure her?

Hoax—Not much. When she hasn't  
anything else to worry her, she'll get out  
a railroad time table and study that.—  
Philadelphia Record.

## THE POLLARD COMPANY.

# Wallpaper!

Having purchased the Lockwood stock at a reduced price we are offering our whole stock of Wall-paper, about 25,000 rolls, at greatly reduced prices. Paper from 3c per roll up—over 200 patterns to choose from.

# Window - Blinds!

in all shades and prices—plain, pattern, fringe, lace and insertion shades, from 15c up.

# Window Poles--

in White, Oak, Cherry  
Walnut, Ash,

Mahogany and Black, Brass and Wood Trimmings  
to match.

# Children's Wagons and Velocipedes, Doll Carriages, Rocking Horses, Etc.

## A Full Line of Stationery.

# THE POLLARD PRINTING COMPANY,

(LIMITED)

Lockwood's Old Stand. Napanee.



# THE WHITE ROSE.

**SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.**—The story opens in the north of England at White Cliffe, the residence of Squire Cliefden. His speculations have failed and he is a ruined man. He is old, and is crushed by the dread of the poor-house. Lord Rhysworth, the wealthy master of Deeping Hurst, at this point makes a proposal of marriage to Dolores Cliefden. The Squire urges his daughter to accept the offer and thus provide for her aged and penniless father. Dolores gives Lord Rhysworth a temporizing answer as his proposal awakens her to the fact that she loves Sir Karl Allanmore of Scarsdale—a love of which she was not before fully aware. Lola de Ferras, a French refugee and a playmate of Dolores' childhood-days, also loves the debonaire Sir Karl, and confesses to Dolores that she has made up her mind to win him. Dolores and Lola are known as the white and red roses. Both are strikingly beautiful—Dolores, gentle, modest and lovable, is of the fair type; Lola brilliant and passionate is of the dark type. Between the two springs up a rivalry for the affections of Sir Karl. Dolores, modest and withdrawing constantly imagines that Sir Karl shows a preference for Lola. At last, misled by a trivial occurrence into thinking that he has finally chosen between them, and that he prefers Lola, she sings him a pathetic farewell which he is at a loss to understand, and accepts Lord Rhysworth's offer. It is only when, betrothed to Lord Rhysworth, she has received a dower of land which places her father in affluence, that she learns that Sir Karl loves her. The truth is bitter to both. Dolores, with sweet resignation decides to be a true wife to her betrothed. Sir Karl determines to travel in France in an endeavor to forget his disappointment. Lola goes to Scarsdale to upbraid him for not calling at Beaulieu, her mother's residence, to say good-bye. He does not wish to give her grounds for thinking that he cares for her and is brusque. She asks him to be friends. Sir Karl consents and leaves; Dolores is married. Two years pass; she has a daughter, and her husband dies. Sir Karl returns and immediately visits Lola according to a promise. The next day he goes to Deeping Hurst to see Dolores.

## CHAPTER XVII.

What Sir Karl saw when the door opened was a picture that he never forgot. Dolores had gained so much in beauty. He had left her a slender girl, with the promise of magnificent womanhood, which was now fulfilled. There was a deeper sheen on the golden hair, a deeper light in the lovely violet eyes; the face wore an expression of sweet content—not the content of indifference, but of thought—and the graceful figure was fully developed. She stood for a few seconds in irresolute silence, not recognizing in the bronzed, bearded man before her handsome Sir Karl. Then into her eyes came a sudden soft light, as of recognition, over the face spread a faint beautiful blush, and the next moment the two little white hands were hastily extended in earnest greeting.

"Sir Karl," she cried—and the sound of her voice was as sweetest music to him, "I am pleased to see you. Welcome home!"

To him, who had thirsted and hun-

"mine;" and the fact that he had gone first to Beaulieu seemed to give her the right.

He felt rather than saw the change. Her sweet face grew paler, and she quietly withdrew her other hand from his clasp.

"You did well to keep your promise," she said, calmly. "I have the greatest horror of a broken promise."

He took one of the white hands back into his own.

"Dolores," he said,—"I may call you so?—you gave me permission when I was leaving you, and you must award me the same privilege in the first happiness of my return—there have been misunderstandings enough between us; there shall be no more. I did not intend, when I first saw you, to speak of myself, but it must be so. Do you remember what took place between us when I went away?"

"Yes," she replied.

"I have not changed," he said. "Since I left you, I have never given a thought to any other woman; and, if you had never been free, I should, for love of you, have gone unmarried to my grave."

She shrank from him, pointing to the crape on her dress.

"I know," he cried eagerly. "Do not think that I would pain you. Do not suppose that I would presume on the kindness you have shown me. I would not, Dolores, speak to you in this fashion but that I see so plainly there will be nothing but mistakes unless we understand each other. Believe me, I have had no other love but you, and never shall have. It may be an unhappy love, I cannot tell, but it will be the only one of my life. I went away because I could not bear to see you the wife of another man. I have come back, knowing that you were free, to tell you that I will try my best to win you; but not yet—not yet, Dolores! I have too much respect for this!" and he too touched the black crape gently. "I shall be near you to befriend you; but I will not obtrude my love on you until I have paid all the respect that even you could desire me to pay to the memory of your husband. I say this," he went on, "at an inopportune time; but I speak because I am afraid of misunderstandings. You are not angry with me, Dolores?"

"No. Why should I be?" she replied. "Since you have spoken frankly to me, I will do the same to you. Are you sure that in saying this, you know your own mind?"

"In what way?" he asked wonderingly.

"I do not wish to speak of myself or of love," answered Lady Rhysworth. "I want you to be sure that you know your mind. You imagine that you like me better than anyone else; are you certain of it?"

"Quite," he answered earnestly. "I could not be more certain. I know my own heart if any one ever did, and have suffered most grievously from the knowledge. I understand it perfectly, Dolores. Would to Heaven I had understood it years ago! You think that I have hesitated between you and Lola de Ferras? I will tell you the plain truth. When you were both comparative strangers to me, I did hesitate as to which I liked best—even as you knowing two men of a different type, might wonder which you preferred; but when I came to know my own heart and understand myself, I found that I loved you with the love that comes only once in a lifetime. Before I had time to tell you so, however, I heard that you were engaged to Lord Rhysworth; then it was too late. Dolores, let there be no more

"I wonder if she means me!" thought Lola. "She must mean me; there cannot possibly be any one else."

She wondered if Lady Fielden would say anything to her, and she did her best to ingratiate herself with her hostess. But, although, Sir Karl's name was frequently mentioned, no one seemed to think it had the least interest for her. It was evident that Lady Fielden must have had some one in her thoughts; and Lola reflected long and earnestly on the subject. It could not be Dolores; that was utterly impossible. She scouted the idea; fate could have nothing in store for her one half so cruel. But her eyes were suddenly opened; for Lady Fielden, speaking in a low tone, to Mrs. Marabout, said—

"I felt sure—I knew he liked her before her marriage."

There was the usual raising of eyes and uplifting of hands; but the words went like a sword through Lola's heart. It was of Dolores then that Lady Fielden was speaking; and the shadow that had hung over her life was deepening instead of passing away.

Lady Rhysworth had received an invitation to the dinner, but had declined it. She did not care to go into society at present. Lola had been anxious that she should go; she was desirous that Dolores should put away the last remains of mourning. She longed to see the old times of festivity back at Deeping Hurst. Now she felt thankful that Lady Rhysworth was not there. She would be able to speak to Sir Karl without interruption, and find out for herself how matters stood.

But Sir Karl was not in the mood for talking; some of the young people had proposed a dance, and he was one of the first to join in it. He chose Miss Fielden for his first partner; and then, seeing Lola's dark eyes following him reproachfully he asked her to join him. But during the dance there was no opportunity for conversation. When it was over, and Lola, flushed with excitement, and looking most lovely, stood fanning herself, she said to him—

"Have you been to Deeping Hurst and seen Lady Rhysworth yet, Sir Karl?"

"I have been three times, and have been fortunate enough to see her each time," he replied.

"Do you find her much changed?" asked Lola.

"Yes, she appears taller, and is altogether a far more beautiful woman than when I left England."

A sudden terror seized her. But she would attach no importance to his words; she felt that if she did she should despair or die.

"Did you see the little one?" she asked presently—"Kathleen? What a lovely child she is! But what sad eyes she has! Did you notice the pathetic expression of her eyes?"

"Yes, and tried to dispel it by giving her some wonderful dolls," he answered.

"Had you thought so much of her as to bring toys purposely for her?" quired Lola.

"Certainly I had; why not? I have thought of the little one continually since she was born."

The flush deepened. With the bitterness of death in her heart, a careless smile on her lips, she said—

"That is because you thought so much of the little one's mother, I suppose."

"That is the precise reason," he answered. "That was a shrewd guess of yours."

Some one interrupted them then; but Lola had made up her mind as to what she would do. She could not say to him, "Tell me at once whether you are really in love with Dolores or not." She would have given much for courage to do so. She had said just as much as she dared—as it was prudent for her to say to him. She had resolved upon a plan of ac-

## CAME TO TOWN TO BE HAN-

A Story Told of Abel Erasmus, the and Lord Wolseley.

The despatches from South Africa short time ago announced the coming into the British lines of a proper Boer, Abel Erasmus, and his friend This Erasmus is not the commander of the same name who failed to a junction with Lucas Meyer in the attack on Glencoe at the opening of the war, but the great political sary of President Kruger.

A good story is told of the old and Lord Wolseley, then Sir C. Wolseley, in connection with the Erasmus took in Wolseley's campaign in 1879 against Sekukuni the chief of the Bapedis on the borders of Zululand. After the capture of Selimi he was immediately brought before Garnet Wolseley, who asked him if he, a miserable Kaffir living in a cave, dared to defy the great of England. The chief replied that he had been instigated to do so by Erasmus.

Sir Garnet, in describing the affair at a public dinner given to him in Pretoria on his return from campaign, said that he wished and then to let Abel Erasmus that if ever he found that Erasmus had been inciting any chief to war against England, and he would lay hands on him. Abel Erasmus would hang as high as Haman.

A few days after the dinner Henry Brackenbury, Sir Garnet's military secretary, was sitting in a room when a tall, bearded Boer entered and asked permission to speak to him.

"I am Abel Erasmus," he said, "and I have very important business to do here."

He explained that he had come to see Sir Garnet Wolseley, for he had heard that Sir Garnet had said if he could lay hold of him he would hang him and so he had come. Sir Garnet was in the room and Sir Henry Brackenbury thought it would be advisable to call him on the subject. Sir Henry, however, happened to be too busy at the moment to see anybody, a Boer after reflection persuaded an angry visitor to take his leave and allow the hanging to stand off until the time.

It is hoped that on account of the antagonism to Kruger, Erasmus will be induced to use his influence for peace.

## GLASS HOUSES MAY COME

Among Other New Uses Glass Is Used for Bricks.

Glass, which is commonly a synonym for fragility, is in some form of the strongest and most reliable of materials. Until a generation ago it was used principally and solely for windows and household utensils. Since that time it has been put to many new uses. It has been used as a substitute for copper in the building of ships, the advantage being freedom from oxidation, wear, and the absence of accretions of substances, such as barnacles, etc. About ten years ago a method was devised for replacing stones by plates of glass from the proofs of extraordinary fineness obtained. In 1860 a patent was granted for glass casks. It was found that they were too fragile for transportation purposes; although they were neat, easy to clean, and without the many advantages which the ordinary wooden cask has not. Glass

developed. She stood for a few seconds in irresolute silence, not recognizing in the bronzed, bearded man before her handsome Sir Karl. Then into her eyes came a sudden soft light, as of recognition, over the face spread a faint beautiful blush, and the next moment the two little white hands were hastily extended in earnest greeting.

"Sir Karl," she cried—and the sound of her voice was as sweetest music to him, "I am pleased to see you. Welcome home!"

To him, who had thirsted and hungered for a sight of her face, it was like reaching the gates of Paradise. He could not speak, his face, bronzed as it was, grew colorless; his heart beat so fast and loud that he was afraid she must hear it; his breath came in quick gasps, and he held the white hands as though he would never let them go.

"Do you know what a shipwrecked mariner feels when he safely reaches land?" he said at last in a low hoarse voice.

"I can imagine," she replied; "but I have never been shipwrecked."

"I have been," he cried, "I and my whole life were wrecked when I left you. Now I touch land once more! How well you are looking, Lady Rhysworth!" The name seemed to pass his lips with difficulty. "I believe you have grown—you seem to be taller than you were, and are more beautiful than ever."

She drew one hand from his clasp, and held up a pretty white finger in warning.

"You must not flatter me, Sir Karl," she said, smiling.

"It is not flattery, it is truth," he answered, looking at her tenderly. "Since I left you, I have seen no one half so fair. In my dreams, I have gone over this meeting a hundred times. I have dreamed that I should meet you out of doors, by the river, in the old church, everywhere and anywhere; but one thing is quite certain—since the moment I parted from you in madness and despair, I have thought of nothing but the hour of my return."

"If you have called to pay me a sensible visit, Sir Karl," she said laughingly, "you must talk to me in a sensible manner. I am afraid neither France nor Italy has improved you. You never talked such nonsense as this to me before."

"My dearest Lady Rhysworth. I never had the chance. If ever a man wished to talk what you kindly call 'nonsense,' but did not dare to do so, I was that man. I have suffered more than any one can tell from constant cruel repression."

"You must admit that you are making up for it now," she said, with a smile; "and you have not lost much time in beginning. Did you return last evening?"

"Yes; it was late in the afternoon."

"And I am the first old friend whom you have seen?" she inquired.

The question was asked without any special reason; but she saw a dark flush pass swiftly over his face, a gleam almost of anger darkened his eyes.

"No," he answered, frankly: "I called at Beaulieu. It was an old promise made, but I am sorry to say, almost forgotten by me, that I would make my first call there on my return to England; and having been reminded of my promise, I was compelled to keep it."

There was an almost imperceptible change in Lady Rhysworth's manner. At the mention of Beaulieu all that Lola had said of Sir Karl returned to her mind. She had called him

perfectly, Dolores. Would to Heaven I had understood it years ago! You think that I have hesitated between you and Lola de Ferras? I will tell you the plain truth. When you were both comparative strangers to me, I did hesitate as to which I liked best—even as you knowing two men of a different type, might wonder which you preferred; but when I came to know my own heart and understand myself, I found that I loved you with the love that comes only once in a lifetime. Before I had time to tell you so, however, I heard that you were engaged to Lord Rhysworth; then it was too late. Dolores, let there be no more mistakes, no more playing at cross-purposes. Believe me, I love no other woman but you."

The time was not far distant when every word of this interview was to come back to her with sharpest pain, when she remembered how earnestly each was spoken, how the very ring of truth and sincerity was in his voice.

"I know," he said, "of whom you are thinking. It is Lola de Ferras. You believe that I am hesitating between you, my beautiful queen, and her. Lola is nothing to me but a pleasant friend."

Lady Rhysworth thought of the emphasis Lola had laid on the word "mine," and felt puzzled.

"I am almost ashamed to speak as I do," he continued, "but in such a case as this there is nothing like frankness; even that friendship was more of her seeking than my giving. She is very beautiful and accomplished; she is clever beyond the generality of women; I have spent some pleasant hours with her; but she is the very last person in the world, I should ever fall in love with or marry. Now, promise me, Dolores, that there shall never during the whole course of our lives be any further misunderstanding between us concerning Lola."

She promised; and in after years she remembered that promise in an agony of grief that was inexpressible.

"It is true I went to Beaulieu last evening," he said; "but my heart was with you all the time. Dolores, I have promised, out of respect to your dead husband and your own sorrow, not to intrude my love on you. I have waited fifteen months before I would return at all. I will wait three months longer before I try to persuade you to share your life with me. I will leave the future entirely in your hands. If you wish me to wait one year or two, I will do so to please you; but promise me that during that time I may come over to see you or write to you. My exile has been hard enough, and it was the harder because it seemed to be without hope. And now," he added, in a lighter tone, "let me see your little girl. I have brought some wonderful dolls for her."

#### CHAPTER XVIII.

What first drew Lola's attention to the fact that something unusual was passing was the significant smile on Lady Fielden's face when Sir Karl's name was mentioned. Her ladyship had given a dinner party, limited in number, in honor of his return, and during the after-dinner chat some of the matrons present remarked how well he looked, and that it was to be hoped he would settle down. Lola listening, blushed and looked conscious; but there was a strange smile on Lady Fielden's face as though she knew something, but would not speak.

"I do hope," said Mrs. Marabout, one of the most noted match-makers in the neighborhood, "that Sir Karl will marry from his own country."

And again Lola watched the quiet smile that spread over the face of her hostess as, in a quiet voice, she answered—

"I do not think there can be any doubt of it. I speak from my own observation."

less smile on her lips, she said—

"That is because you thought so much of the little one's mother, I suppose."

"That is the precise reason," he answered. "That was a shrewd guess of yours."

Some one interrupted them then; but Lola had made up her mind as to what she would do. She could not say to him, "Tell me at once whether you are really in love with Dolores or not." She would have given much for courage to do so. She had said just as much as she dared—as it was prudent for her to say to him. She had resolved upon a plan of action.

Before this, when she had felt that she wanted a change, Dolores had pressed her to remain a week at Deeping Hurst; she would so manage that Dolores should repeat the invitation, and once there, she could see for herself if there was any truth in this rumor.

The next morning she went over to Deeping Hurst and complained to Dolores of languor and weakness.

"A few days with you, Dolores, always set me right," she began.

Lady Rhysworth interrupted her. "Then, by all means come, Lola," she said earnestly. "Stay, now that you are here. You do not look well. Send one of the grooms, with a note to madame, and let him bring what you require back with him."

"You are very kind," answered Lola, with a smile; but her heart smote her for entering that hospitable house as a spy upon its mistress. Then she kissed the fair face, wondering a little at the increased beauty and brightness of it. Was it Sir Karl that had brought the delicate flush there and the radiant expression?

She could not let the matter rest. When she had sent off her note and was sitting with Lady Rhysworth in the morning room, she said—

"Sir Karl was at Lady Fielden's dinner-party last evening. It was given in honor of his return. I am sorry you were not there. It was very enjoyable. Sir Karl told me that he had been to see you several times—three times, I think he said."

"I have not counted the number of his visits," laughed Lady Rhysworth. Deeping Hurst is not very far from Scarsdale."

"He seems to be very fond of your little one. That surprised me; I should hardly have imagined him to be a man fond of children. I suppose it is because Kathleen belongs to you."

"Most likely," was the laughing answer.

Lady Rhysworth's heart was at rest now. What Sir Karl had told her had reassured her. No matter what Lola said or what impression she tried to convey to her, nothing would destroy her faith in Sir Karl again.

"I should not be surprised," she added, "at his riding over this morning. He spoke of it; but I am not sure if he decided to do so or not."

It would have been amusing, had it not been so pitiful, to see how often Lola made some pretext for going to her room, now to fasten an amber rose in her hair, now to put one in the bodice of her morning-dress.

To Be Continued.

#### NEVER HARD UP.

Whatever proverbs may declare, We haven't any cash to spare; And he is our best friend indeed Who never is a friend in need.

#### THE PROGRESS OF THE SEASONS.

Johnny, said the teacher, can February March?

No, said Johnny, but April May.

#### SAD.

Did your friend die a natural death? Perfectly natural. He tried writing poetry for a living.

ing on ships, the advantage of being freed from oxidation wear, and the absence of accumulating substances, such as barn etc. About ten years ago a method was devised for replacing lithographic stones by plates of glass from proofs of extraordinary fineness obtained. In 1860 a patent was out for glass casks. It was that they were too fragile for transportation purposes; although were neat, easy to clean, and parent, advantages which the ordinary wooden cask has not. Glass is used as a bearing for machine small power, and has, in Switzerland replaced brass weights for use. It is of prime importance used in connection with elect While commonly employed as a sulator, electrostatic machines, descent bulbs, condenser plates, tric rheostats, etc., are made glass. It is used also to replace as railroad ties. Glass windows are being somewhat modified. Patented panes, which ventilate the without making a draft, are the est improvement. The holes, are conical, are about six inches with the little end to the outside that the air enters the room, and for the roofs of glazed c protected glass is now often. This is prepared by pressing a network between two plates of molten glass, which, when hard not be cut by a diamond, make a valuable protection against t Although nearly as transparent dinary glass, it has an immense sisting power to shock pressu fire. Prismatic glass has been d to throw light into apartment lower floors, in narrow streets.

It is not improbable that may in the near future be built of glass. A glass-stone or amo-crystal obtained by deviti glass debris and then agglomerated by pressure and heat has the rank among constructing materials the resistance to crushing, shock, age, cold and chemical action. I glass bricks, hermetically seal prevent the access of dust to interior, have also been tested with excellent results.

#### HOW WELLINGTON WAS WHIPPED

Received a Sound Drubbing at the hands of a Girl.

Many a military hero would have told the story of how taught to win his battles. Especially would he dislike the reminder lesson had come in the form of a drubbing at the hands of a recent English visitor to Wales. Wellesley at the Trevor home upon the Welsh frontier.

Memories of the great Duke of Wellington hang about the place his grandmother was a Trevor Dunganon, and here the future conqueror of Napoleon, was wont to his holidays when a boy at 10.

Here, too, he experienced the serious defeat of his memory; for falling into a quarrel with a farmer's son over a game of bowls, he became engaged in a to-and-fro fight. The future duke doing well, and was about to be flag of victory, when the boy's big sister came running on a wet wot.

The advent of the Prussians in 1870 was scarcely more for the duke and his friends than the arrival of this stalwart girl with his boyish enemy. Nor, according to all accounts, was the defeat French more crushing than the later discomfiture of young W upon this occasion.



TO TOWN TO BE HANGED.

Told of Abel Erasmus, the Boer, and Lord Wolseley.

despatches from South Africa a time ago announced the coming of the British lines of a prominent Boer, Abel Erasmus, and his family. Erasmus is not the commandant of the same name who failed to effect an agreement with Lucas Meyer at the time of the opening of the war, but the great political adviser of President Kruger.

His story is told of the old Boer Lord Wolseley, then Sir Garnet Wolseley, in connection with the part he took in Wolseley's campaign in 1899 against Sekukuni the chief of the Zulus on the borders of Swaziland.

After the capture of Sekukuni's son, immediately brought before Sir Garnet Wolseley, who asked him, how miserable Kaffir living in a land dared to defy the great Queen, England. The chief replied that he had been instigated to do so by Abel Erasmus.

Garnet, in describing the scene of the public dinner given to him at Durban on his return from the war, said that he wished there to be a man to let Abel Erasmus know if ever he found that Erasmus was inciting any chief to levy war against England, and he was able to put his hands on him. Abel Erasmus was a hangar as high as Haman.

A few days after the dinner Sir Garnet Brackenbury, Sir Garnet's military secretary, was sitting in his office when a tall, bearded Boer entered and asked permission to speak with him.

"I am Abel Erasmus," he said, "I have very important business here."

He explained that he had come to see Sir Garnet Wolseley, for he had heard that Sir Garnet had said that he could lay hold of him he would him and so he had come to see him. Sir Garnet was in the next room and Sir Henry Brackenbury thought it would be advisable to continue on the subject. Sir Garnet, however, happened to be too busy at the moment to see anybody, and Sir Henry after reflection persuaded his visitor to take his leave and the hanging to stand over for time.

He hoped that on account of his friendship with Kruger, Erasmus would be induced to use his influence for peace.

GLASS HOUSES MAY COME.

Other New Uses Glass May Be Used for Bricks.

as, which is commonly a synonym for fragility, is in some forms one of the strongest and most resisting materials. Until a generation ago, glass was used principally and almost exclusively for windows and household utensils. Since that time it has been used for many new uses. It has been used as a substitute for copper sheathing on ships, the advantage claimed being freedom from oxidation and the absence of accumulations of substances, such as barnacles. About ten years ago a method was devised for replacing lithographic stones by plates of glass from which impressions of extraordinary fineness were obtained. In 1860 a patent was taken out for glass tanks. It was found that they were too fragile for transportation purposes; although they were neat, easy to clean, and transparent, which the ordinary

COUNTING THEIR PEOPLE.

HOW THE CENSUS IS TAKEN BY OTHER COUNTRIES.

Majority of Nations Count Their People Every Ten Years—The Many Different Ways Employed in Taking the Census.

The United States took its census in the autumn of 1900, followed by Germany, Portugal, and Switzerland, on December 1st, Austria, Spain and Belgium on January 1st, 1901, Italy in February, France at the end of March, and Great Britain on March 31st.

In most countries, the people are numbered every tenth year—the decennial system—but in some instances the period is shorter. France and Germany count their people every five years. Spain had no fixed period, for instance, she had no census between the years 1860 and 1877—till 1900, when she adopted the decennial system.

Every individual in France has a separate paper, which he, or she, must fill up, or get filled up, by a trustworthy person; infants, it may be mentioned, come under the latter category. In addition, the head of the household has to fill up a family form on which he summarises the particulars set forth on the personal forms. When he has done that, he places all the individual papers inside it, and thus hands it to the census agent when he calls for it.

Even if the household consists of only one person living alone, that person must fill up both an individual paper and a family paper, the former being stowed away in the latter in due form.

The degree of relationship to the head of the family must be stated on the family paper; the absent members of the family must be included, being placed in that section of the sheet intended for the absent, but such absentees are not to be mentioned if they are in prison, in a lunatic asylum, or if they are boarders in educational establishments, soldiers, and infants put out to nurse—these will be included in the list of persons drawn up by the heads of such establishments. Sailors, at sea, however, are to be mentioned on this family form.

In the German Empire each person has

A CARD TO FILL UP.

and there is also a "cover" form to be filled up by the head of the house. The questions embrace the usual inquiries concerning name, age, sex, religion, occupation, and military service.

Germany differs from other countries in that she is not content to number the people only. For some time there has been a cattle census, and on this occasion there was a further extension of the scope by the institution of a fruit tree census. Fruit as an article of food and as a luxury has been steadily growing in favour for a long time, and the Government considers it advisable that it should know its resources in this respect. A record of forest lands is also kept, and a yearly return has to be made of the number of trees felled or otherwise destroyed and of the young trees planted in the forest-nurseries to replace them.

In Germany, the census of the popu-

per if the head of the family cannot do it, and has no one in the house who can. The pay of the census agent is arranged on the following basis: He receives five reis, rather less than a farthing, for every person enumerated on the forms in his district. This remuneration may be increased if the local authorities consider an increase justifiable.

If the size of the census form is any criterion, the Portuguese have very large families! In stating your age, you are not required to give, as in some other countries, the exact date on which you were born; it is sufficient to give the number of complete years, or months, or days, according to the circumstances. Chivalrous Portugal, presumably desirous to spare the ladies, tells you that, if you are uncertain about it, you may put the approximate number of years, followed by

A MARK OF INTERROGATION.

The first general census in Russia was taken in January 1897, but—as may be expected in such a vast country—the difficulties are so great that the returns cannot be vouched for as absolutely correct. Compared with Western countries, census taking in Russia is rather crude. Prior to 1897 the census had been taken ten times, but this was to find out how many males there were who paid or ought to pay taxes. The first census took place as far back as 1724, when the number of inhabitants was set down at 14,000,000 in round figures; in 1897 the number was given as 129,000,000 including Finland.

Friday, March 1, 1901, was the day chosen for the enumeration of the people in India; the choice of the day had to be made with due consideration for the native customs. It was four days before full moon, and, while, the light would be sufficient to allow the schedules to be checked before midnight, the popular movement towards the sacred rivers for the lunar bathing festivals would not yet have set in. The day was one of those regarded as inauspicious for marriages, and marked by no great religious festival.

The two knotty questions which had to be decided by those responsible for the framing of the papers were "religious sect," and "caste." There is a tendency to great ramification which makes the first question difficult to answer, and the second was regarded as inadvisable by some authorities, but was finally included by order of the Governor-General.

The first regular counters of the people were the Roman censors—whence the term "census." Solon was the first to count the Greeks. No census was taken in Europe during the middle Ages; they were considered contrary to the law of the Church. Sweden took the first scientifically conducted census in 1749.

GOOD JOBS AT WINDSOR.

Some of Those Employed There Have Practically Nothing to Do.

There are a thousand or more attendants at Windsor Castle. Many of them hold their positions by hereditary right and have little or nothing to do. The sovereign of England has however, several honourable and remunerative appointments, which King Edward VII. will cling to as tenaciously as his mother. He has the privilege of appointing six trumpeters, who draw pay at the rate of £750 a year and are given quarters in the barracks at Windsor, with their families. These appointments are not hereditary and the late Queen used them to reward soldiers who had distinguished themselves by extraordinary gallantry.

One of the most desirable posts at

ROYALTIES ON THE TRAMP.

THIRTY-DAY TOURS THAT COST AS MANY THOUSANDS.

The Prince of Wales's Indian Trip—Shah of Persia Spent Nearly Two Million Pounds Sterling on His European Jaunt—King of the Sandwich Islands Economical Journey.

The Prince of Wales's Indian trip in 1875-6 cost £112,000; the whole of which came out of the National Exchequer. Most people are now agreed that it was money well spent, although there was at the time no little grumbling at the largeness of the sum.

The Prince sailed from Dover on October 11th on the "Serapis," was warmly received at Athens a week later, and halted at Cairo to invest the son of the Khedive, Mohammed Tewfik, with the Order of the Star of India. Arriving at Bombay on November 8th, he visited all the principal cities, States, and territories. His progress was literally a Royal one, the natives vying with one another in doing honour to the eldest son of the "Mother Queen." The Maharajah of Cashmere had thirty miles of

NEW ROADS SPECIALLY BUILT

for the convenience of his guest. A sword studded with gems, and valued at £12,000, was presented to him by the Maharajah of Lahore, with the words: "If it be the Prince's will to try it, here is my neck."

At Benares, on January 5th, 1876, an aged chief laid a large collection of shawls and presents at the Prince's feet, and then, saying it was not enough for his affection, ran off and fetched his own walking-stick, plated with gold and studded with gems, which he placed in the Prince's hand.

An amusing incident occurred at Baroda. The Gaikwar put in an appearance with fifteen hundred native troops dressed, in honour of the Prince, in Highland costume, but all wearing pink tights from the knee, it being assumed that dark skins would not harmonise with the kilts.

While on a visit to the Maharajah of Jeypore the Prince

KILLED HIS FIRST TIGER.

The collection of presents received by the Prince, from native potentates was magnificent beyond conception, and on his return to England he caused a selection from among them to be exhibited to the public at the South Kensington Museum. Five hundred fine animals were also presented outright to the Zoological Gardens. It was said at the time that in order to enable the Prince to make a suitable return, the Queen, prior to his sailing, had furnished him with a draft for £200,000 out of her private purse.

The credit of organising the most extravagant pleasure-trip on record belongs to the late Shah of Persia, Nasr-ed-Deen, who in 1873 managed to spend nearly two millions sterling while on a jaunt through Europe. Of this enormous sum, however, more than one-half was lavished on articles of ornament or use—especially jewellery. The Shah left Teheran on April 19th, and reached St. Petersburg on May 22nd, travelling thence by way of Berlin and Brussels to London. "Have you seen the Shah?" became the favourite catch-phrase of the day. He visited Windsor, and received the Garter at the hands of

QUEEN VICTORIA IN PERSON.

ships, the advantage claimed freedom from oxidation and the absence of accumulations, such as barnacles, about ten years ago a method was devised for replacing lithographic plates of glass from which of extraordinary fineness were used. In 1860 a patent was taken for glass casks. It was found they were too fragile for transport purposes; although they were neat, easy to clean, and transparent, advantages which the ordinary wooden cask has not. Glass is also a bearing for machinery of power, and has, in Switzerland, and brass weights for kitchen use. It is of prime importance when in connection with electricity, commonly employed as an insulator, electrostatic machines, incandescent bulbs, condenser plates, electrostatics, etc., are made from it. It is used also to replace wood in road ties. Glass window panes are somewhat modified. Performances, which ventilate the room by making a draft, are the latest improvement. The holes, which are about six inches apart, are little end to the outside, so that air enters the room in draughts. In public buildings and the roofs of glazed courts, glass is now often used. It is prepared by pressing a metal plate between two plates of semi-transparent glass, which, when hard, cannot be cut by a diamond, making it a perfect protection against thieves, although nearly as transparent as ordinary glass, it has an immense resistance to shock pressure or pressure. Prismatic glass has been devised to throw light into apartments on floors, in narrow streets. It is not improbable that houses of the near future be built entirely of glass. A glass-stone or crystal obtained by devitrifying leucite and then agglomerating pressure and heat has the first non-conducting materials for resistance to crushing, shock, use, and chemical action. Hollow bricks, hermetically sealed to prevent the access of dust to their joints, have also been tested and with excellent results.

## WELLINGTON WAS WHIPPED

**A Sound Drubbing at the Hands of a Girl.**

A military hero would dread to be told the story of how he was whipped. Especially he would dread to win his battles. Especially he would dread the reminder if he had come in the form of a sound drubbing at the hands of a girl. A young English visitor to Wales picked up the following story of Arthur Trevor at the Trevor homestead, on the Welsh frontier.

One of the great Duke of Wellington's hang about the place, for his mother was a Trevor, Lady Ingham, and here the future conqueror of Napoleon, was wont to spend his days when a boy at Eton. He, too, he experienced the most crushing defeat of his memorable career falling into a quarrel with a girl's son over a game of marbles. He became engaged in a hand-to-hand fight. The future duke was well, and was about to hoist the flag of victory, when the farmer's daughter came running out with a towel.

The advent of the Prussians at Waterloo was scarcely more fortunate for the duke and his friends than the defeat of this stalwart girl was for her enemy. Nor, according to the accounts, was the defeat of the duke more crushing than the utter defeat of young Wellesley on his occasion.

For the people only. For the time there has been a cattle census, and on this occasion there was a further extension of the scope by the institution of a fruit tree census. Fruit as an article of food and as a luxury has been steadily growing in favour for a long time, and the Government considers it advisable that it should know its resources in this respect. A record of forest lands is also kept, and a yearly return has to be made of the number of trees felled or otherwise destroyed and of the young trees planted in the forest-nurseries to replace them.

In Germany, the census of the population serves more purposes than in most countries, for instance, the amount of money to be coined is based on the figures obtained in this way.

In Austria, the head of the family has to fill up a form, and answer for each person a set of questions. All the members of the family must be included, whether they are present or absent, and in the latter case their place of residence must be duly set down. The questions, concerning religion and the particular language spoken are to be found in the form, and whether the person

### CAN READ OR WRITE.

On another form, used where required, you must set forth the number of your horses; you must say whether they are full grown or young ones, mares with foal or not, stallions, and so on.

In Belgium the census paper has to be filled up by the head of the household for all its members; he must include the absent members of his family, except those who are in certain establishments, after the fashion adopted in France.

There is one peculiarity in connection with the census papers in Belgium, namely, that any person, not being a member of the family who happens to pass the night in the house, has a separate form all to himself.

The eighth decennial census was taken in Holland in 1899, and an examination of the official papers shows that the Government desired to know things very exactly.

A larger variety of census papers is used in Holland than in any other country. Each individual must fill up a paper, but these papers are not the same for both sexes, as in France. There is one for males, and one for females.

Then there is a special paper for the stranger passing the night in that particular house, the said paper being, of course, different for the sexes. The head of the household, or the chief official of certain establishments, has a "cover" form, and skips also have a special census paper to fill up for men under their orders.

Still further variety is given by printing the forms on paper of different colours.

The taking of the census in Switzerland is carried out on lines similar to the French; there are individual bulletins and

### A FAMILY ENVELOPE.

The people are required to give information concerning their chief and accessory occupation. In the preceding census, they were asked to say whether their employment was remunerative, but this question has been abandoned because of the grave doubts of the individual on this subject, and a great difference of opinion about the meaning of "remunerative."

Portuguese are content to supply one form for each family to be filled up as usual by the head of the household. The head officials of the ports have to take the census of the ships anchored in the ports on the night of the day on which the papers are delivered, and of those vessels which arrive during the next day, if they have been navigating Portuguese waters during the night.

As the educational condition is not all that could be desired, the census agent is instructed to fill up the pa-

per however, several honourable and remunerative appointments, which King Edward VII. will cling to as tenaciously as his mother. He has the privilege of appointing six trumpeters, who draw pay at the rate of £750 a year and are given quarters in the barracks at Windsor, with their families. These appointments are not hereditary and the late Queen used them to reward soldiers who had distinguished themselves by extraordinary gallantry.

One of the most desirable posts at Windsor Castle is that of the King's limner, who in ancient times decorated books and manuscripts with initial letters and who now prepares the parchment commissions when his Majesty is pleased to confer knighthood or some other honour upon one of his subjects. The gentleman who now fills the post has extraordinary skill with the pen and brush and his diplomas and certificates were greatly admired for their exquisite taste and

### SKILLFUL EXECUTION.

He receives a salary of \$2,500 a year. The clockmaker at Windsor Castle receives the same compensation and it is his business to keep all the time pieces in repair. The historiographer who is supposed to keep a record of events, holds a hereditary office, with a salary of \$2,500 a year. The master of music, Sir Walter Parrett, the famous organist, receives \$1,500 and arranges concerts for his Majesty's diversion. The surveyor of pictures is paid \$1,500, the librarian, who by the way, is Richard R. Holmes an eminent author, receives \$2,500, the examiner of plays \$1,600, the keeper of the swans is paid \$300 and the barge master, who looks after the boats used by the royal family at Windsor, has a similar compensation.

An ancient supernumerary is the page of the pipe, who also holds a hereditary office which dates back to the time of Charles II. That merry monarch acquired the tobacco habit from some of his Virginia colonists, and required a page, who was paid a salary of \$500 a year to keep his smoking apparatus in order. In a moment of generosity his Majesty made the appointment permanent. Until 1765 the honour was held by the Duke of Grafton, who got hard up and sold it to a merchant named Harrison. As Queen Victoria did not smoke, the office was a sinecure, but the descendants are entitled to the privilege of entering the presence of their sovereign at any time.

### PAWNING THE ENGLISH CROWN.

At least four times the Crown of England has been in pawn, Henry III. and Henry V., Edward III., and Richard II. all resorted to this means of raising money. The merchants of Flanders once had possession of the Crown, the City of London held it as security for £2,000, and it was pledged at another time for £20,000. Edward III. disposed of it to the Bishop of Winchester for £13,500, and Charles II. would have used the Crown as a personal asset if he had been able to turn it into money.

### DECREASE IN BIRTH-RATE.

According to the report of the Registrar-General, the birth-rate in England and Wales in 1900 was 28.9 per thousand of the population, which is lower than that in any other year on record; compared with the average in the ten years 1890-99 the birth-rate in 1899 shows a decrease 1.2 per thousand. The population of the United Kingdom was estimated in 1900 as 40,921,371 persons. Urban areas showed an average death-rate of 17.0, while the rural districts lost but 14.6 per thousand.

extravagant pleasure-trip on record belongs to the late Shah of Persia, Nasr-ed-Deen, who in 1873 managed to spend nearly two millions sterling while on a jaunt through Europe. Of this enormous sum, however, more than one-half was lavished on articles of ornament or use—especially jewelry. The Shah left Teheran on April 19th, and reached St. Petersburg on May 22nd, travelling thence by way of Berlin and Brussels to London. "Have you seen the Shah?" became the favourite catch-phrase of the day. He visited Windsor, and received the Garter at the hands of

### QUEEN VICTORIA IN PERSON.

and afterwards proceeded, via Paris, Turin, Vienna, and Constantinople, to Teheran, which he reached on September 23rd, after an absence of just over six months. In 1878, and again in 1889, the Shah made a similar trip, but his advent failed to create anything like the furore of curiosity and excitement occasioned by his first visit.

Contrast this with the trip taken in 1883 by King David Kalakaua, Sovereign of the Sandwich Islands. This was probably the least expensive Royal tour known to history. His Majesty sailed for Europe with £250 in gold—all he could muster—in his pocket, and a Gladstone bag. He visited Rome, and was received in State by the Pope, stayed a week in Paris, spent ten days in London, journeyed to Windsor, and was presented to the Queen, and arrived back in his capital, Honolulu, with £80 of his original £250 still unexpended.

In 1867 the Sultan of Turkey, Abdul Aziz, made a progress through Europe. His personal attendants numbered over a thousand. Thirteen special trains carried his baggage. Wherever he went he showered money like water. At Paris he spent £100,000 in a single afternoon's shopping. Invited by Lord Mayor to a ball at the New India House, he came in a uniform that simply blazed with diamonds of the largest size and purest water, and on leaving handed his host, through his chamberlain,

### A SUM OF £2,500

for distribution amongst the poor of London.

The "grand tour" made by the present Czar of Russia in 1890-1—he was then, of course, the Czarevitch—is chiefly remarkable for the attack which was made upon him at Otsu, in Japan, by a political fanatic. The would-be assassin, who had been an officer in the Japanese Army, aimed a terrific blow at the young Prince Nicholas with a two-handed, double-edged sword as he sat in his box in the theatre, and would undoubtedly have killed him but for the intervention of his cousin and travelling companion, Prince George of Greece, who succeeded in partially warding off the blow with his walking-stick. As it was the Czarevitch received a nasty wound on the head, from the effects of which it is said he still occasionally suffers. Nevertheless, after a short rest, he resumed his journey, and finished by travelling right across Siberia to Moscow, no light undertaking in those pre-railway days. A modest £180,000 was the cost of this very extended trip. In October and November, 1898, the Emperor and Empress of Germany paid a State visit to the Sultan of Turkey, remaining some time in Constantinople as the

### GUEST OF ABDUL HAMID.

Thence they went to Jerusalem, which much to the Kaiser's annoyance, had been decorated and whitewashed in honour of their visit. He should have returned via Cairo and Alexandria, but the discovery in the former city of some dynamite bombs, with which certain international Anarchists had plotted to put a premature end at once to the Emperor's tour and his life, brought about the abandonment of this portion of the itinerary.



## ON THE FARM.

### PLAYED OUT LANDS.

There are lands in this country that are already regarded, and with much show of truth, as played out. But is this really the fact? These same lands if subjected to chemical analysis would show lots of dormant plant food, and when our farming skill is equal to the skill of that chemist we will be able to bring that dormant food into active use as fast as we need it. Our business is to cultivate so that plant food can be made available just when the plant needs it, not before or after. By skilled cultivation, what is called the mechanical condition of the soil can be greatly improved, and that in combination with intelligent manuring will fit the soil for all the duty we can properly lay upon it. Cut and run farming is frowned on by nature, and that is only another name for nature's God.

### MIXING CHEMICAL FERTILIZERS.

Chemicals can be mixed together and used without any material for dilution, writes Mr. J. W. Sanborn. In years of their use for all crops and under all conditions I have in no case used any dilutant. It is not advisable to use them in large amounts in the hill unless they are thinly spread. The practice of using large quantities in the hill in any event is one not to be commended, so that little danger exists in their use alone when wisely or lightly used. Nitrate of soda and muriate of potash are not safe materials to use in the hill, as it is found that these materials in the early stages of plant growth, when in excess, tend to retard growth.

It is my custom to use half and half quantities of yard manure, and chemicals, and for corn to spread the chemicals broadcast when used to the amount of 500 lbs to the acre. This system may not give the corn so quick a start, but it calls the roots out and feeds them well for the final crop and succeeds.

### GET OUT OF RUTS.

This subject when applied to agriculture is an important one and needs to be well considered by farmers at the present day, writes a correspondent. Too many are still following the same old paths that their grandfathers trod. Perhaps the most common of these ruts is the neglect of taking agricultural papers. We have known many farmers to say that they cannot afford to take an agricultural paper, and should they already have such a paper and feel a little poor, they invariably step it as the first step toward economy, fully believing that they can get along better without the paper than any other thing. Let me say to all such farmers that this is the greatest mistake that is possible for you to make. Do we not find all of our best farmers, merchants, mechanics, manufacturers and tradespeople of all kinds patronize papers that advocate their interests, while we find far too many farmers who pass by our best agricultural papers and patronize the story papers that are not worth the ink and paper upon which they are printed.

Dickens once said that the portion of the farmer's estate which pays the best for cultivation is that which lies

like a cement floor. The objections to cement are that it is cold and slippery. The way to get around the first objection is to bed the cattle liberally and the second to roughen the last coat of cement before it has set. This will prevent slipping. Provide three or four box stalls in every barn.

Ventilation of the stable should be sufficient to carry out all moisture. The tube suggested by Prof. King is undoubtedly the most practical. These tubes must be tight, else they will not cause circulation of air. They should be so arranged that the air will come in just below the eaves, be carried up into the rafters and allowed to settle toward the bottom, becoming partially warm before it reaches the cows. The in-take tubes should be sufficiently numerous to provide a 5-inch tube for each cow.

### SPRING GUSTS.

#### Odds and Ends From the World's Four Corners.

A goat lives 10 years and gives a quart of milk a day.

154 out of every 10,000 convicts are usually in hospital.

The Amazon has exactly 103 times as much water as the Thames.

In Spanish bull-rings 2,375 bulls are killed yearly, and 3,651 horses.

The average depth of peat is 12 feet, yielding 12,000 tons to the acre.

A captain in the English Army gets £212 a year, in the French £120 only.

It takes 6 tons of pinewood to make a ton of charcoal, but only 4 of oak.

Austria's colonies equal one-tenth of her area. Great Britain's are 97 times hers.

The population of the British Empire is 26 per 100 of the population of the world.

When slavery was abolished in the United States in 1860, 3,979,000 negroes were set free.

Out of 1,614 people inoculated last year in Paris for hydrophobia there were only four deaths.

A smart brickmaker can make 4,000 bricks a day. A 16-horse power machine makes 30,000 in the same time.

There are 1,050 Swiss hotels, capable of accommodating 60,000 visitors, and employing 19,000 servants.

Greece was the last of European Powers to adopt the railway. As late as 1880 there were but 7 miles in the country.

The population of Greece has risen from 690,000 in 1835 to 2 1-4 million at present, a record for any European country.

Leeds, Sheffield, and Blackburn, with only 17 people to the acre, are the least crowded towns in the United Kingdom.

The railway steam-power and sea steam-power of Great Britain are practically the same, each a little under four million horse-power.

The world's coinage, taking that minted during the last 40 years, consists of 1,227 millions sterling of gold and 793 millions of silver.

160,000 Austrians and 196,000 Italians are always at work in silk factories. England has but 50,000 silk operatives, against 117,000 in 1857.

British trade unions pay £1,100,000 to operatives who are ill, and £2,000,000 to those who are out of work £300,000 is the average payment to those on strike.

Of every 1,000 square miles of earth's surface Russia, without colonies, owns 166 1-2 to Great Britain's 2 3-10th. With colonies, Great Britain owns 228 4-5th miles to Russia's 168 2-5th. France comes third, with 75 9-10th square miles.

### DINING IN CHINA.

## HOUSEHOLD.

### SOME GOOD RECIPES.

**Boiled Indian Pudding**—Stir one pint milk and one pint warm molasses together. Gradually add to this mixture 4 beaten eggs. Then add one pound beef suet chopped fine, and enough Indian meal to make a thick batter. Beat in a teaspoon ground cinnamon, one-half teaspoon grated nutmeg, and a little grated lemon peel. One-third cup seeded raisins may be added if desired. Dip a clean white cloth or pudding-bag into boiling water, shake, flour a little, turn into it the mixture, tie up, leaving room to swell and boil for three hours. Serve hot with butter sauce made as follows: Beat one-half cup butter to a cream, add one cup sugar and beat until very light. Flavour with nutmeg.

**Potato Custard**—Boil and mash three large potatoes. Beat up one-half cup sugar, four eggs, one quart milk, one teaspoon salt, two teaspoons melted butter and one-half grated nutmeg. Strain all through a colander and make as milk custard.

**Roast Sparerib**—Place in the dripping pan with the hollow side up, sprinkle with pepper and salt, put a little water in the pan and bake until about half done, then turn over, sprinkle with pepper and salt as before and finish roasting. Take from the pan onto the platter, the side up, permost during the last part of the cooking being uppermost on the platter. Make a gravy to serve with it from the broth in the pan thickened with a little flour wet in a little cold water. If you wish to give it an extra finish, make a dressing as for stuffing a chicken and spread over the meat about half an hour before you take from the oven. This piece should bake from two to three hours, according to size of piece and age of animal.

**Salmon Salad**—Cut fine two onions, a small carrot, a small head of celery and one-half cup parsley. Add two tablespoons butter and one teaspoon prepared mustard. Let these simmer for 15 minutes in just enough water to prevent scorching. Then add one cup vinegar, salt to taste, a pinch of cloves, the same of cayenne pepper, and one cup water. Put into the salmon, canned may be used, and simmer until tender. Remove from fire and set away until cold. Before serving, remove the salmon, strain some of the dressing through a fine sieve, and add this to the fish. Garnish with lettuce leaves and serve.

**Butter Scotch**—Two tablespoons molasses, two tablespoons sugar, two tablespoons water and one large tablespoon butter. Cook until mixture hardens in water.

**To Cure Hams and Shoulders**—When smoking, hang with leg down, contrary to custom. The liquid can then drip out of marrow and from around the bone, and the meat will not become so rancid.

**Dried Apple Pie**—To one cup dried apples cooked and put through a colander, add one cup sweet milk, one well-beaten egg, one-half cup sugar, one tablespoon flour and a little butter. Put over fire and cook until it thickens. Bake with one crust, in a moderate oven.

### HANGING A PICTURE.

cept for the very diaphanous ones, tucks, it is said, are to be gated to second place.

Every sort of lace collar is in demand, from the imitation affair to the real lace beauty at \$100.

It's as necessary to have sufficient flare round the foot of a skirt as to have under ruffles enough to it out.

Any back that has no middle is called an automobile.

A tucked flounce is not necessarily tucked solidly. It may be in clu

Long shoulder effects are the result of deep collars or other ming.

### INDIAN COTTON TRADE.

#### Development of the Industry Through British Trade.

The development of cotton manufactures in India is beginning a serious matter for the Lancashire cotton industry. According to Richard Temple, a leading authority on India, the Indian output is planting the Manchester produce a large extent. This is due to introduction of machinery, brought about by competition and the natural development of India's resources. In former times a great deal of cotton and jute in a raw state was taken to England for manufacture, but under the new order of things cotton and jute goods are sent to foreign countries, where they can compete directly with the trade that England has built up at the expense of time and money. The jute mills have been built more largely in Calcutta and in Bengal. They employ 100,000 men, and the exports total 100,000 annually. The product is sent in large quantities to the United States, Great Britain, and Austria to the considerable detriment of the great industry in the Mother Country. Cotton manufacturers have remarkable progress. Bombay is the greatest centre of manufacture its mills are operating 3,500,000 spindles and 25,000 looms. In all there are in operation 4,728,000 spindles, and 83,000 looms, an increase of 20 years' for spindles of 221 per cent and of looms 189 per cent. Last year they consumed 1,641,000 bales of cotton. The Indian mills are comparatively near the great China market. China is one of the largest consumers of cotton yarn in the world. Year Indian mills supplied her cotton yarn valued at \$30,000,000 the trade is increasing annually though India does not yet manufacture the finer grades of cotton goods her coarse fabrics are becoming more popular. Now she sells 600,000 worth of coarse cotton yarn, mostly to markets where she has the special advantage of comparative proximity. This industry is not only to be of supreme moment to the Orient. But even this fact demands serious attention from manufacturers of Great Britain, otherwise they will lose the supremacy, until a few years ago dominated and almost monopolized the cotton trade in the Far East.

### STRONG FRENCH-CANADIAN

#### A Five-Year-Old Boy Who Is Able to Three Times His Own Weight.

That French-Canadians are no inferior to other people in physical strength and endurance is shown by the remarkable number of strong men they have produced in recent years. Some of their feats of strength have been phenomenal and have earned for them wide celebrity.

Probably most notable among

they can get along better without the paper than any other thing. Let me say to all such farmers that this is the greatest mistake that is possible for you to make. Do we not find all of our best farmers, merchants, mechanics, manufacturers and tradespeople of all kinds patronize papers that advocate their interests, while we find far too many farmers who pass by our best agricultural papers and patronize the story papers that are not worth the ink and paper upon which they are printed.

Dickens once said that the portion of the farmer's estate which pays the best for cultivation is that which lies between the ring fence of his own skull; and we fully believe that many of us do desire in the end the greatest profit from the cultivation of our minds, and if we are to succeed agriculturally we must post ourselves as best we can in those branches relating to business farming.

Another rut is this: Thinking that children do not need education. Some think that if their boys and girls are to become farmers and farmers' wives they will not need to be educated above their parents. Another rut is the desire to possess all the land that joins their domain. They often spend all of the best of their lives in the struggle for more land, and thus deny themselves comforts only to find themselves land poor after all these years of toil and strife, and when old and infirm they are burdened with cares and taxes. It is foolish to say that we like hard work and plain living, for, if we do, it is certain proof that we cannot do better. Our children do not like it, and will not stand the treatment if they can do any better.

There is, we believe, but one way that will ever get us out of these old ruts, and that is the lever of knowledge. We should be schooled to that point whereby we may be induced to leave these old ruts behind as things of the past, and adopt newer and more practical methods. We do not advocate farming by books wholly. But let us have sense enough to hold fast to their good. Also to realize that this is an age of improvement in agriculture as well as in other trades and professions, and to this end let us ever be seeking for better methods.

#### STABLE SANITATION.

The three essentials in building a cow stable are light, temperature and ventilation, says a writer. Stables built north and south and provided with plenty of windows will receive sun nearly all day. This is important, as sunlight is the best germicide known. Build the barns so that the direct rays can get in. Otherwise it will be impossible to keep the stable in best condition. Of course a large amount of window surface means a cold stable. This can be avoided by using double windows or hanging curtains inside the single windows, which practically amounts to double windows. The temperature of the cow stable must be kept uniform. I used to think that a temperature of 50 deg. was about right, but now I keep my stables from 54 to 60 deg. I know this is high, but I believe we get better results than from a lower temperature. Don't build a stable too high, as the higher the ceiling, the more difficult to keep the barn warm and to keep the cows from taking cold. I have figured out that 500 cu. ft. of air space for each animal is sufficient. My own stable is 36 ft. wide and about 90 ft. long. It contains stalls 31-2 ft wide placed so that the heads of the cattle are toward the wall. This makes cleaning less laborious and in every way I like this arrangement better than having the heads toward the middle of the building.

In making floors for cow stables I

stark operatives, against 117,000 in 1837.

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#### DINING IN CHINA.

##### The Curious Formula Observed at a Chinese Dinner.

A writer in Blackwood says that when the guests arrive at a Chinese dinner, there is due presentation, with a constant interchange of courtesies. This is the formula usually observed at first meetings:

"Your honorable name is—?"

"My obscure patronymic is Hu. You have not honored me with yours."

"My insignificant appellation is Ma. Your palace is situated—?"

"My wretched hovel is in the Bamboo Bough Alley."

If the other man wears a mustache, a token of maturity, the next question is:

"What may be your honorable old age?"

But if the stranger is clean-shaven and therefore below forty, another formula is used.

"Alas!" he replies, "I have wasted thirty-nine years."

When the number of guests is complete, there ensues a tremendous encounter of good manners. Although the question of precedence is all settled beforehand, each man must simulate an immovable determination to accept only the lowest place until he is promoted by the host's "Friend, go up higher."

The table is already laid with an imposing show. There is the regulation number of regulation dishes, marshaled in regulation order; quaint porcelain stands filled with slices of oranges, pears, or cold goose; towers of purple quince jelly, grapes or shredded chicken-breast; saucers of shrimps salted in their skins, and the famous eggs, preserved for years in lime and served, sliced in beds of brown jelly. Hot wine of various brands is offered throughout in small cups.

When all are seated and ready for the fray, the host raises his cup and says:

"Let us drink."

The guests reply:

"Thanks! Thanks!"

Then they fall to, with chop-sticks, picking now from one dish, now from another, in piquant contrast of sweet, sour and salt.

#### NOW THEY NEVER SPEAK.

Mr. Parkslop—When a lady tells me it is her birthday, and I know she is past 35 I find it is best to change the subject, instead of asking her how old she is.

Miss Babylon—What a coincidence, your speaking of it! This happens to be my birthday.

Mr. Parkslop quickly—Oh, indeed! What lovely weather we are having?

#### A HEARTLESS MAN.

Jester: "Old Squeezit has agreed that after his death his body shall be turned over to the university in the interests of science."

Jimson: Interests of science?

Jester: Yes, all Squeezit's relatives have insisted that he had no heart; the doctors are going to find out.

smoking, hang with leg down,—contrary to custom. The liquid can then drip out of marrow and from around the bone, and the meat will not become so rancid.

Dried Apple Pie—To one cup dried apples cooked and put through a colander, add one cup sweet milk, one well-beaten egg, one-half cup sugar, one tablespoon flour and a little butter. Put over fire and cook until it thickens. Bake with one crust, in a moderate oven.

#### HANGING A PICTURE.

By hanging pictures low the apparent height of the room is increased. In halls hang strong photographs, engravings and drawings in black and white.

A picture should not be hung from one nail. Two hooks and two vertical cords, or, what is far more safe pieces of wire cordage, should be used instead of the single cord.

Picture cords should be as near the color of the wall upon which they are put as possible. The centre of the picture, as a rule, should not be much above the level of the eye.

#### A CHILD'S QUESTIONS.

We never know what part of the day's experience will register itself indelibly upon the little child's brain. A parent lets no single opportunity pass of implanting useful ideas. And what he says to-day he may have to repeat to-morrow in another form. No matter; it is by adding bit to bit that the idea finally grows solid in the little one's mind. In the midst of hurried and absorbing occupations we should pause an instant to answer a searching question; not in roundabout, careless fashion, but in a manner that will enable the child to carry on the train of thought for himself.

#### KITCHEN THOUGHTS.

Beware of the frying pan.

Consider a properly-cooked piece of meat a more artistic achievement than all the "icings" in the world.

Remember that the lobster is a scavenger.

Never forget the virtues of green vegetables.

Don't forget that even though foods be put up attractively they are likely to be villainous from the digestive standpoint.

See that the ubiquitous potato is roasted rather than boiled.

Convince yourself that "devil" and "croquetting" are bores save for utilizing first-class left-overs. Why make a good, wholesome chicken masquerade as a set of paper weights when she's at her best?

Don't cook vegetables in so much water that all the good goes down the waste pipe. And don't cook them so fiercely that flavor, color and form is bounced out of them.

#### IN SHOPLAND.

All bishop sleeves for shirtwaists have narrow bandlike cuffs, so the link cuff buttons may be laid away.

Mercerized linens are the top-notch of the mode for the coming shirtwaist.

Chiffon, net and point d'esprit fichus are to be more worn this coming summer than last, but sailor collars and revers will be quite passe.

Polka dots and hemstitching are prominent features of the latest neckwear.

It is prophesied that straps will be the favored shirtwaist garniture of the season, and next the perfectly plain design will be the vogue. Ex-

con trade in the far East.

#### STRONG FRENCH-CANADIA

##### A Five-Year-Old Boy Who Is Able Three Times His Own Weight

That French-Canadians are superior to other people in physical strength and endurance is shown the remarkable number of men they have produced in years. Some of their feats of strength have been phenomenal and have led for them wide celebrity.

Probably most notable among is Louis Cyr, a French-Canadian living in Montreal, who now, at the age of 37, has retired from active life, quishing his title of champion, world which he held for many years to Horace Barre, another French-Canadian. Among his most remarkable feats were raising 273 1-2 pound his head with a single hand; a bar weighing 647 pounds with two hands above his head, touching his body; holding at length 104 pounds; placing a filled with water weighing 433 on his shoulders, without using knees or his right hand; raising the eggground with a single finger pounds. His most extraordinary was to raise on his back the end weight of 8,655 pounds. He is well preserved, but has decided for the future.

Horace Barre who has taken title of champion strong man young French-Canadian only 2 old. One of his feats is to raise each hand at arm's length 240 pounds.

Besides Cyr and Barre there many other French-Canadians have displayed great strength. Simard, one of them, has a son, only 5 years of age and only thirty-five pounds, but can raise three times his own weight; with hands he can raise 155 pounds with one hand he raises ninety pounds.

#### READY FOR EMERGENCY

##### The Amir of Afghanistan Is Ready for War.

It is always best to be prepared anything that may happen. seems to be the creed of the Amir of Afghanistan, for in his book "Life of Abdur Rahman, Amir of Afghanistan," he says:

"I am always as ready as a man on the march to a battle, in such manner that I could start with lay in case of emergency. pockets of my coats and trousers always filled with loaded revolvers and one or two loaves of bread one day's food. This bread is eaten every day.

"Several guns and swords always lying by the side of my bed on the chair on which I am seated in reach of my hand, and my horses are always kept ready in my office, not only for myself but for all my courtiers and personal attendants.

"I have also ordered that a considerable number of gold coins be sewn into the saddles of my horses when required for a journey and on both sides of the saddle two revolvers. I think it is necessary in such a warlike country the sovereign, and especially the reign who is a soldier himself, always be as well prepared for emergency as a soldier on the field of battle. Although my country perhaps, more peaceful and safe than many other countries, one can be too cautious or too well prepared."



for the very diaphanous lace, tucks, it is said, are to be relegated to second place. Every sort of lace collar is in demand, from the imitation affair at \$1 to real lace beauty at \$100. It is as necessary to have sufficient around the foot of a skirt as it is to have under ruffles enough to hold it. A back that has no middle seam killed an automobile. A tucked flounce is not necessarily edged solidly. It may be in clusters. Shoulder effects are the re- of deep collars or other trim-

## INDIAN COTTON TRADE.

### Development of the Industry Threatens British Trade.

The development of cotton man- ures in India is beginning to be a serious matter for the Lancashire industry. According to Sir Ard Temple, a leading authority in India, the Indian output is sup- plying the Manchester product to a large extent. This is due to the introduction of machinery, brought in by competition and the nat- ural development of India's resources. Former times a great deal of cot- ton and jute in a raw state was sent to England for manufacture, but un- der the new order of things cotton and jute goods are sent to foreign countries, where they can compete di- rectly with the trade that England built up at the expense of much money. The jute mills have been built more largely in Calcutta, in Bengal. They employ about 100 men, and the exports total \$20- 00 annually. The product is sent in large quantities to the United States, Great Britain, and Australia, a considerable detriment of this industry in the Mother Coun- try. Cotton manufacturers have had ir- regular progress. Bombay is the central centre of manufacture, and mills are operating 3,500,000 spin- nings and 25,000 looms. In all India there are in operation 4,728,000 spin- nings and 83,000 looms, an increase in spindles of 221 per cent. of looms 189 per cent. Last year consumed 1,641,000 bales of raw cotton. The Indian mills are com- petitively near the great China mar- ket. China is one of the largest buy- ers of cotton yarn in the world. Last Indian mills supplied her with yarn valued at \$33,000,000, and trade is increasing annually. Al- though India does not yet manufac- ture the finer grades of cotton goods, coarse fabrics are becoming more popular. Now she sells \$15- 00 worth of coarse cotton annu- ally to markets where she has special advantage of comparative cheapness. This industry is not like- ly to be of supreme moment outside of India. But even this fact de- mands serious attention from the manufacturers of Great Britain, other- wise they will lose the supremacy in cotton, until a few years ago domi- nant and almost monopolized the cot- ton trade in the Far East.

## STRONG FRENCH-CANADIANS.

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## A LEGACY FOR THE QUEEN

### \$2,500,000 GIVEN TO HER BY JOHN CAMDEN NEILD.

That Eccentric Gentleman Who Left His Fortune to the Late Sovereign of Britain—We Did Not Have any Relatives.

Included in the vast fortune left by the late Queen Victoria was a legacy amounting to about \$2,500,000 which was willed to her by John Camden Neild, an eccentric old gentleman of Buckinghamshire, almost half a cen- tury ago. The vast estate must have increased in value to more than \$5- 000,000 by the time of her death. This is perhaps the most remarkable in- stance on record of a great fortune being conferred on a Queen by a man whom she had probably never seen nor spoken to, and the man who gave it was every whit as remarkable.

Neild was a man of education, though he had many eccentricities. It is said that he would always superin- tend any work that was being done for him, no matter how much incon- venience it put him to, to make sure the workmen did not cheat him by their idleness. He refused to have his clothes brushed, because, he said, it destroyed the nap. When Neild came into possession of his father's fortune he developed symptoms of miserliness, though from time to time he performed acts of charity.

### ONLY A FEW OTHER LEGACIES.

In 1852, at Neild's death, it was found by his will that, with the exception of a few legacies, the whole fortune—a vast sum in those days—had been left to the Queen for her sole use. It is possible that there was some romance in Neild's early life because of which he never married; in his later years he must have been deeply impressed by the beauty of the young and lovely Queen, whose pic- tures he had seen everywhere and who was only about thirty years of age when he died.

When the Queen was notified that this fortune had been left to her she was reluctant about accepting the money. She made careful enquiry to ascertain if Neild had left any relatives, and upon finding that he had not, accepted the bequest. She in- creased the legacies of the executors by £1,000. She also conferred an an- nuity, on a Mrs. Neale, a tenant of Neild, who had saved his life when he attempted to commit suicide in 1828.

### A TABLET TO HIS MEMORY.

Another thing she did in his memory was to rebuild the chancel of North Marston church. He was the patron of the parish, and having once been asked to repair the roof of the chancel, he did it by filling up the fis- sures with strips of painted calico, saying that they would last his time. This job Queen Victoria had done properly, and she otherwise beautified the structure.

The reredos of the church bears this inscription: "This reredos and the stained glass window above it were erected by her Majesty Victoria in the eighteenth year of her reign in memory of John Camden Neild, Esq., of this parish, who died Aug. 30, 1852, aged seventy-two."

## THE GREAT NILE DAM AT ASSUAN.

### Egypt's Fertility Expected to Be Increased Greatly by the Work Under Way.

Very few people appreciate the gi- gantic nature of the irrigation works which John Aird & Son are now carry-

completed, will be submerged and partly disappear from sight for the first time in its three thousand years of existence.

The granite blocks that are being quarried for this, the first great en- gineering achievement of the twenti- eth century, bear the marks of wedges used thirty centuries ago.

## LATEST INVENTION.

### Italian Scientist Invents Automatic Re- peaters for Wireless Messages.

Emile Guarini an Italian, has in- vented an automatic repeater which is the latest development in wireless telegraphy. It seems that Guarini does not use the method usually adopted to send a message to the right station. His method entails the use of oscillators of different degrees. Two instruments meant to communi- cate with one another are fitted with oscillators of the same degree. Guarini surrounds his transmitting and re- ceiving apparatus with a metallic sheet, having a longitudinal slit. The slits of these sheaths correspond in the two stations.

The receiving "feeler" only receives rays from the side where the slit is opened. In other words, the message is aimed and fired in a certain direc- tion, as is a gun. This system, of course, can only be employed where the receiving and transmitting stations are stable. It is of no use at sea.

The electric rays fade away at a certain distance from the producing station. The world is round, and the rays spread in a straight line. The skein of concentrated rays must be bent at the curving of the earth by deviations or successive reflections, entailing further loss.

To meet this demand Guarini in- vented his machine. The repeater re- ceives the electric radiations coming from a station or relay post, gives fresh impulse to these radiators, and propels them to an extreme station or another relay post.

Admitting that 310 miles can be obtained by direct transmission, says Mr. Guarini, to compel a telegram to make the world's circuit eighty in- termediary posts would be necessary, the world's circumference being about 24,854 miles.

Every automatic repeater must be composed of a receiver, and a trans- mitter. Then a telegram to go round the world will not require more than two hours' time, the only requi- site delay proceeding from the inertia of the apparatus.

## NOT LETTING THE OPPORTUNITY GO.

A little girl and her aunt went for a walk the other day, and as they walked the aunt caught her skirt on the sharp edge of her shoe heel and tore off several inches of lace.

Will you tear it off for me, dear? she asked. I cannot mend it now.

The accommodating little girl drop- ped on her knee and for several min- utes there was a sound as of tear- ing goods—really much more tearing than was necessary to remove a piece of lace only half-an-inch wide.

Haven't you finished yet? finally asked the aunt.

Yes, said the little girl, rising wearily, I was taking all this off. I wanted enough for my doll's skirt while I was about it, and the little bit you tore wasn't enough."

## BARGAIN COUNTER REPARTEE.

It was at the bargain counter for odds and ends. The crush was terrific. Women squeezed, and elbowed, and shoved to get alongside the counter. Frequently two of them happened to pick up the same bargain at one

## THE OTHER HALF WORLD.

### INTERESTING NEWS OF TRANS- ATLANTIC DOINGS.

Incidents and Occurrences of the Old Land and Adjacent European Countries—Here, There and Everywhere.

The palace of the Imperial Chan- cellor at Berlin is to be repaired at a cost of £15,000.

The Vienna Pharmaceutical Post says that Mr. Kruger's grandfather was an apothecary in Odorf, Thuringia.

M. Adolph Spulher, a well-known naturalist, has been killed on Mont Nero, near Ventimiglia, by an acci- dent on a glacier.

It is officially announced that no cases of bubonic plague having oc- curred since March 7, Singapore has been proclaimed free from plague.

The German steamship companies did a record year's business in 1900. The China expedition brought them a net gain of thirteen millions of marks.

It appears that there is no founda- tion for the report that Baron Schott von Schottenstein, the Wur- temberg Minister of State, has com- mitted suicide.

Recent census statistics in Italy show that the proportion of popula- tion not able to read or write has decreased to 39 per cent. In 1881 it was 55 per cent.

The Bank of England corner can claim to be the busiest spot in Lon- don. No other spot can claim an average of over 700 vehicles passing it in an hour, with nearly 10,000 pas- sengers.

Serious trouble is brewing at Cape Town owing to the Moslems prevent- ing the removal of plague patients of their faith, on religious grounds. The authorities are preparing for ex- treme measures.

Notice is given by the Imperial Ottoman Embassy in London to warn manufacturers in England that the transit through Turkish territory of arms for the Persian Government is strictly and absolutely prohibited.

The Vossische Zeitung states that the Crown Prince will on April 24 enter at Bonn University, where he will study law, history, literature, nat- ural science, and languages, at- tending lectures with the other stud- ents.

Although four and a half months have elapsed since the Paris Ex- position closed, several of the foreign pavilions in the Rue des Nations are still standing. It seems that there is a slump in building materials, and no one will buy them.

A Mr. and Mrs. Martin, of Turin, recently starved themselves to death, pretending to be too poor to buy food. It was afterwards discovered that they had left behind them 5,000- 000fr. For sixty years they had lived in the utmost penury, without ever a servant.

Captain Arnold and Lieutenant Costa have arrived at Lisbon with the two Induna chiefs from Macomba, or behalf of whom the chiefs present- ed to the King of Portugal four beau- tiful ivory tusks. It was remark- ed that they seemed lost in admira- tion of the Queen.

The Berlin semi-official Nord- deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung denies that the Triple Alliance is in danger of being weakened by the withdraw- al of Italy on account of the financial difficulties of that country being con- nected with military obligations im- posed on her by the alliance.

rade in the Far East.

## STRONG FRENCH-CANADIANS.

**e-Year-Old Boy Who Is Able to Lift Three Times His Own Weight.**

French-Canadians are not inferior to other people in physical strength and endurance is shown by remarkable number of strong men they have produced in recent years. Some of their feats of strength have been phenomenal and have gained them wide celebrity. Probably most notable among them is Cyr, a French-Canadian, living in Montreal, who now, at the age of 17, has retired from active life, relinquishing his title of champion, of the 1 which he held for many years, in the Barre, another French-Canadian. Among his most remarkable feats were raising 273 1-2 pounds above his head with a single hand; raising a weight of 647 pounds with his hands above his head without touching his body; holding at arm's length 104 pounds; placing a barrel of water weighing 433 pounds on his shoulders, without using his arms or his right hand; raising from the ground with a single finger, 551 lbs. His most extraordinary feat was to raise on his back the enormous weight of 8,655 pounds. He is still preserved, but has decided to rest for the future. The Barre who has taken the title of champion strong man is a French-Canadian only 20 years old. One of his feats is to raise in his hand at arm's length 240 pounds. Besides Cyr and Barre there are other French-Canadians who have displayed great strength. Pierre, one of them, has a son who is only 5 years of age and weighs thirty-five pounds, but can raise three times his own weight; with two hands he can raise 155 pounds and with one hand he raises ninety pounds.

## READY FOR EMERGENCIES.

**Amir of Afghanistan Is Always Ready for War.**

It is always best to be prepared for anything that may happen. This is the creed of the Amir of Afghanistan, for in his book, "The Amir of Abdur Rahman, Amir of Afghanistan," he says: "I am always as ready as a soldier to march to a battle, in such a manner that I could start without delay in case of emergency. The pockets of my coats and trousers are always filled with loaded revolvers, one or two loaves of bread for my day's food. This bread is changed every day. Several guns and swords are always lying by the side of my bed, and on the hair on which I am seated, without the touch of my hand, and saddled as I am, are always kept ready in front of my office, not only for myself but for all my courtiers and personal attendants. I have also ordered that a considerable number of gold coins should always be in the saddles of my horses when required for a journey, on both sides of the saddles are loaded with revolvers. I think it is necessary in such a warlike country that the sovereign, and especially a sovereign who is a soldier himself, should always be as well prepared for an emergency as a soldier on the field of battle. Although my country is peaceful, more peaceful and safe than any other countries, one can never be too cautious or too well prepared."

inscriptions on the church bears this inscription: "This reredos and the stained glass window above it were erected by her Majesty Victoria in the eighteenth year of her reign in memory of John Camden Neild, Esq., of this parish, who died Aug. 30, 1852, aged seventy-two."

## THE GREAT NILE DAM AT ASSUAN.

**Egypt's Fertility Expected to Be Increased Greatly by the Work Under Way.**

Very few people appreciate the gigantic nature of the irrigation works which John Aird & Son are now carrying out in Egypt. The undertaking, unsurpassed in magnitude and difficulty by any similar engineering feat of modern times, is already well advanced towards completion. When complete it is hoped that thousands of miles of what is now Egyptian desert will be transformed into smiling pasture land.

At present the cultivated soil of middle and upper Egypt consists of a belt of land on either side of the river extending as far as and no farther than the line reached by the waters of the high Nile. The rest is arid, unproductive sand.

Now, the Nile waters are peculiarly rich in a sediment invaluable for agricultural purposes, and yet every year enough Nile water and soil to create several Egypts are allowed to run into the Mediterranean. It is to impound this water that a great wall of granite is being built on the southern side of the First Cataract at Assuan.

The wall stretches from the right bank of the Nile, to the left, a distance of a mile and a quarter, and, when completed, will rise ninety feet above the level of low water.

The wall is pierced by sluices. They number 180. The great steel doors with which they are provided will be worked by machinery, at once enormously powerful and yet so delicate that a child could let loose millions of gallons of this water which is to be

### EGYPT'S SALVATION.

At some periods of the year 900,000 tons of water will rush through the sluices every minute.

The dam will bottle up 1,000,000,000 tons of water; but the effect of the wall will be apparent over 144 miles of the river; in other words, a lake 144 miles long will be formed.

The cost of the scheme has been fixed at £5,000,000; but the Egyptian Government will not be asked to pay a sixpence until the work has been completed. The settling of this little bill will extend over a period of thirty years so that Egypt is getting her colossal dam on the same system as thrifty housewives get their sewing machines—the deferred payments system.

It will prove a good bargain for Egypt, for it is calculated that England is virtually making the land of the Pharaohs a present of something like £80,000,000.

In addition to the great wall at Assuan, a subsidiary dam is being built at Assiut. On the former 12,000 men are employed, the vast majority natives. They receive between three and four piastres a day, or about 5s. a week, which is twice as much as they usually earn. One pay day the money is brought in bullock on camels across the desert from the Assuan bank, and it is an interesting sight to see the patient bearers of the gold kneel down while their precious burden is distributed among the eager thousands of jabbering, happy toilers.

The stone for the great wall is being obtained from the quarries of which the Temples of Philae are believed to have been built—the unhappy Philae, which, when the dam is

completed, will be necessary to remove a piece of lace only half-an-inch wide.

Haven't you finished yet? finally asked the aunt.

Yes, said the little girl, rising wearily, I was taking all this off. I wanted enough for my doll's skirt while I was about it, and the little bit you tore wasn't enough."

## BARGAIN COUNTER REPARTEE.

It was at the bargain counter for odds and ends. The crush was terrific. Women squeezed, and elbowed, and shoved to get alongside the counter. Frequently two of them happened to pick up the same bargain at one and the same time, and then they both retained their clutch on it and looked daggers at each other, until the stronger of the two won the victory or the bargain was rent into ribbons.

A haughty matron with an imitation seal coat picked up a box, containing three cakes of soap for eight cents, at the same moment that a humble-looking little woman in a faded tan coat had fastened her grasp on the box.

I believe I was the first to take hold of this, said the matron in the imitation seal coat, freezing.

The humble-looking little woman held on for a minute, studying her antagonist. Then she slowly relaxed her hold on the box.

Well, you can have it, she said amiably. You look as if you need the soap.

## NEW PRODUCT OF MILK.

Of the new industries developed toward the close of the last century perhaps the most novel is that of the manufacture of a substance known as plasman. It is produced from milk after the butter has been extracted. The fresh milk is put in a separator, where all the cream is removed. The separated milk is then treated by a process which coagulates the proteids of the milk. The mass or substance obtained is then kneaded and dried at a temperature of 126 degrees under an atmosphere of carbonic acid gas. It is then ground into a granular powder, which is completely soluble in hot water. The German Government supply it in large quantities to the army and navy, and their Department for the Investigation of Foodstuffs for the Troops have found that one ounce of this powder is equal in nourishing and sustaining properties to three and a quarter pounds of the finest beefsteak, or to about ten or twelve pints of milk.

## ONE ON THE BISHOP.

The Protestant Bishop of Norwich, England, tells a rather good story against himself. He was walking one day through a pleasant suburb of the city, when his thoughts were interrupted by a pleading voice saying:

Oh, please, sir! will you open this gate for me?

Looking down, the Bishop saw a little girl of about eight, with a cherubic face framed in sunny curls, and he hastened to comply with the request. He held back the gate for the little maiden to pass through and as she thanked him with a smile, he asked if she was not big enough to open the garden gate herself.

Oh, yes, sir, she replied, sweetly, but you see the paint is wet, and I should have dirtied my hands.

## WORTH RE-ENGAGING.

Employer—Well, Sam, I am sorry to have been obliged to discharge you, but here is your recommendation. I have said here that you were wide-awake, industrious and a first-rate servant.

Sam—Yas, suh; thankee, suh. Yer don't think, does yer, dat yer could gimme a job yerself on dat recommendation, could yer suh?

a-servant.

Captain Arnold and Lieutenant Costa have arrived at Lisbon with the two Induna chiefs from Macomba, on behalf of whom the chiefs presented to the King of Portugal four beautiful ivory tusks. It was remarked that they seemed lost in admiration of the Queen.

The Berlin semi-official Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung denies that the Triple Alliance is in danger of being weakened by the withdrawal of Italy on account of the financial difficulties of that country being connected with military obligations imposed on her by the alliance.

A Cape Town correspondent telegraphs that the Cape Government, with the view of affording practical information to intending English agricultural settlers in Cape Colony, is sending a delegation of leading officers of the Agricultural Department to establish a bureau in London.

The Shah's son and heir is to be taught by a Jew, a fact which is the best illustration of the enlarged liberty which has within recent months been enjoyed by the followers of the ancient faith in Persia.

## CHRONOLOGICAL.

To teach a child one particular thing often proves to be a most vexatious job. The child is, as a rule, ready to say anything but the particular thing desired.

A young couple sought to impress on their little daughter's mind the names of the days of the week, a few days ago. To facilitate their work they repeated over and over again the rhyme beginning, Solomon Grundy was born on Sunday.

The little tot was finally able to repeat it fairly well. The more difficult part of the lesson then came.

Now, said the father, what day was yesterday?

Sunday, came the quick response. What day is to-day?

Monday, I dess, came the more uncertain reply.

Well, what day is to-morrow? There was no hesitancy here. "It's washday, triumphantly replied the little girl.

## LONGEST HORSE RAILWAY.

The longest horse railway in the world runs from Buenos Ayres to San Martin in the Argentine Republic, the distance being about fifty miles, and the schedule time of the trip thirteen hours. Trains leave Buenos Ayres every hour in the day and twice during the night. Every morning and evening express trains leave, carrying only baggage.

## NOT A LOVER OF BREAD.

First Hobo, looking at passing freight train.—Great heavens! Did yer leave dat hull loaf uv bread in de car?

Second Hobo—Sure!

First Hobo—Wot did yer do dat fer? Second Hobo—I promised de thrifty lady I got it from dat I'd husband it carefully an' make it go as far as possible.

## A GILT-EDGED INVESTMENT.

First Beggar—Jess listen ter dat cough o' mine! Ain't it a dandy?

Second Beggar—It's a sure money maker! If I had a cough like dat I'd capitalize it, bond it, an' water de stock!

## ACTIVITY.

First Tramp—De dog chased you, did he?

Second Tramp—You bet! For a few minutes I had to lead a purty strenuous life!



# Bargains in Clothing!

We can show you the swellest patterns, and the most up-to-date cuts in Men's and Boys' Clothing to be found in Napanee.

Boys' Fancy and Plain Tweed Suits in plaided double breasted and plain sacks: \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

Boys' all-wool imported Serge, farmer satin lined, \$4.50 and \$5.00.

Youths fancy Tweed and Serge Suits, double breasted Vests, \$4, \$5, \$6.

Men's Tweed Suits, smart patterns, single and double breasted sacks, from \$3.50 to \$11.50.

See us before ordering your spring suit. We have just what you want. We can save you money. We can hold your trade.

Call in, we are always pleased to show you.

## J. L. BOYES.

Men's Outfitter. Hats and Caps.



## THE COAL BIN

Now is the time to think about having your coal bin filled, and the cheapest coal you can get is the celebrated Soranton coal from Dafeo's. Leave your order now and have your coal promptly delivered, well screened, and be ready for the long cold winter.

Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of grain at the highest market price, and manufacturer of choice family and patent flour.

Telephone No. 14.

J. R. DAFOE,

## A BUSINESS CHANGE!

I wish to inform the citizens of Napanee and vicinity that I have purchased the

**Bakery and...  
Confectionery**

business from W. A. Embury and will be pleased to have a continuance of your trade. I have added a fresh stock of Confectionery and will keep everything up-to-date. Fresh Oysters kept constantly on hand.

**CARLETON WOODS.**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Roblin, Ont.

**JOHN POLLARD,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Express Office, Napanee  
Strictly Private and Confidential.

**JOHN ALLEN,**  
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.  
Commissioner in H. C. J.  
Conveyancer, etc.  
141/ MARLBANK.

## The Napanee Express

NAPANEE, FRIDAY, MAY 3, 1901

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 5c per line for each insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c per line each insertion.

The Famous  
**Queen..**  
Quality  
for Ladies.

A Stylish  
Street Boot.



Kibo Kid, Patent Tip.  
Welted Sole. Extension  
Edge, Medium Heel.

Exact Reproduction of this Style Shoe.

## Wilson & Bro.

Sole Agents for Napanee.

For Sale or to Rent.

Brick house with good drive house, barn and large garden with number of good fruit trees for sale or to rent. Apply to  
81/ H. GIBSON

A splendid stock of all kinds of rings, newest designs now ready for inspection at prices to satisfy you. F. Chinneck's Jewelry Store.

**CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents. R. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

**Gould's Prize Competition.**

A \$35.00 Graphophone with two dozen records of the latest in the musical line, comprising vocal solos, band selections, etc., by the best musical organizations in America. This Graphophone is offered as a prize to customers in the following way: Every customer will be entitled to one chance for every dollar purchase made at my store from this date until the 1st of May, when the competition will be closed and the person making the closest estimate will get the complete outfit. I have put a number on a card between the numbers 1 and 1000, sealed it and deposited it with responsible persons, with instructions to

## The Medical Hall

is Headquarters for

HOUSE PAINTS,  
CARRIAGE PAINTS,  
ROOF AND BARNPAINTS  
**DETLOF & WALLACE.**

## CREAMERIES, 50 Cents.

T. H. WALLER.

To Let.

That advantageously situated and comfortable brick house on East street. Apply to  
T. JAMIESON. 18

A Tie Game.

The first foot-ball game of the Bay of Quinte series was played at Deseronto on Saturday between Sydenham and Deseronto. During the first half both teams failed to score. In the second half the ball was kept pretty well near the visitor's goal, but when time was called the game resulted in a tie, neither team scoring a goal.

**CENTRAL BARBER SHOP.**

All the latest conveniences,  
Everything new and up-to-date,  
Experienced workmen.  
Give me a call.

F. S. SCOTT, Proprietor.

Judgment for the Plaintiff.

Chief Justice Falconbridge has handed out judgement in the Napanee case, which excited much interest here last week at the assizes. The plaintiff, Charles Stevens, publisher of the Napanee Star, sued Dennis H. A. Daly, wholesale tea merchant, for \$10,000 damages for wrongful seizure under a chattel mortgage which the plaintiff had given the defendant. The judgment delivered yesterday awards the plaintiff \$200 and costs.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Paste This in Your Hat.

The following are the dates in the Quinte Football League in which Napanee figures:—

May 17, Napanee at Deseronto.  
May 22, Napanee at Sydenham.  
May 30, Napanee at Picton.  
June 7, Deseronto at Napanee.  
June 12, Napanee at Mohawks.  
June 19, Mohawks at Napanee.  
June 22, Sydenham at Napanee.  
July 1, Picton at Napanee.

For whooping cough and croup, vapo-cresolene is a simple and perfect remedy.

Recommended and sold by A. W. Grange & Bro., Druggists, Napanee.

Found Dead in Bed.

Mrs. Roba Harris, an aged lady living on Pelly Hill, was found dead in her bed on Thursday morning last. Mrs. Harris was over seventy years of age, and was alone during the week, her daughter, Miss Edith Harris, teaching near Morven, being away until Friday evenings. Neighbors noticed that she was not about as usual that morning, and upon forcing entrance found her spirit had winged its flight to that better land. Three children survive: Miss Edith, a teacher; Mrs. N. B. Empey, Ottawa; and Frank, Seattle, Wash. Her husband died about twenty-five years ago. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Wanted.

Good general servant. No wages. Apply to Mrs. Jar 181/ John

Bicycles! Bicycles!

Dominion, Perfect, McBurney- and the celebrated Racycle b Guaranteed for the season and look at Boyle & Son

East End Barber Shop,  
Next to Jamieson's Bakery, form the Tichborne House.

J. N. OSBORNE, Prop.

Another Surprise.

Grinding done free every day this for all who are married in this mo producing their marriage certifies Close's mills.

JAS. A. C

Another Gold Medal!

We congratulate our young town A. G. Burrows, M.A., on his b university course. Last year he to class honors in chemistry and th medal in mineralogy. This year captured the gold medal in geolog has the unique honor of taking fir standing in three departments of s

Quarterly Meeting.

The regular Quarterly meeting Western Methodist church will be Sunday next, commencing at 10 a. the evening at 7 o'clock a Biogr Scripture and Hymn service will b ducted by the pastor. Subject, "ham." Mrs. K. C. Morton, co soloist, of the Central Methodist o Toronto, will sing Marston's "My G Father."

Queen's University Graduates.

On Saturday evening last the se Queen's University posted the list o ccessful graduates, among the numb ing the following from this vicinity: Bachelors of Divinity—W. A. Guy Camden East.

Bachelors of Arts—W. T. Brown brook; C. G. McGreer, Napanee; Gandier, Newburgh.

Geology—A. G. Burrows, M.A., nee.

Setting a Good Example.

Picton Town Council are purcha 12-ton steam roller, a rock crusher road grader to be used in making roads in the town. Something o description is needed in Napanee. year the streets were ploughed u smoothed over with a roller and very well for a time, but when the broke up and the spring rains arrive were nothing more or less than a hole. For example take mill street Robert to Richard streets, and street from Robert street west.

Prize Essays.

We glean the following from The dian Boy, a bright, newsy monthly j published in Cobourg, Ont. This p published solely in the interests o young boys of Canada, and a copy be in every home:—"Hon. G. W. R offered two valuable prizes for the essays written by members of the Brigade in Canada, as follows: Senior Boys from 14 and upwards; s "Canada as a Home"; essay to c not less than 1500 words. 2—For Boys under 14 years; subject "True lines"; essay to contain not less 1000 words. This competition is c all companies in good standing. essays are to be sent to Rev. J. Ca Tibb, Eglington, on or before Jun 1901.

Housecleaning time at hand. ( Beaters, Carpet Tacks, Tack Claus, Sweepers, Robertson's Mixed Paint perial measure and guaranteed to b at Boyle & Son

Y. M. C. A. Notes.

A class for the study and play of under the leadership of Mr. W. H. has been formed in connection wi Y. M. C. A. He is willing to devote

## A BUSINESS CHANGE!

I wish to inform the citizens of Napanee and vicinity that I have purchased the

### Bakery and... Confectionery

business from W. A. Embury and will be pleased to have a continuance of your trade. I have added a fresh stock of Confectionery and will keep everything up-to-date. Fresh Oysters kept constantly on hand.

A. G. Fairbairn.

## A TIME FOR A CHANGE.

LEVI D. WAGAR, who for the past 16 years has been in the employ of John Carson, has opened a

### FULL LINE OF HARNESS,

Whips, Sweats, Oils of all kinds, and Axle Grease. Repairing a specialty. All work guaranteed. A call solicited. Next door to the Paisley House.

Levi D. Wagar,  
PROPRIETOR.

## WE HAVE A FINE LINE OF Garden and Flower Seeds

try them.

Have just in a lot of new fancy COMBS from New York. Also a full line of FANS. Call and see them.

We are always pleased to show our goods whether you buy or not, at

J. J. PERRY  
Druggist.

### Milk Cans.

The quantity we sell is a guarantee that ours is the best. Over 100 sold already. Boyle & Son.

Now is the proper time to plant shade trees.

All the yachts in town are being put in trim for the season's sailing.

Rev. Limbert, Selby, had the misfortune to lose his horse by death one day this week.

Mr. Geo. Whittington has purchased the boiler, engine and smokestack of the James Love planing mill, Picton.

The first meeting of the cheese board for this season will be held on Wednesday next at the usual place and hour.

Mr. C. A. Anderson has added a rubber-tired phonon and two rubber-tired buggies to the rolling stock of his livery stable.

Mr. D. W. Spencer has removed his bicycle repair shop to the store formerly occupied by M. Pizzariello as a fruit store.

Quarterly services in the Methodist church, Selby, on Sunday next, May 5th, at 10.30 a.m. Official board meeting on Monday, 6th inst., at 2.30 p.m.

**LADIES.** We aim to please the Ladies with Fine Boots and Shoes, and flatter ourselves that we succeed. If you want a Good and Fancy Boot, but not a fancy price, look over our \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 lines. J. J. HAINES, 20a Late Haines & Lockett.

A \$35.00 Graphophone with two dozen records of the latest in the musical line, comprising vocal solos, band selections, etc., by the best musical organizations in America. This Graphophone is offered as a prize to customers in the following way: Every customer will be entitled to one chance for every dollar purchase made at my store from this date until the 1st of May, when the competition will be closed and the person making the closest estimate will get the complete outfit. I have put a number on a card between the numbers 1 and 1000, sealed it and deposited it with responsible persons, with instructions to open it at 12 o'clock noon on May 1st, when the winner will be notified and can carry away this valuable prize. A full and complete assortment of Groceries always in stock and sold cheaper than the cheapest. Give me a call and be convinced for yourself.

GOULD'S GROCERY,  
Near Anderson's Livery,  
Market Square.



## Proud of Them

LADIES OF TASTE AND SKILL  
RIDE THE

### Clevelands, Crecent, Hyslops AND Massey-Harris

### BICYCLES.

AND ARE PROUD OF THEM

From first to last they show their quality. They are built for easy riding and hard service. They are beauties in construction and are equal to the hard knocks any rider desires to submit them to as a test.

### They are Canadian made Wheels

and are positively the strongest and easiest running Bicycle made.

## W. J. NORMILE,

Napanee Bicycle Works.

Headquarters for Repairing  
and Enamelling.

bores noticed that she was not about as usual that morning, and upon forcing entrance found her spirit had winged its flight to that better land. Three children survive: Miss Edith, a teacher; Mrs. N. B. Empey, Ottawa; and Frank, Seattle, Wash. Her husband died about twenty-five years ago. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock.

## Children Cry for CASTORIA.

### A Quiet Wedding.

On Friday evening last, at the bride's residence, Piety Hill, the Rev. W. W. Peck officiating, Mr. Damon Clark and Mrs. Nettie Shannon were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, a number of the bride's immediate relatives and friends being present. Mr. M. Grooms was best man for Mr. Clark, and Miss Carrie Sills was bridesmaid. After the good wishes of all present had been tendered the happy couple, a few hours were spent in pleasant intercourse and refreshments were served. On Saturday the newly wedded pair left for Dakota, Mr. Clark being hurriedly summoned to attend to his business. They left accompanied by many warm wishes for their future welfare. Mr. Clark was born in this country, but removed to Dakota some years ago, where he has been very prosperous.

All kinds of dairy supplies kept in stock. Factories, furnished with all of the latest and up-to-date goods at

BOYLE & SON.

### Liquor Licenses Granted

The license commissioners of Lennox had a business meeting in Napanee last week and the following licenses were granted for the coming year: Shop—Prayn & Son, Napanee. Hotels—W. Moffatt, Campbell house; A. E. Douglas, Paisley house; H. W. Hunter, Royal hotel; J. Jennings, Market hotel; Mary Ann Wheeler, Queen's hotel; John Conger, Brisco house, Napanee; S. J. Sproule, Robert Bennett, Odessa; Norman Rikley, Daniel Snider, Bath. The application for a license at Stella, Amherst Island, was refused. There are, therefore, now four townships in Lennox, without any licenses—Amherst Island, Adolphustown, South Fredericksburgh, North Fredericksburgh. But one license is issued in Richmond and two in Ernesttown, both at Odessa.

### Business and Pleasure Combined.

The members of the Anglican congregation at Hawley met together on Monday evening last and proceeded to the residence of the Misses Hawley and presented Miss Carrie Hawley with an address, accompanied by a present of a handsome berry dish and spoon, as a slight token of appreciation of her faithful services as organist. Miss Hawley, who was entirely taken by surprise, expressed heartfelt thanks in suitable terms. The members present then resolved themselves into a vestry meeting, presided over by Rev. F. T. Dibb. The statistics of the year's work was submitted and churchwardens and other officers appointed. Cake and coffee, which Miss Hawley hospitably insisted on serving, brought a pleasant and profitable evening to a close.

No. 22 TINNED STEEL

3 1/2 Gal. Milk Cans

\$5.00.

T. H. WALLER

BEFORE YOU PAINT

SEE

DETLOF & WALLACE

AT THE MEDICAL HALL

QUALITY THE BEST.

PRICES RIGHT.

companies in good standing essays are to be sent to Rev. J. C. Tibb, Eglington, on or before 1901.

Housecleaning time at hand. Beaters, Carpet Tacks, Tack Claus Sweepers, Robertson's Mixed Pair perial measure and guaranteed to at Boyle & So

### Y. M. C. A. Notes.

A class for the study and play under the leadership of Mr. W. H. has been formed in connection with Y. M. C. A. He is willing to devote Tuesday evening to instruction game, and all young men interested are invited to attend. From on during the spring the rooms open for three evenings each week day, Thursday and Saturday. I comfortably furnished and provided games, books, magazines, etc., situated to the west of the Public room in the Harshaw block. The meeting next Thursday evening addressed by Mr. J. F. VanEvery, young men will be made very welcome of the meetings.

For No. 1 grain grinding, flour, feed and groceries go to J. H. Fitz A large stock of fresh groceries always on hand, and the best 25c tea going.

J. H. FITZPATRICK  
Dafos & Spencer's

### Public Library Books.

The following books have been this week by the Public Library, now under consideration by the public committee:

#### NAME OF BOOK.

Englishwoman's Love Letters.....  
Larks of the North.....  
Eastover Court House.....  
Sentimentalist.....  
New Way Round the World.....  
Jimmy John Ross.....  
Lally of Brigade.....  
Making of a Saint.....  
School Days and Holidays.....  
Lessons in Love.....  
Rafnaland.....  
Journey to Nature.....  
Newest England.....  
Cardinals Rose.....  
Gwynett.....  
Treasury of Canadian Verse.....  
Poems.....  
Babs the Impossible.....  
Strong as Death.....  
Consequences.....  
Influence of Christian in M. L.....  
Towards Pretoria.....  
Without Dogma.....  
Dr. North and His Friends.....  
Earning Her Way.....  
Her College Days.....  
Masters of Music.....  
Lord Lithinglow.....  
Private Life of King Edward.....  
Woman of Yesterday.....  
Nerve of Foley.....  
Dauntless.....  
Story of King Arthur.....  
Light o' Morning.....  
Napoleon.....  
On Canada's Frontier.....  
Up from Slavery.....  
Hypnotism.....  
Manners and Social Usages.....  
Survivor.....  
Seafarers.....  
House of Egremont.....  
Outsiders.....  
Samuel Boyd.....  
Gavin Hamilton.....  
Collections and Recollections.....  
John Vytal.....  
Lest We Forget.....  
How We Kept Flag Flying.....  
Mushroom Book.....  
Sir Christopher.....  
Uncle Terry.....

## CASTORI

For Infants and Childre

The fac-  
simile  
signature  
of

Chas. H. Fletcher



general servant. No washing.  
res. Apply to Mrs. Jarvis,  
John street.

1 Bicycles!  
ion, Perfect, McBurney-Beattie  
celebrated Racycle bicycles.  
ed for the season and looked after  
Boyle & Son's.

d Barber Shop,  
Jamieson's Bakery, formerly at  
orne House.

J. N. OSBORNE, Prop. 14-1f

Surprise.  
ng done free every day this month  
to are married in this month, by  
their marriage certificates, at  
ills.

JAS. A. CLOSE.

Gold Medal.  
gratulate our young townsman,  
arrows, M.A., on his brilliant  
y course. Last year he took first-  
ors in chemistry and the gold  
mineralogy. This year he has  
the gold medal in geology. He  
nique honor of taking first class  
in three departments of science.

y Meeting.  
gular Quarterly meeting of the  
Methodist church will be held on  
ext. commencing at 10 a.m. In  
ng at 7 o'clock a Biographical  
and Hymn service will be con-  
y the pastor. Subject, "Abra-  
Mrs. K. C. Morton, contraalto  
the Central Methodist church,  
will sing Marston's "My God and

University Graduates.  
aturday evening last the senate of  
University posted the list of suc-  
aduates, among the number be-  
llowing from this vicinity:  
rs of Divinity—W. A. Guy, B.A.,  
East.  
rs of Arts—W. T. Brown, Cole-  
G. McGreer, Napanee; J. C.  
Newburgh.  
—A. G. Burrows, M.A., Napa-

Good Example.  
Town Council are purchasing a  
am roller, a rock crusher and a  
er to be used in making good  
the town. Something of that  
n is needed in Napanee. Last  
streets were ploughed up and  
over with a roller and looked  
for a time, but when the winter  
and the spring rains arrive they  
ing more or less than a mud  
r example take mill street, from  
o Richard streets, and Water  
m Robert street west.

says.  
n the following from The Cana-  
a bright, new monthly journal  
in Cobourg, Ont. This paper is  
sely in the interests of the  
s of Canada, and a copy should  
y home:—"Hon. G. W. Ross has  
o valuable prizes for the best  
ritten by members of the Boys'  
n Canada, as follows: 1—For  
ys from 14 and upwards; subject  
as a Home"; essay to contain  
an 1500 words. 2—For Junior  
r 14 years; subject "True Man-  
essay to contain not less than  
s. This competition is open to  
anies in good standing. The  
e to be sent to Rev. J. Campbell  
lington, on or before June 1st,

eaning time at hand. Carpet  
arpet Tacks, Tack Claus, Carpet  
Robertson's Mixed Paints, im-  
asure and guaranteed to be pure  
Boyle & Son's.

A. Notes.  
for the study and play of chess  
leadership of Mr. W. H. Perry,  
formed in connection with the  
A. He is willing to devote each

# YOUR FULL MONEY'S WORTH!

The very best advertisement a business house can enjoy is the praise and favor of pleased and satisfied customers. And we thoroughly appreciate that fact in all our dealings with our patrons. Whatever your needs, we can fill them with satisfaction, or your money back.

We not only want to supply your present dry goods needs, but your future needs, and we have always believed and practised that the best way to do this was to give you your full money's worth NOW.

May selling promises great briskness, and we've prepared in a generous way to meet your requirements. Come in. We want to show you how much we have that you want.

## Dress Goods and Silks.

All the season's favorite weaves and colorings in Dress Good and Silks find a full expression here—nothing desirable is omitted from our stock. Pretty combinations and colorings distinctive of the Big Store abound. A visitor to this department cannot help noticing the all-round excellence of our display and the rare price reasonableness coupled with genuine merit.

New Homespun Suitings, in mixtures of Grey, Fawn and Brown, suitable for bicycle suits, separate skirts and tailor-made suits, 42 to 54 inches wide, at 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 70c \$1.00 and \$1.25 yard. Black Homespun at 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

New Black French Silk and Wool Brocades for Suits or Separate Skirts at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, and 3.00 yard.

New Black French Poplins, specially new at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, 1.25 yard. New Black and Colored Broad cloths at 75c, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00 yard.



## Winsome Wash Fabrics.

Tempting offerings abound in the wash goods department—all the new, dainty, airy designs, shades and effects so much wanted in summer. When prices are so modest and the range so attractive, buying is doubly pleasant. These hints:

FANCY STRIPED INDIA DIMITY, 30 to 36 inches wide, at per yard 20c and 25c.  
Black and Colored Organdies, at per yard 20c and 25c.  
White Organdies, at per yard 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c.  
White Swiss Spot Muslins, at per yard 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c.  
New Holly Batiste in all the pretty new designs and colorings, at per yard 25c.

### Ladies' Costumes!

Three special lines in Tailor-made costumes, the material is homespun, in light and dark greys and fawns, made in styles that possess all the up-to-date features; jacket and skirt well lined and the prices are \$9.00, \$11.00 and \$15.00

#### LADIES' RAIN COATS.

Women's Rain Coats of fine quality, made in new ulster style and with capes at \$4.50, \$5.50 and \$6.00.

#### SPRING HOUSE NEEDS.

These are some of the articles you need now to aid in refreshing up the home



New Lace Striped Gingham, one lot of six new colorings, regular 20c quality, at per yard 12½c.

New French Wool Delaines, twelve new designs and colors, 32 inches wide, at per yard 40c, 45c, and 50c.

Pretty new Foulards, seven new designs and colorings, 20c quality for 15c.

Apron Tucked Lawns 20c, 25c, 35c, 45c, and 50c yard.

Allover Tucked Lawns, 21 inches wide, at 60c and 75c.

### The Peerless Perrin.

Perrin's name on a pair of Kid Gloves is like the Sterling mark on silver. That says everything for their quality, finish and general durability. From the Big Store alone in Napanee can you buy these graceful, genteel gloves—and the prices are as pleasing to the purse as the gloves are to the wearer. Some pretty styles:—

Perrin's Helen, in black, and colors, dome fasteners, per pair 50c. Perrin's Beatrix, black, colors and white, dome fasteners, 75c.

Perrin's Adonis, black and colors, dome and lace fasteners, \$1.00.

Perrin's Bretaene, black, white and colors, dome



panies in good standing. The are to be sent to Rev. J. Campbell Aglington, on or before June 1st, cleaning time at hand. Carpet, Carpet Tacks, Tack Claus, Carpets, Robertson's Mixed Paints, measure and guaranteed to be pure Boyle & Son's.

**C. A. Notes.**  
ss for the study and play of chess leadership of Mr. W. H. Perry, n formed in connection with the J. A. He is willing to devote each evening to instruction in the and all young men interested in re invited to attend. From now ing the spring the rooms will be r three evenings each week—Thes- hursday and Saturday. They are ably furnished and provided with books, magazines, etc., and are to the west of the Public Library the Harshaw block. The weekly next Thursday evening will be ed by Mr. J. F. VanEvery, and all nen will be made very welcome at of the meetings.

No. 1 grain grinding, flour, feed, hay and groceries go to J. H. Fitzpatrick. stock of fresh groceries always on nd the best 25c tea going.  
J. H. FITZPATRICK,  
Dafoe & Spencer's old stand.

**Library Books.**

ollowing books have been received ck by the Public Library, and are der consideration by the purchasing tee:

| BOOK.                        | AUTHOR.     |
|------------------------------|-------------|
| woman's Love Letters.....    | Laurel      |
| f the North.....             | Brown       |
| ntalists.....                | Pier        |
| ay Round the World.....      | Clark       |
| John Ross.....               | Wister      |
| Brigade.....                 | McManus     |
| of a Saint.....              | Maughan     |
| Days and Holidays.....       | Cameron     |
| in Love.....                 | Trasker     |
| nd.....                      | Wilson      |
| y to Nature.....             | Mowbray     |
| England.....                 | Lloyd       |
| ls Rose.....                 | Sutphen     |
| ry.....                      | Hayes       |
| ry of Canadian Verse.....    | Rand        |
| ie Impossible.....           | McLachlan   |
| as Death.....                | Grand       |
| ences.....                   | Maupassant  |
| ce of Christian in M. L..... | Hillis      |
| is Pretoria.....             | Ralph       |
| it Dogma.....                | Stenkiewitz |
| rth and His Friends.....     | Mitchell    |
| g Her Way.....               | Johnson     |
| lege Days.....               | Johnson     |
| s of Music.....              | Chapin      |
| ithinglow.....               | Roberts     |
| Life of King Edward.....     | Mason       |
| o of Yesterday.....          | Mason       |
| of Foley.....                | Spearman    |
| ss.....                      | Martin      |
| f King Arthur.....           | Brooks      |
| Morning.....                 | Meade       |
| on.....                      | Roseberry   |
| ada's Frontier.....          | Ralph       |
| n Slavery.....               | Washington  |
| ism.....                     | Quackenboss |
| ns and Social Usages.....    | Quackenboss |
| r.....                       | Oppenheim   |
| rs.....                      | Morrison    |
| of Egremont.....             | Sewell      |
| rs.....                      | Chambers    |
| Boyd.....                    | Farjohn     |
| amilton.....                 | Seawell     |
| ons and Recollections.....   | Russell     |
| ytal.....                    | Payson      |
| e Forget.....                | Hocking     |
| e Kept Flag Flying.....      | Macdonald   |
| om Book.....                 | Marshall    |
| ristopher.....               | Goodwin     |
| Perry.....                   | Munn        |

**ASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

*Chas. H. Fletcher* is on every wrapper.

possess all the up-to-date features; jacket and skirt well lined and the prices are \$9.00, \$11.00 and \$15.00

**LADIES' RAIN COATS.**

Women's Rain Coats of fine quality, made in new ulster style and with capes at \$4.50, \$5.50 and \$6.00.

**SPRING HOUSE NEEDS.**

These are some of the articles you need now to aid in refreshing up the home to meet spring in its new garb. See how lightly they touch the pocket book when you choose them at the Big Store:—

Blinds at 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, and 75c. Curtain Poles at 25c, 35c, 50c, and 60c. Oilcloths at 25c square yard. Linoleums 45c square yard.



Napanee can you buy these graceful, genteel gloves—and the prices are as pleasing to the purse as the gloves are to the wearer. Some pretty styles:—

Perrin's Helen, in black, and colors, dome fasteners, per pair 50c. Perrin's Beatrix, black, colors and white, dome fasteners, 75c.

Perrin's Adonis, black and colors, dome and lace fasteners, \$1.00.

Perrin's Bretagne, black, white and colors, dome and lace fasteners, \$1.25.

Perrin's new Colored Suede, \$1.25.

Perrin's new Black Suede, \$1.50.



# The Big Store, Lahey & Co.

**Oddfellows Attend Church**

On Sunday afternoon last at 3 o'clock the members of Argyll Lodge No. 212, Napanee Lodge No. 86 and Mt. Ararat Encampment, I. O. O. F., turned out in a body and attended service in the Western Methodist church, it being the 82nd anniversary of the founding of Oddfellowship in America. Rev. Bro. S. T. Bartlett preached an appropriate and eloquent sermon, after which Rev. Bro. G. S. White, of Amity Lodge, Prescott, addressed the brethren for an interval of fifteen minutes. Rev. Bro. W. W. Peck was also present and assisted in the services. A number of Oddfellows from Deseronto were present.

**OBITUARY.**

TITUS B. HAN,

one of the oldest and most respected residents of Ernestown passed away at his home near Wilton on Sunday morning at the advanced age of 73 years, 7 months and 28 days. Deceased was born in the township of Ernestown, where he lived for a number of years. Later on he moved to Napanee, where he resided for over 25 years. About three years ago he moved on a farm near Wilton, where he spent the remainder of his days. Over a year ago he began to fail in health, suffering from a complication of diseases, which finally ended in death. Deceased leaves a widow and three sons to mourn his loss. The children are Foster, of Kamloops, B. C.; Charles, of Mekinock, N. D., and Ralph, of Napanee. The funeral took place from his late residence on Wednesday, the remains being interred in the Wilton cemetery.

Vanluven & Hamby shipped over 300 hogs to Hull, Que., on Wednesday.

The remains of the late Mrs. (Rev.) W. J. Young, of Tamworth, were interred in the Eastern cemetery on Wednesday.

The good people of Amherst Island will have to go thirsty this summer. The license commissioners of Lennox cut off the only license which Amherst Island enjoyed.—Whig.

The annual meeting of the Selby Epworth League was held last Friday evening. The officers elected for the ensuing year are:—President, Wm. Shaver; Secretary, Reg. Lucas; Treasurer, Miss R. Peters.

**Japanese Crumb Trays & Brushes 15c, regular price 40c., at The People's Fair.**

The will of the late John Belfour, Bath, was filed for probate in the Court House at Ottawa on Monday. The estate is valued at \$26,000. The executors are J. H. Madden, Napanee, and Percy Belfour, Addison, Ont.

During the week commencing May 6th, Mr. J. F. Smith has made arrangements to serve the delicious beverage "Ross High-Grade Ceylon Tea" at his store, free. All are cordially invited to call and sample this Oriental exhibit.

To-day is Arbor day.

Mrs. Waddell, widow of the late Wm. Waddell, Westplain, died on Sunday morning, aged 69 years. Deceased was well and favorably known in Richmond and Napanee. The funeral took place on Tuesday and was largely attended.

Now is the time for householders to clean up their front and back yards. Napanee has a splendid reputation for cleanliness in this regard and citizens generally should see that the town's reputation is maintained this year.

**WEARERS.** Our Working Boots for Men and Women are wearers. They are not made up with shoddy leather. That's why.

J. J. HAINES,  
Late Haines & Lockett.

20a

Master Frank, son of Mr. D. Henwood, met with a very painful accident on Saturday last, while overhauling a revolver. In letting the hammer down with his thumb it slipped and the revolver went off, the ball entering the second finger of his left hand, above the second joint.

A letter was received this week from Arthur Bennett, who left Napanee over a year ago to join the Halifax garrison. He is now a member of Baden-Powell's police force, having joined the Canadian contingent when they sailed from Halifax. Robt. Russell, a former clerk with Hinch & Co., is also a member of the force.

**WHAT CONSTITUTES A FIRST-CLASS TAILORING HOUSE**

1st—Keeping a large assortment of high-class Seasonable Suitings.

2nd—A Cutter who thoroughly understands all branches of his trade.

3rd—Experienced finishers whose work can be relied upon

4th—Courtesy, exactness and promptness.

Give me a trial.

**J. A. Cathro,**  
Fine Tailoring,  
Dundas St., Napanee, Ont.

**RINGS RINGS RINGS**

The ring season is at hand our Stock is large.

**Diamonds, Opals, Sapphires.**

in all the newest styles. A large stock of wedding rings always on hand of our own manufacture.

**SOLD BY**  
**F. W. SMITH & BRO.,**  
NAPANEE JEWELLERY STORE

**Church of England Notes.**

**CHURCH OF S. MARY MAGDALENE**—Sunday services. Holy Communion on 1st and 3rd Sundays of the month at the midday service. On other Sundays at 8 a.m. Matins, 11 a.m. Evensong, 7 p.m.

**PARISH OF BATH AND ODESSA**—Services for Sunday, May 5th: St. John's, Bath, Matins and Holy Eucharist, 11.00 a.m.; Evensong, 7.30 p.m. St. Alban's, Odessa, Evensong, 3.00 p.m. Confirmation class at Odessa on Wednesday at 7.00 p.m., and at Bath on Friday at 4 p.m., and on Sunday at 9.45 a.m.

**PARISH OF CAMDEN**—Owing to the visitation of the Bishop of the Diocese on Sunday, May 12th, to this parish an alteration in the services will be necessary as follows: May 5th—St. Anthony, Yarker, Morning Prayer and Holy Communion, 10.30 a.m.; St. John's, Newburgh, Evening Prayer, 3 p.m.; St. Luke's, Camden East, Evening Prayer, 7 p.m. May 12th—St. Luke's, Camden East, Confirmation Sermon, Holy Communion, 10.45 a.m.; St. Anthony, Yarker, Evening Prayer, Confirmation Sermon, 3 p.m.; St. John's, Newburgh, Evening Prayer, Confirmation Sermon, 7 p.m.